

DEPARTMENTOFCOMPUTERSCIENCE&ENGINEERING

# COURSE STRUCTURE AND SYLLABUS ForUG – R20

## **B.TECH-COMPUTERSCIENCE&ENGINEERING**

(Applicable for batches admitted from 2020-2021)



JAWAHARLALNEHRUTECHNOLOGICALUNIVERSITYKAKINADA KAKINADA-533003,AndhraPradesh, India



## DEPARTMENTOFCOMPUTERSCIENCE&ENGINEERING

		IYear–I SEMESTER				
S.No	Course Code	Courses	L	Т	Р	Credits
1	HS	CommunicativeEnglish	3	0	0	3
2	BS	Mathematics- I (CalculusAndDifferentialEquations)	3	0	0	3
3	BS	AppliedPhysics	3	0	0	3
4	ES	ProgrammingforProblemSolvingusingC	3	0	0	3
5	ES	ComputerEngineeringWorkshop	1	0	4	3
6	HS	EnglishCommunicationSkillsLaboratory	0	0	3	1.5
7	BS	AppliedPhysics Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	ES	ProgrammingforProblemSolvingusingCLab	0	0	3	1.5
		TotalCredits				19.5

# COURSESTRUCTURE

		IYear-IISEMESTER				
S.No	Course Code	Courses	L	Т	Р	Credits
1	BS	Mathematics–II (LinearAlgebraAndNumericalMethods)	3	0	0	3
2	BS	AppliedChemistry	3	0	0	3
3	ES	ComputerOrganization	3	0	0	3
4	ES	PythonProgramming	3	0	0	3
5	ES	DataStructures	3	0	0	3
6	BS	AppliedChemistryLab	0	0	3	1.5
7	ES	PythonProgrammingLab	0	0	3	1.5
8	ES	Data Structures Lab	0	0	3	1.5
9	MC	Environment Science	2	0	<mark>0</mark>	<mark>0</mark>
		TotalCredits			1	19.5



## DEPARTMENTOFCOMPUTERSCIENCE&ENGINEERING

		IIYear-I SEMESTER				
S.No	Course Code	Courses	L	Т	Р	Credits
1	BS	MathematicsIII	3	0	0	3
2	CS	ObjectOrientedProgrammingthroughC++	3	0	0	3
3	CS	OperatingSystems	3	0	0	3
4	CS	SoftwareEngineering	3	0	0	3
5	CS	MathematicalFoundationsofComputerScience	3	0	0	3
6	CS	ObjectOrientedProgrammingthroughC++Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	CS	OperatingSystems Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	CS	SoftwareEngineering Lab	0	0	3	1.5
9	SO	Skilloriented Course-I ApplicationsofPython-NumPyOR 2)WebApplicationDevelopmentUsing FullStack-FrontendDevelopment-Module-I	0	0	4	2
10	MC	Constitution of India	<mark>2</mark>	<mark>0</mark>	<mark>0</mark>	0
		TotalCredits				21.5

		IIYear-IISEMESTER				
S.No	Course Code	Courses	L	Т	Р	Credits
1	BS	Probabilityand Statistics	3	0	0	3
2	CS	DatabaseManagementSystems	3	0	0	3
3	CS	FormalLanguagesandAutomataTheory	3	0	0	3
4	ES	JavaProgramming	3	0	0	3
5	HS	ManagerialEconomicsandFinancialAccountancy	3	0	0	3
6	CS	DatabaseManagement SystemsLab	0	0	2	1
7	CS	RProgrammingLab	0	1	2	2
8	ES	JavaProgramming Lab	0	0	3	1.5
9	SO	SkillOriented Course-II ApplicationsofPython-PandasOR 2)WebApplicationDevelopmentUsing FullStack-FrontendDevelopment–Module-II	0	0	4	2
	-	TotalCredits				21.5
10	Minor	OperatingSystems <sup>\$</sup>	3	0	2	3+1
11	Honors	AnycoursefromthePool, as pertheopted track	4	0	0	4

\$-IntegratedCourse



## DEPARTMENTOFCOMPUTERSCIENCE&ENGINEERING

		IIIB.Tech–ISemester				
S.No	CourseCode	Courses	Ho	ursper	week	Credits
			L	Т	Р	С
1	PC	ComputerNetworks	3	0	0	3
2	PC	DesignandAnalysisofAlgorithms	3	0	0	3
3	PC	DataWarehousingandDataMining	3	0	0	3
4	OpenElective/ Job Oriented	<b>OpenElective-I</b> OpenElectivesofferedbyotherdepartments/ Optimization in Operations Research (Joboriented course)	3	0	0	3
5	PE	Professional Elective-I Artificial Intelligence SoftwareProjectManagement Distributed Systems AdvancedUnixProgramming	3	0	0	3
6	PC	DataWarehousingandDataMiningLab	0	0	3	1.5
7	PC	ComputerNetworksLab	0	0	3	1.5
8	SO	SkillOriented Course– III 1. Animationcourse:AnimationDesignOR 2. ContinuousIntegrationandContinuous Delivery using DevOps	0	0	4	2
9	MC	EmployabilitySkills-I	<mark>2</mark>	0	<mark>0</mark>	<mark>0</mark>
10	PR	SummerInternship2 Months (Mandatory)aftersecondyear(tobe evaluated during V semester	0	0	0	1.5
		Totalcredits				21.5
11	Minor	DatabaseManagementSystems <sup>8</sup>	3	0	2	3+1
12	Honors	Anycourse fromthe Pool, as pertheopted track	4	0	0	4

\$-IntegratedCourse



# DEPARTMENTOFCOMPUTERSCIENCE&ENGINEERING

		IIIB.Tech– II Semester				
S.No	Course Code	Courses	Но	ursper v	veek	Credits
			L	Т	Р	С
1	PC	MachineLearning	3	0	0	3
2	PC	CompilerDesign	3	0	0	3
3	PC	CryptographyandNetworkSecurity	3	0	0	3
4	PE	ProfessionalElective-II 1.MobileComputing 2.BigDataAnalytics 3.ObjectOrientedAnalysisand Design 4.Network Programming	3	0	0	3
5	Open Elective /Job Oriented	<b>OpenElective-II</b> OpenElectivesofferedbyother departments/ MEANStackDevelopment( <i>JobOriented</i> )	3	0	0	3
6	PC	MachineLearningusingPythonLab	0	0	3	1.5
7	PC	CompilerDesignLab	0	0	3	1.5
8	PC	CryptographyandNetworkSecurityLab	0	0	3	1.5
9	SO	SkillOriented Course-IV 1.BigData:Spark OR 2.MEANStackTechnologies-ModuleI (HTML5,JavaScript,Node.js,Express.js and TypeScript)	0	0	4	2
10	MC MC	Employabilityskills-II	<mark>2</mark>	<mark>0</mark>	<mark>0</mark>	<mark>0</mark>
		Totalcredits				21.5
]	Industrial/I	ResearchInternship(Mandatory)2Monthsdu	ıringsı	immerv	acation	I
11	Minor	DataStructuresandAlgorithms <sup>*</sup>	3	0	2	3+1
12	Honors	Anycourse from Pool, as pertheopted track	4	0	0	4
	IVIIIO	orcourseurougn SwAYAM	-	-	-	L

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## DEPARTMENTOFCOMPUTERSCIENCE&ENGINEERING

		IVB.Tech–ISemester				
S.No	CourseCode	CourseTitle	Hou	rsperv	veek	Credits
			L	Т	Р	С
1	PE	ProfessionalElective-III1. Cloud Computing2. NeuralNetworksandSoftComputing3. Ad-hocandSensorNetworks4. Cyber Security&Forensics	3	0	0	3
2	PE	<ul> <li>ProfessionalElective-IV</li> <li>1. DeepLearningTechniques</li> <li>2. SocialNetworks&amp;SemanticWeb</li> <li>3. ComputerVision</li> <li>4. MOOCS-NPTEL/SWAYAM<sup>%</sup></li> </ul>	3	0	0	3
3	PE	ProfessionalElective-V 1.Block-ChainTechnologies 2.WirelessNetworkSecurity 3.EthicalHacking 4.MOOCS-NPTEL/SWAYAM <sup>%</sup>	3	0	0	3
4	OpenElective /JobOriented	<b>OpenElective-III</b> OpenElectivesoffered byotherdepartments/ APIandMicroservices(JobOrientedCourse)	3	0	0	3
5	OpenElective /JobOriented	<b>OpenElective-IV</b> OpenElectivesofferedbyotherdepartments/ Secure Coding Techniques (Job Oriented Course)	3	0	0	3
6	HS	UniversalHumanValues2:Understanding Harmony	3	0	0	3
7	SO	1.PYTHON:DeepLearning <b>OR</b> 2.MEANStackTechnologies-ModuleII- Angular JS andMongoDB <b>OR</b> 3.APSSDCofferedCourses	0	0	4	2
8	PR	Industrial/ResearchInternship2months (Mandatory) after third year (to be evaluatedduringVIIsemester	0	0	0	3
		Totalcredits				23
11	Minor	SoftwareEngineering <sup>\$</sup> /anyotherfromPART-B (For Minor)	3	0	2	3+1
12	Honors	Anycourse fromthe Pool,as pertheopted rack	4	0	0	4
	Minor	coursethrough SWAYAM	-	-	-	2

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% - MOOCCourse



## DEPARTMENTOFCOMPUTERSCIENCE&ENGINEERING

		IVB.Tech-IISemester				
S.No	CourseCode	CourseTitle	Hou	rsper we	ek	Credits
			L	Т	Р	С
1	Project	MajorProjectWork,Seminar Internship	-	-	-	12
		Totalcredits				12

Note:

- 1. *For integrated courses*: Theory and laboratory exams will be conducted separately, and the student concernwillget credits ifsuccessfullycompletesboththeory and laboratory. Only external exam will be conducted for Laboratory component. Credit based weightage shall be considered while awarding the grade.
- 2. *ForMOOCcourses*:Basedonthestudentsinterest,student canregisterandcompletea12week course one year in advance, by prior information to the concern.



## DEPARTMENTOFCOMPUTERSCIENCE&ENGINEERING

## SUGGESTEDCOURSESFORHONORSPROGRAM

POOL1-AI&ML	POOL2-SystemsEngineering
1. MathematicsforMachineLearning	1. InternetofThings
2. TextMiningandTimeSeriesAnalysis	2. DataCommunicationsandInformation
3. NaturalLanguageProcessing	Coding Theory
4. ReinforcementLearning	3. ServiceOriented Architectures
	4. DesignofSecureProtocols
	5. NetworkCoding
POOL 3-Information Security	POOL 4- DataScience
1 OOLo Information Security	1 DataVisualization
1. PrinciplesofCyber Security	2 StatisticalFoundationsforDataScience
2. ComputationalNumberTheory	3. MiningMassiveDataSets
3. Cryptanalysis	4. MedicalImageDataProcessing
4. EllipticCurveCryptography	
5. IntroductiontoQuantumComputing	
and Quantum Cryptography	
6. PublicKeyInfrastructureand	
Trust Management	
7. InformationSecurityAnalysisand	
Audit	
6. Cloud and IoT Security	
7. WebSecurity	
8. BlockChainArchitectureDesignand	
Use Cases	



## DEPARTMENTOFCOMPUTERSCIENCE&ENGINEERING

### SUGGESTEDCOURSESMINORENGINEERINGINCSE

#### Note:

- 1. AnyTHREEcoursesneedtobestudiedfromPART-A.
- 2. AnyONEcourseneed tobestudiedfromPART-B.
- 3. TWO, NPTELcoursesofEIGHT weekdurationcovering atotalof4credits(offeredbyCSE Department only), Student can register at anytime after the completion of II B.Tech. I Sem.
- 4. StudentscanpursuesuggestedMOOCCoursesvia NPTELfromIIB.TechIISemandonwards, by prior information to the concern.

#### **Eligibility forMinorinCSE:**

		PAF	<b>R</b> T <i>A</i>	1			
S.No	Subject	L-T-P	C	redits	Co	ourseavailable in NPTEL	NPTEL Link
1	OperatingSystems	3-0-2		4	Ope	eratingSystems	https://onlinecourses.sw ayam2.ac.in/cec21_cs20 /preview
2	DataStructuresand Algorithms	3-0-2		4	Dat Prog Stru Alg Pytl	a Structures gramming,Data actures and corithms using hon	https://onlinecourses.sw ayam2.ac.in/cec22_cs10 /preview https://onlinecourses.npt el.ac.in/noc22_cs26/pre view
3	SoftwareEngineering	3-0-2		4	Sofi Eng	tware gineering	https://onlinecourses.sw ayam2.ac.in/cec21_cs21 /preview
4	ComputerNetworks	3-0-2		4	Cor	nputerNetworks	https://onlinecourses.sw ayam2.ac.in/cec22_cs05 /preview
5	DatabaseManagement Systems	3-0-2		4	Dat Mar Sys cs5	a Base nagement tem(noc22- 1)	https://onlinecourses.npt el.ac.in/noc22_cs51/pre view
		PAF	RTI	3			
S.No	Subject	L-T-	·P	Credi	its	Course availablein NPTEL	NPTEL Link
1	ComputationalThinking	4-0-	0	4		Physicsthrough Computational Thinking	https://onlinecourses. nptel.ac.in/noc22_ph 12/preview
2	ObjectOriented Programming through JAVA	3-0-	2	4			
3	DataAnalyticsusingPython	3-0-	2	4		DataAnalytics with Python	https://onlinecourses. nptel.ac.in/noc22_cs 8/ preview
4	ArtificialIntelligence	4-0-	0	4		Artificial Intelligence: Knowledge	1. https://onlinecour ses.nptel.ac.in/no c22_cs56/previe



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				(noc22-cs02), AnIntroductionto Artificial Intelligence (noc22-cs56), AI:Constraint Satisfaction (noc22-cs06)	ses.swayam2.ac.i n/cec21_cs08/pre view
5	UnixandShellProgramming	3-0-2	4		
6	Cloud Computing	4-0-0	4	CloudComputing and Distributed Systems (noc22- cs18), Cloud computing(noc22- cs20)	<ol> <li>https://onlinecour ses.nptel.ac.in/no c22_cs18/previe w</li> <li>https://onlinecour ses.nptel.ac.in/no c22_cs20/previe w</li> </ol>



## DEPARTMENTOFCOMPUTERSCIENCE&ENGINEERING

## **OpenElectivesto beofferedby CSEforotherBranches:**

OpenElective-I:	OpenElective-II:
1. DataStructures	1. PythonProgramming
2. ObjectOrientedProgrammingthrough	2. WebTechnologies
JAVA	3. SoftComputing
3. DataBaseManagementSystems	4. Distributed Computing
4. ComputerGraphics	5. AlandML for Robotics
5. AdvancedUNIX Programming	6. ComputerNetworks
6. ComputerOrganizationandArchitecture	7. BigDataAnalytics
7. OperatingSystems	8. ComputationalTools
OpenElective-III:	OpenElective-IV:
<b>OpenElective-III:</b> 1. AITools &Techniques	<b>OpenElective-IV:</b> 1. MEANStack Technologies
<b>OpenElective-III:</b> <ol> <li>AITools &amp; Techniques</li> <li>ImageProcessing</li> </ol>	<b>OpenElective-IV:</b> <ol> <li>MEANStack Technologies</li> <li>DeepLearningTechniques</li> </ol>
OpenElective-III: 1. AITools &Techniques 2. ImageProcessing 3. InformationSecurity	OpenElective-IV: <ol> <li>MEANStack Technologies</li> <li>DeepLearningTechniques</li> <li>CloudcomputingwithAWS</li> </ol>
OpenElective-III:1. AITools &Techniques2. ImageProcessing3. InformationSecurity4. MobileApplicationDevelopment	OpenElective-IV:         1. MEANStack Technologies         2. DeepLearningTechniques         3. CloudcomputingwithAWS         4. BlockChainTechnologies
OpenElective-III:1. AITools & Techniques2. ImageProcessing3. InformationSecurity4. MobileApplicationDevelopment5. DataScience	OpenElective-IV:1. MEANStack Technologies2. DeepLearningTechniques3. CloudcomputingwithAWS4. BlockChainTechnologies5. Cryptography&NetworkSecurity
OpenElective-III:1. AITools & Techniques2. ImageProcessing3. InformationSecurity4. MobileApplicationDevelopment5. DataScience6. CyberSecurity	OpenElective-IV:1. MEANStack Technologies2. DeepLearningTechniques3. CloudcomputingwithAWS4. BlockChainTechnologies5. Cryptography&NetworkSecurity6. IntroductiontoMachine Learning



## DEPARTMENTOFCOMPUTERSCIENCE&ENGINEERING

Ween II Comestan		L	Т	P	С	
1 year-11 Semester		2	0	0	0	
ENVIRONMENT SCIENCE						

#### **Course Objectives:**

The objectives of the course are to impart:

- Overallunderstandingofthenaturalresources.
- Basicunderstanding of the ecosystem and its diversity.
- Acquaintanceonvariousenvironmentalchallengesinducedduetounplanned anthropogenic activities.
- Anunderstanding of the environmental impact of developmental activities.
- Awarenessonthesocialissues, environmentallegislation and global treaties.

#### UNITI

Multidisciplinary nature of Environmental Studies: Definition, Scope and Importance – Sustainability: Stockholm and Rio Summit–Global Environmental Challenges: Global warming and climate change, acid rains, ozone layer depletion, population growth and explosion, effects. Role of information technologyin environment and human health.

Ecosystems: Concept of an ecosystem. - Structure and function of an ecosystem; Producers, consumers and decomposers. - Energy flow in the ecosystem - Ecologicalsuccession. - Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids; Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of Forest ecosystem, Grassland ecosystem, Desert ecosystem, Aquatic ecosystems.

#### UNITII

NaturalResources:Naturalresourcesand associatedproblems.

Forest resources: Use and over – exploitation, deforestation – Timber extraction – Mining, dams and other effects on forest and tribal people.

Water resources: Use and over utilization of surface and ground water – Floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams – benefits and problems.

Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources.

Foodresources: World food problems, changescaused bynon-agriculture activities-effectsof modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity.

Energy resources: Growing energy needs, renewable and non-renewable energy sources use of alternate energy sources.

Land resources: Land as a resource, land degradation, Wasteland reclamation, man induced landslides, soil erosion and desertification; Role of an individual in conservation of natural resources; Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles.

### UNITIII

Biodiversity and its conservation: Definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversityclassification - Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, productive use, social-Biodiversityat national and local levels. India as a mega-diversity nation - Hot-sports of biodiversity -Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, man-wildlife conflicts. - Endangered and endemic species of India – Conservation of biodiversity: conservation of biodiversity.



#### **DEPARTMENTOFCOMPUTERSCIENCE&ENGINEERING**

#### UNITIV

Environmental Pollution: Definition, Cause, effects and control measures of Air pollution, Water pollution, Soil pollution, Noise pollution, Nuclear hazards. Role of an individual in prevention of pollution. - Pollution case studies, Sustainable Life Studies. Impact of Fire Crackers on Men and his well being.

Solid Waste Management: Sources, Classification, effects and control measures of urban and industrial solid wastes. Consumerism and waste products, Biomedical, Hazardous and e – waste management.

#### UNITV

Social Issues and the Environment: Urban problems related to energy -Water conservation, rain water harvesting-Resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns. Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions. Environmental Protection Act -Air (Prevention and ControlofPollution) Act. –Water (Prevention and controlofPollution) Act - Wildlife Protection Act -Forest Conservation Act-Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation. -Public awareness.

Environmental Management: Impact Assessment and its significance various stages of EIA, preparation of EMP and EIS, Environmental audit. Ecotourism, Green Campus – Green business and Green politics.

The student should Visit an Industry / Ecosystem and submit a report individually on any issues related to Environmental Studies course and make a power point presentation.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1) EnvironmentalStudies,K.V.S.G.MuraliKrishna,VGSPublishers, Vijayawada
- 2) EnvironmentalStudies, R. Rajagopalan, 2<sup>nd</sup>Edition, 2011, OxfordUniversityPress.
- 3) EnvironmentalStudies, P. N. Palanisamy, P. Manikandan, A. Geetha, and K. Manjula Rani; Pearson Education, Chennai

#### **ReferenceBooks:**

- 1) TextBookofEnvironmentalStudies,DeeshitaDave&P.UdayaBhaskar,Cengage Learning.
- 2) ATextbookofEnvironmentalStudies,ShaashiChawla,TMH,NewDelhi
- 3) EnvironmentalStudies,BennyJoseph,TataMcGraw HillCo,New Delhi
- 4) PerspectivesinEnvironment Studies, AnubhaKaushik, CPKaushik, NewAge InternationalPublishers, 2014



## DEPARTMENTOFCOMPUTERSCIENCE&ENGINEERING

IIVear-ISemester		L	Т	Р	С		
11 1 car-isemester		2	0	0	0		
CONSTITUTION OF INDIA							

#### **Course Objectives:**

- ToEnablethestudent tounderstandtheimportanceofconstitution
- Tounderstandthestructureofexecutive, legislature and judiciary
- Tounderstandphilosophyoffundamentalrightsandduties
- TounderstandtheautonomousnatureofconstitutionalbodieslikeSupremeCourt and high court controller and auditor generalofIndia and election commission ofIndia.
- Tounderstandthecentraland staterelationfinancialandadministrative

#### **CourseOutcomes**:

Attheend of the course, the student will be able to have a clear knowledge on the following:

- Understandhistorical background of the constitution making anditsimportance for building a democratic India.
- Understandthefunctioning of threewings of the governmentie., executive, legislative and judiciary.
- Understand the value of the fundamental rights and duties for becoming good citizen of India.
- Analyzethedecentralizationofpower betweencentral, stateand localselfgovernment.
- Apply theknowledgeinstrengtheningoftheconstitutionalinstitutionslikeCAG, Election Commission and UPSC for sustaining democracy.
  - 1. Knowthesources, features and principles of Indian Constitution.
  - 2. LearnaboutUnionGovernment,Stategovernmentanditsadministration.
  - 3. Getacquainted withLocaladministrationand PachayatiRaj.
  - 4. Beaware of basic concepts and developments of Human Rights.
  - 5. Gainknowledge onrolesandfunctioning of ElectionCommission

#### UNITI

Introduction to Indian Constitution: Constitution meaning of the term, Indian Constitution -Sources and constitutionalhistory, Features - Citizenship, Preamble, FundamentalRights and Duties, Directive Principles of State Policy.

Learningoutcomes:Aftercompletionofthisunitstudentwill

- Understandtheconcept ofIndianconstitution
- Applythe knowledgeondirective principleofstate policy
- Analyzethe History, features of Indian constitution
- EvaluatePreambleFundamentalRightsand Duties



## DEPARTMENTOFCOMPUTERSCIENCE&ENGINEERING

## UNITII

UnionGovernment and itsAdministrationStructureoftheIndianUnion:Federalism, Centre-Staterelationship, President:Role, powerandposition, PMandCouncilofministers, Cabinet and CentralSecretariat,LokSabha, RajyaSabha, The Supreme Court and HighCourt:Powers and Functions;

Learningoutcomes: Aftercompletionofthisunitstudentwill

- UnderstandthestructureofIndiangovernment
- Differentiatebetweenthestateandcentralgovernment
- ExplaintheroleofPresidentandPrime Minister
- KnowtheStructureofsupremecourtand Highcourt

### UNITIII

State Government and its Administration Governor - Role and Position - CM and Council of ministers, State Secretariat: Organisation, Structure and Functions

Learningoutcomes: Aftercompletionofthisunitstudentwill

- Understandthestructureofstate government
- AnalyzetheroleGovernorandChiefMinister
- Explain the role of state Secretariat
- Differentiatebetweenstructureandfunctionsofstatesecretariat

### UNITIV

A.Local Administration - District's Administration Head - Role and Importance, Municipalities - Mayor and role of Elected Representative - CEO of Municipal Corporation PachayatiRaj: Functions PRI: ZilaPanchayat, Elected officials and their roles, CEO ZilaPanchayat:Block levelOrganizationalHierarchy- (Different departments), Village level - RoleofElectedandAppointedofficials - Importanceofgrassrootdemocracy

Learning outcomes:-After completion of this unit student will

- UnderstandthelocalAdministration
- Compare and contrast district administration role and importance
- AnalyzetheroleofMyer and elected representativesofMunicipalities
- EvaluateZillapanchayatblocklevelorganisation

### UNITV

Election Commission: Election Commission- Role of Chief Election Commissioner and Election Commissionerate State Election Commission:, Functions of Commissions for the welfare of SC/ST/OBC and women

Learningoutcomes: Aftercompletionofthisunitstudentwill

- Knowthe roleofElectionCommissionapplyknowledge
- Contrast and compare the role of Chief Election commissioner and Commissiononerate
- Analyzerole of state election commission



## **DEPARTMENTOFCOMPUTERSCIENCE&ENGINEERING**

### **References:**

- 1) Durga Das Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India,Prentice Hall of India Pvt.Ltd.
- 2) SubashKashyap,IndianConstitution,NationalBookTrust
- 3) J.A.Siwach, DynamicsofIndianGovernment&Politics
- 4) D.C.Gupta,IndianGovernmentandPolitics
- 5) H.M.Sreevai,ConstitutionalLawof India,4theditionin3volumes(UniversalLaw Publication)
- 6) J.C.Johari,IndianGovernmentandPoliticsHans
- 7) J.RajIndianGovernmentandPolitics
- 8) M.V. Pylee, IndianConstitutionDurga DasBasu, HumanRights inConstitutionalLaw, Prentice – Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.. New Delhi
- 9) Noorani, A.G., (SouthAsia HumanRights DocumentationCentre), Challenges to Civil Right), Challenges to Civil Rights Guarantees in India, Oxford UniversityPress 2012

#### e-Resources:

- 1) nptel.ac.in/courses/109104074/8
- 2) nptel.ac.in/courses/109104045/
- 3) nptel.ac.in/courses/101104065/
- 4) www.hss.iitb.ac.in/en/lecture-details
- 5) www.iitb.ac.in/en/event/2nd-lecture-institute-lecture-series-indian-constitution



### DEPARTMENTOFCOMPUTERSCIENCE&ENGINEERING

HIVaar I Samastar		L	Т	P	C
III Year–I Semester		2	0	0	0
	EMPLOYABILITYSKILLS-I				

#### **Course Objectives:**

The main objective of this course is to assist students in developing employability skills and personal qualities related to gaining and sustaining employment.

Course Outcomes: The end of the course student will be able to

- Understandthecorporateetiquette.
- Makepresentationseffectivelywithappropriatebodylanguage
- Becomposed with positive attitude
- Understandthecorecompetenciestosucceedinprofessionalandpersonallife

#### **UNITI:**

**Analytical Thinking & Listening Skills**: Self-Introduction, Shaping Young Minds - A Talk by Azim Premji (Listening Activity), Self – Analysis, Developing Positive Attitude, Perception. **CommunicationSkills**: VerbalCommunication;NonVerbalCommunication(BodyLanguage)

#### **UNITII:**

**Self-Management Skills:** Anger Management, Stress Management, Time Management, Six Thinking Hats, Team Building, Leadership Qualities

Etiquette: Social Etiquette, Business Etiquette, Telephone Etiquette, Dining Etiquette

#### **UNITIII:**

**Standard Operation Methods:** NoteMaking, NoteTaking, MinutesPreparation, Email &LetterWriting **Verbal Ability**: Synonyms, Antonyms, One Word Substitutes-Correction of Sentences-Analogies, Spotting Errors, Sentence Completion, Course of Action -Sentences Assumptions, Sentence Arguments, Reading Comprehension, Practice work

#### **UNITIV:**

Job-OrientedSkills-I: GroupDiscussion, MockGroupDiscussions

**UNITV:** 

Job-OrientedSkills-II:ResumePreparation,InterviewSkills,MockInterviews

#### TextBooksandReferenceBooks:

- 1. BarunK. Mitra, PersonalityDevelopmentandSoftSkills, OxfordUniversityPress, 2011.
- 2. S.P.Dhanavel, EnglishandSoftSkills, OrientBlackswan, 2010.
- 3. R.S.Aggarwal, AModernApproachto Verbal&Non-VerbalReasoning, S.Chand & Company Ltd., 2018.
- 4. Raman, Meenakshi & Sharma, Sangeeta, Technical Communication Principles and Practice, Oxford University Press, 2011.

#### e-resources:

1. www. Indiabix.com



## DEPARTMENTOFCOMPUTERSCIENCE&ENGINEERING

IIIV.ear_IISemester		L	Т	P	С
III i ear-msemester		2	0	0	0
	EMPLOYABILITYSKILLS-II				

#### **Course Objectives:**

Themainobjectiveofthiscourseistoassiststudentsindeveloping employabilityskillsandpersonal qualities related to gaining and sustaining employment.

#### CourseOutcomes: After completionofthiscourse

- SolvevariousBasicMathematicsproblemsbyfollowingdifferentmethods
- Follow strategies in minimizing time consumption in problem solving Apply shortcut methods to solve problems
- Confidentlysolveanymathematicalproblemsandutilizethesemathematicalskillsbothintheir professional as well as personal life.
- Analyze, summarize and present information in quantitative forms including table, graphs and formulas

#### **UNITI:**

Numericalabilityl:Numbersystem,HCF&LCM,Average, Simplification,Problemson numbers NumericalabilityII: Ratio &Proportion,Partnership,Percentages,Profit&Loss

#### **UNITII:**

Arithmeticalabilityl:Problemsonages,Time&Work,Pipes &Cistern,Chain Rule. Arithmeticalabilityll:Time&Distance,Problemsonboats&Steams,ProblemsonTrains

#### **UNITIII:**

Arithmeticalabilitylll: Allegation, Simpleinterestand compound interest, Races & Games of skills, Calendar and Clock,

Logicalability:PermutationsandCombinationand Probability.

#### **UNITIV:**

Mensuration:Geometry,Areas,Volumes

#### **UNITV:**

Datainterpretation: Tabulation, Bargraphs, Piecharts, linegraphs

#### TextBooksAndReferenceBooks:

1. R. S. Aggarwal "Quantitative Aptitude", Revised ed., S Chand publication, 2017 ISBN:8121924987

#### **E-resources:**

- 1. https://blog.feedspot.com/aptitude\_youtube\_channels/
- 2. https://www.tutorialspoint.com/quantitative\_aptitude/
- 3. <u>https://www.careerbless.com/aptitude/qa/home.php</u>



## COURSE STRUCTURE AND SYLLABUS

For

# **B.TECH – ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING**

(Applicableforbatchesadmittedfrom2020-2021)



JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY KAKINADA KAKINADA-533003, Andhra Pradesh, India



## I B.Tech – I SEMESTER

Sl. No	Course Components	Subjects	L	Т	Р	Credits
1	HSMC	Communicative English	3	0	0	3
2	BSC	Mathematics-I (Calculus and Differential Equations)	3	0	0	3
3	BSC	Mathematics-II (Linear Algebra and Numerical Methods)	3	0	0	3
4	ESC	Programming for Problem Solving Using C	3	0	0	3
5	ESC	Engineering Drawing & Design	1	0	4	3
6	HSMC	EnglishCommunicationSkillsLaboratory	0	0	3	1.5
7	BSC	Electrical Engineering Workshop	0	1	3	1.5
8	ESC	Programming for Problem Solving Using C Lab	0	0	3	1.5
		Total Credits				19.5

### I B.Tech – II SEMESTER

Sl. No	Course Components	Subjects	L	Т	Р	Credits
1	BSC	Mathematics-III (Vector Calculus, Transforms and PDE)	3	0	0	3
2	BSC	Applied Physics	3	0	0	3
3	ESC	Data Structures Through C	3	0	0	3
4	ESC	Electrical Circuit Analysis-I	3	0	0	3
5	ESC	Basic Civil and Mechanical Engineering	3	0	0	3
6	BSC	Applied Physics Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	ESC	Basic Civil and Mechanical Engineering Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	ESC	Data Structures through C Lab	0	0	3	1.5
9	Mandatory Course	Constitution of India	2	<mark>0</mark>	<mark>0</mark>	0
		Total Credits				19.5



## II B.Tech – I Semester

Sl. No	Course Components	Subjects	L	Т	Р	Credits
1	BSC	Mathematics-IV	3	0	0	3
2	PCC	Electronic Devices and Circuits	3	0	0	3
3	PCC	Electrical Circuit Analysis –II	3	0	0	3
4	PCC	DC Machines and Transformers	3	0	0	3
5	PCC	Electro Magnetic Fields	3	0	0	3
6	PCC	Electrical Circuits Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	PCC	DC Machines and Transformers Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	PCC	Electronic Devices and Circuits lab	0	0	3	1.5
9	SC	Skill oriented course - Design of Electrical Circuits using Engineering Software Tools	0	0	4	2
10	MC	Professional Ethics & Human Values	<mark>2</mark>	<mark>0</mark>	<mark>0</mark>	0
Total Credits					1.5	

### II B.Tech – II Semester

Sl. No	Course Components	Subjects	L	Т	Р	Credits
1	ESC	Python Programming	3	0	0	3
2	PCC	Digital Electronics	3	0	0	3
3	PCC	Power System-I	3	0	0	3
4	PCC	Induction and Synchronous Machines	3	0	0	3
5	HSMC	Managerial Economics & Financial Analysis	3	0	0	3
6	ESC	Python Programming Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	PCC	Induction and Synchronous Machines Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	PCC	Digital Electronics Lab	0	0	3	1.5
9	SC	Skill oriented course- IoT Applications of Electrical Engineering Lab	0	0	4	2
			2	21.5		
		Minors Course*	4	0	0	4
		Honors Course*	4	0	0	4



## III B.Tech – I Semester

Sl. No	Course Components	Subjects	L	Т	Р	Credits
1	PCC	Power Systems-II	3	0	0	3
2	PCC	Power Electronics	3	0	0	3
3	PCC	Control Systems	3	0	0	3
4	OEC	Open Elective- I/ Job Oriented Elective-I	3	0	0	3
5	PEC	Professional Elective - I	3	0	0	3
6	PCC	Control Systems Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	PCC	Power Electronics Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	SC	Soft Skill Course: Employability Skills	2	0	0	2
9	MC	Environmental Science	<mark>2</mark>	<mark>0</mark>	<mark>0</mark>	<mark>0</mark>
10	PROJ	Summer Internship 2 Months (Mandatory) after second year (to be evaluated during V semester)	0	0	0	1.5
	TotalCredits				1.5	
		Minors Course*	4	0	0	4
		Honors Course*	4	0	0	4

## III B.Tech – II Semester

Sl. No	Course Components	Subjects	L	Т	Р	Credits
1	PCC	Microprocessors and Microcontrollers	3	0	0	3
2	PCC	Electrical Measurements and Instrumentation	3	0	0	3
3	PCC	Power System Analysis	3	0	0	3
4	PEC	Professional Elective - II	3	0	0	3
5	OEC	Open Elective -II/ Job Oriented Elective-II	3	0	0	3
6	PCC	Electrical Measurements and Instrumentation Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	PCC	Microprocessors and Microcontrollers Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	PCC	Power Systems and Simulation Lab	0	0	3	1.5
9	SC	Skill Advanced Course: Machine Learning with Python	2	0	0	2
10	<mark>MC</mark>	Research Methodology	<mark>2</mark>	<mark>0</mark>	<mark>0</mark>	<mark>0</mark>
	Total Credits			2	21.5	
		Minors Course*	4	0	0	4
		Honors Course*	4	0	0	4



## IV B.Tech – I Semester

Sl. No	Course Components	Subjects	L	Т	Р	Credits
1	PEC	Professional Elective – III	3	0	0	3
2	PEC	Professional Elective – IV	3	0	0	3
3	PEC	Professional Elective – V	3	0	0	3
4	OEC	Open Elective- III/Job Oriented Elective-III	3	0	0	3
5	OEC	Open Elective-IV /Job Oriented Elective-IV	3	0	0	3
6	HSMC	Universal Human Values-2: Understanding Harmony	3	0	0	3
7	SC	Skill Advanced Course Machine Learning with PythonLab	0	0	4	2
8	PROJ	Industrial / Research Internship 2 Months (Mandatory) after third year (to be evaluated during VII Semester)	0	0	3	3
	Total Credit			,	23	
		Minors Course*	4	0	0	4
		Honors Course*	4	0	0	4

#### IVB.TechIISemester

Sl. No	Course Components	Subjects	L	Т	Р	Credits
1	Major Project	Project work, seminar and internship in industry (6 Months)				12
		Total Credits			12	

- HSMC:Humanities and Social Science Including Management Courses BSC :Basic Science Courses ESC:Engineering Science Courses PCC:Professional Core Courses
- **PEC** : Professional Elective Courses

**OEC** : Open Elective Courses

**PROJ** : Internship, Seminar, Project Wok

MC : Mandatory Courses

SC : Skill Oriented Courses



### **Professional Elective Subjects offered to EEE Branch Students:**

#### **Professional Elective – I:**

- 1. Linear IC Applications
- 2. Utilization of Electrical Energy
- 3. Computer Architecture and Organization
- 4. Optimization Techniques
- 5. Object Oriented Programming through Java

#### **Professional Elective – II:**

- 1. Signal and Systems
- 2. Electric Drives
- 3. Advanced Control Systems
- 4. Switchgear and Protection
- 5. Big Data Analytics

#### **Professional Elective –III:**

- 1. Digital Signal Processing
- 2. Renewable and Distributed Energy Technologies
- 3. Flexible Alternating Current Transmission Systems
- 4. Power Systems Deregulation
- 5. Data Base Management Systems

#### **Professional Elective – IV:**

- 1. Hybrid Electric Vehicles
- 2. High Voltage Engineering
- 3. Programmable Logic Controllers and Applications
- 4. Cloud Computing with AWS
- 5. Deep Learning Techniques

#### **Professional Elective – V:**

- 1. Power System Operation and Control
- 2. Switched Mode Power Conversion
- 3. AI Applications to Electrical Engineering
- 4. Data Science
- 5. MEAN Stack Technologies

### **Open Electives offered by EEE Department for Other Branches (Except EEE Branch)**

#### **Open Elective-I:**

- 1. Renewable Energy Sources
- 2. Concepts of Optimization Techniques
- 3. Concepts of Control Systems

#### **Open Elective-II:**

- 1. Battery Management Systems and Charging Stations
- 2. Fundamentals of utilization of Electrical Energy
- 3. Indian Electricity Act

#### **Open Elective-III:**

- 1. Concepts of Microprocessors and Microcontrollers
- 2. Fundamentals of Electric Vehicles
- 3. Concepts of Internet of Things

#### **Open Elective-IV:**

- 1. Concepts of Power System Engineering
- 2. Concepts of Smart Grid Technologies



### \*For Honor's/ Minor Course Fullfillments:

- The 20 additional Credits need to be acquired, 16/15 credits can be earned by undergoing specified courses listed as pools, with 4/5 courses, each carrying 4/3 credits. The remaining 4/5 credits must be acquired through two online MOOCs (Swayam /NPTEL), which shall be domain specific, with 2/3 credits and with a minimum duration of 8/12weeks as recommended by the Board of Studies.
- Minor Engineering subjects are offered to other branches by EEE Department (except for EEE Students).
- Honors Engineering subjects are offered to EEE Students.
- The head of the department will float the list of allowed MOOC electives in each academic year, based on the list floated by MOOCs (Swayam/NPTEL).

## \*Honors Engineering Courses offered EEE Branch students

#### II B.Tech II Semester:

- 1. Communication Systems
- 2. Electrical Wiring, Estimation and Costing
- 3. Electrical Distribution Systems

#### **III B.Tech I Semester:**

- 1. Advanced Computer Networks
- 2. Power Quality
- 3. Special Electrical Machines

### **III B.Tech II Semester:**

- 1. Digital Control Systems
- 2. Analysis of Power Electronic Converters
- 3. HVDC Transmission

#### **IV B.Tech I Semester:**

- 1. EHV AC Transmission
- 2. Smart Grid Technologies
- 3. Power Electronic Control of Electrical Drives

#### \*Minor Engineering Courses offered by EEE Department for Other Branches (Except EEE Branch)

#### **II B.Tech II Semester:**

- 1. Fundamentals of Electrical Circuits
- 2. Concepts of Electrical Measurements

### **III B.Tech I Semester:**

- 1. Analysis of Linear Systems
- 2. Energy Auditing, Conservation and Management

#### **III B.Tech II Semester:**

- 1. Evolutionary Algorithms
- 2. Fundamentals of Power Electronics

### IV B.Tech I Semester:

- 1. Neural Networks and Fuzzy Logic
- 2. Concepts of Electric Drives and Its Applications



## DEFARIMENT OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

I Voor II Comostor		L	Т	Р	С
1 Year 11 Semester		2	0	0	0
	CONSTITUTION OF INDIA				

#### Preamble:

#### **Course Objectives:**

- > To Enable the student to understand the importance of constitution
- > To understand the structure of executive, legislature and judiciary
- > To understand philosophy of fundamental rights and duties
- To understand the autonomous nature of constitutional bodies like Supreme Court and high court controller and auditor general of India and election commission of India.
- > To understand the central and state relation financial and administrative.

#### UNIT-I

Introduction to Indian Constitution: Constitution meaning of the term, Indian Constitution -Sources and constitutional history, Features - Citizenship, Preamble, Fundamental Rights and Duties, Directive Principles of State Policy.

#### Learning outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will

- Understand the concept of Indian constitution
- Apply the knowledge on directive principle of state policy
- Analyze the History, features of Indian constitution
- Evaluate Preamble Fundamental Rights and Duties

#### UNIT-II

Union Government and its Administration Structure of the Indian Union: Federalism, Centre-State relationship, President: Role, power and position, PM and Council of ministers, Cabinet and Central Secretariat, Lok Sabha, Rajya Sabha, The Supreme Court and High Court: Powers and Functions;

Learning outcomes: -After completion of this unit student will

- Understand the structure of Indian government
- Differentiate between the state and central government
- Explain the role of President and Prime Minister
- Know the Structure of supreme court and High court

#### UNIT-III

State Government and its Administration Governor - Role and Position - CM and Council of ministers, State Secretariat: Organization, Structure and Functions

Learning outcomes: -After completion of this unit student will

- Understand the structure of state government
- Analyze the role Governor and Chief Minister
- Explain the role of state Secretariat
- Differentiate between structure and functions of state secretariat



## UNIT-IV

A. Local Administration - District's Administration Head - Role and Importance, Municipalities - Mayor and role of Elected Representative - CEO of Municipal Corporation Pachayati Raj: Functions PRI: Zila Panchayat, Elected officials and their roles, CEO Zila Panchayat: Block level Organizational Hierarchy - (Different departments), Village level -Role of Elected and Appointed officials - Importance of grass root democracy

Learning outcomes: -After completion of this unit student will

- Understand the local Administration
- Compare and contrast district administration role and importance
- Analyze the role of Myer and elected representatives of Municipalities
- Evaluate Zilla panchayat block level organization

### UNIT-V

Election Commission: Election Commission- Role of Chief Election Commissioner and Election Commissionerate State Election Commission, Functions of Commissions for the welfare of SC/ST/OBC and women

Learning outcomes: -After completion of this unit student will

- Know the role of Election Commission apply knowledge
- Contrast and compare the role of Chief Election commissioner and Commissionerate
- Analyze role of state election commission
- Evaluate various commissions of viz SC/ST/OBC and women

### **References:**

- 1. Durga Das Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, 12th edition Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi 2011.
- 2. Subash Kashyap, Indian Constitution, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, National Book Trust, 2011.
- 3. J.A. Siwach, Dynamics of Indian Government & Politics, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Sterling Pub Private Ltd.,1990.
- 4. D.C. Gupta, Indian Government and Politics, 8<sup>th</sup> edition, Vikas Publishing House Pvt Ltd., 2015.
- 5. H.M.Sreevai, Constitutional Law of India, 4<sup>th</sup> edition in 3 volumes (Universal Law Publication), 2015.
- 6. J.C. Johari, Indian Government and Politics Hans, 13th edition, Shoban Lal & Co.2012.
- 7. J. Raj Indian Government and Politics, 1st edition, SAGE Texts Publication, 2008.
- 8. M.V. Pylee, Indian Constitution Durga Das Basu, Human Rights in Constitutional Law, 3rd edition, Lexis Nexis Publications, 2008.
- 9. Noorani, A.G., (South Asia Human Rights Documentation Centre), Challenges to Civil Right), Challenges to Civil Rights Guarantees in India, Oxford University Press 2012

### **E-resources**:

- 1. nptel.ac.in/courses/109104074/8
- 2. nptel.ac.in/courses/109104045/
- 3. nptel.ac.in/courses/101104065/
- 4. www.hss.iitb.ac.in/en/lecture-details
- 5. www.iitb.ac.in/en/event/2nd-lecture-institute-lecture-series-indian-constitution



#### **Course Outcomes**:

At the end of the semester/course, the student will be able to have a clear knowledge on the following:

- Understand historical background of the constitution making and its importance for building a democratic India.
- Understand the functioning of three wings of the government i.e., executive, legislative and judiciary.
- Understand the value of the fundamental rights and duties for becoming good citizen of India.
- Analyze the decentralization of power between central, state and local selfgovernment.
- Apply the knowledge in strengthening of the constitutional institutions like CAG, Election Commission and UPSC for sustaining democracy.
  - 1. Know the sources, features and principles of Indian Constitution.
  - 2. Learn about Union Government, State government and its administration.
  - 3. Get acquainted with Local administration and Pachayati Raj.
  - 4. Be aware of basic concepts and developments of Human Rights.
  - 5. Gain knowledge on roles and functioning of Election Commission



II Voor I Somostor		L	Т	P	С		
II Year I Semester		2	0	0	0		
PROFESSIONAL ETHICS & HUMAN VALUES							

#### **Preamble**:

This course is a mandatory course introduced to impart the Ethics and Human Values to the students in engineering education.

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To create an awareness on Engineering Ethics and Human Values.
- To instill Moral and Social Values and Loyalty
- To appreciate the rights of others
- To create awareness on assessment of safety and risk

### UNIT -I

#### Human Values:

Morals, Values and Ethics-Integrity-Work Ethic-Service learning – Civic Virtue – Respect for others –Living Peacefully –Caring –Sharing –Honesty -Courage-Cooperation– Commitment – Empathy –Self Confidence Character –Spirituality.

#### Learning outcomes:

- 1. Learn about morals, values & work ethics.
- 2. Learn to respect others and develop civic virtue.
- 3. Develop commitment
- 4. Learn how to live peacefully

#### UNIT -II

#### **Engineering Ethics**:

Senses of 'Engineering Ethics-Variety of moral issued –Types of inquiry –Moral dilemmas – Moral autonomy –Kohlberg's theory-Gilligan's Theory-Consensus and controversy –Models of professional roles-Theories about right action-Self-interest -Customs and religion –Uses of Ethical theories –Valuing time –Cooperation –Commitment.

Learning outcomes:

- 1. Learn about the ethical responsibilities of the engineers.
- 2. Create awareness about the customs and religions.
- 3. Learn time management
- 4. Learn about the different professional roles.

### UNIT -III

#### **Engineering as Social Experimentation:**

Engineering As Social Experimentation –Framing the problem –Determining the facts – Codes of Ethics –Clarifying Concepts –Application issues –Common Ground -General Principles –Utilitarian thinking respect for persons.

Learning outcomes:

- 1. Demonstrate knowledge to become a social experimenter.
- 2. Provide depth knowledge on framing of the problem and determining the facts.
- 3. Provide depth knowledge on codes of ethics.
- 4. Develop utilitarian thinking



### UNIT -IV

## Engineers Responsibility for Safety and Risk:

Safety and risk –Assessment of safety and risk –Risk benefit analysis and reducing risk-Safety and the Engineer-Designing for the safety-Intellectual Property rights (IPR). Learning outcomes:

- 1. Create awareness about safety, risk & risk benefit analysis.
- 2. Engineer's design practices for providing safety.
- 3. Provide knowledge on intellectual property rights.

#### UINIT- V

#### **Global Issues:**

Globalization –Cross-culture issues-Environmental Ethics –Computer Ethics –Computers as the instrument of Unethical behavior –Computers as the object of Unethical acts – Autonomous Computers-Computer codes of Ethics –Weapons Development -Ethics and Research –Analyzing Ethical Problems in research.

Learning outcomes:

- 1. Develop knowledge about global issues.
- 2. Create awareness on computer and environmental ethics
- 3. Analyze ethical problems in research.
- 4. Give a picture on weapons development.

#### **Course outcomes:**

Students will be able to:

- Identify and analyze an ethical issue in the subject matter under investigation or in a relevant field
- Identify the multiple ethical interests at stake in a real-world situation or practice
- Articulate what makes a particular course of action ethically defensible
- Assess their own ethical values and the social context of problems
- Identify ethical concerns in research and intellectual contexts, including academic integrity, use and citation of sources, the objective presentation of data, and the treatment of human subjects
- Demonstrate knowledge of ethical values in non-classroom activities, such as service learning, internships, and field work
- Integrate, synthesize, and apply knowledge of ethical dilemmas and resolutions in academic settings, including focused and interdisciplinary research.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1) "Engineering Ethics includes Human Values" by M.Govindarajan, S.Natarajan and, V.S.Senthil Kumar-PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd-2009
- 2) "Engineering Ethics" by Harris, Pritchard and Rabins, CENGAGE Learning, India Edition, 2009.
- 3) "Ethics in Engineering" by Mike W. Martin and Roland Schinzinger Tata McGraw-Hill–2003.
- 4) "Professional Ethics and Morals" by Prof.A.R.Aryasri, DharanikotaSuyodhana-Maruthi Publications.
- 5) "Professional Ethics and Human Values" by A.Alavudeen, R.KalilRahman and M. Jayakumaran, Laxmi Publications.
- 6) "Professional Ethics and Human Values" by Prof.D.R.Kiran-"Indian Culture, Values and Professional Ethics" by PSR Murthy-BS Publication



HI Voor I SEMESTED		L	Т	Р	С			
III Year -I SEWIESTER		2	0	0	0			
ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE								

#### Course Objectives:

The objectives of the course are to impart:

- Overall understanding of the natural resources.
- Basic understanding of the ecosystem and its diversity.
- Acquaintance on various environmental challenges induced due tounplanned anthropogenic activities.
- An understanding of the environmental impact of developmental activities.
- Awareness on the social issues, environmental legislation and global treaties.

#### UNIT I

Multidisciplinary nature of Environmental Studies: Definition, Scope and Importance – Sustainability: Stockholm and Rio Summit–Global Environmental Challenges: Global warming and climate change, acid rains, ozone layer depletion, population growth and explosion, effects. Role of information technology in environment and human health.

Ecosystems: Concept of an ecosystem. - Structure and function of an ecosystem; Producers, consumers and decomposers. - Energy flow in the ecosystem - Ecological succession. - Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids; Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of Forest ecosystem, Grassland ecosystem, Desert ecosystem, Aquatic ecosystems.

#### UNIT II

Natural Resources: Natural resources and associated problems.

Forest resources: Use and over – exploitation, deforestation – Timber extraction – Mining, dams and other effects on forest and tribal people.

Water resources: Use and over utilization of surface and ground water – Floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams – benefits and problems.

Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources. Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by non-agriculture activities-effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity.

Energy resources: Growing energy needs, renewable and non-renewable energy sources use of alternate energy sources.

Land resources: Land as a resource, land degradation, Wasteland reclamation, man induced landslides, soil erosion and desertification; Role of an individual in conservation of natural resources; Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles.

### UNIT III

Biodiversity and its conservation: Definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity- classification -Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, productive use, social-Biodiversity at national and local levels. India as a mega-diversity nation - Hot-sports of biodiversity - Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, manwildlife conflicts. - Endangered and endemic species of India – Conservation of biodiversity: conservation of biodiversity.

### UNIT IV

Environmental Pollution: Definition, Cause, effects and control measures of Air pollution, Water pollution, Soil pollution, Noise pollution, Nuclear hazards. Role of an individual in prevention of



Solid Waste Management: Sources, Classification, effects and control measures of urban and industrial solid wastes. Consumerism and waste products, Biomedical, Hazardous and e – waste management.

## UNIT V

Social Issues and the Environment: Urban problems related to energy -Water conservation, rain water harvesting-Resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns. Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions. Environmental Protection Act -Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act. –Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act - Wildlife Protection Act -Forest Conservation Act-Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation. -Public awareness. Environmental Management: Impact Assessment and its significance various stages of EIA, preparation of EMP and EIS, Environmental audit. Ecotourism, Green Campus – Green business and Green politics.

The student should Visit an Industry / Ecosystem and submit a report individually on any issues related to Environmental Studies course and make a power point presentation.

### **Text Books:**

- 1. Environmental Studies, K. V. S. G. Murali Krishna, VGS Publishers, Vijayawada
- 2. Environmental Studies, R. Rajagopalan, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2011, Oxford University Press.
- 3. Environmental Studies, P. N. Palanisamy, P. Manikandan, A. Geetha, and K. ManjulaRani; Pearson Education, Chennai

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Text Book of Environmental Studies, Deeshita Dave & P. Udaya Bhaskar, CengageLearning.
- 2. A Textbook of Environmental Studies, Shaashi Chawla, TMH, New Delhi
- 3. Environmental Studies, Benny Joseph, Tata McGraw Hill Co, New Delhi
- 4. Perspectives in Environment Studies, Anubha Kaushik, C P Kaushik, New AgeInternational Publishers, 2014



		L	Т	Р	С		
III Year – II SEMESTER		2	0	0	0		
RESEARCH METHODOLOGY							

#### **Course objectives**:

- To understand the objectives and characteristics of a research problem.
- To analyze research related information and to follow research ethics
- To understand the types of intellectual property rights.
- To learn about the scope of patent rights.
- To understand the new developments in IPR.

#### UNIT - I

**Research problem**: Meaning of research problem, Sources of research problem, Criteria Characteristics of a good research problem, Errors in selecting a research problem, Scope and objectives of research problem. Approaches of investigation of solutions for research problem, data collection, analysis, interpretation, Necessary instrumentations

#### UNIT - II

**Literature study**: Effective literature studies approaches, analysis Plagiarism, Research ethics, Technical writing: Effective technical writing, how to write report, Paper Developing a Research Proposal, Format of research proposal, a presentation and assessment by a review committee

#### UNIT - III

Nature of Intellectual Property: Patents, Designs, Trade and Copyright.

**Process of Patenting and Development**: technological research, innovation, patenting, development. International Scenario: International cooperation on Intellectual Property. Procedure for grants of patents, Patenting under PCT.

#### UNIT - IV

**Patent Rights**: Scope of Patent Rights. Licensing and transfer of technology. Patent information and databases. Geographical Indications.

#### UNIT - V

**New Developments in IPR**: Administration of Patent System. New developments in IPR; IPR of Biological Systems, Computer Software etc, Traditional knowledge Case Studies, IPR and IITs.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, student will be able to

- Understand objectives and characteristics of a research problem
- Analyze research related information and to follow research ethics.
- Understand the types of intellectual property rights.
- Learn about the scope of IPR.
- Understand the new developments in IPR.

#### **Text Books**:

- 1. Stuart Melville and Wayne Goddard, "Research methodology: an introduction for science & engineering students""
- 2. Wayne Goddard and Stuart Melville, "Research Methodology: An Introduction"

#### **References Books**:

- 1. Halbert, "Resisting Intellectual Property", Taylor & Francis Ltd ,2007.
- 2. Mayall, "Industrial Design", McGraw Hill, 1992.
- 3. Niebel, "Product Design", McGraw Hill, 1974.
- 4. Asimov, "Introduction to Design", Prentice Hall, 1962.
- 5. Robert P. Merges, Peter S. Menell, Mark A. Lemley, "Intellectual Property in New Technological Age", 2016.
- 6. T. Ramappa, "Intellectual Property Rights Under WTO", S. Chand, 2008



**DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING** 

# COURSE STRUCTURE AND SYLLABUS

For

# **B. TECH CIVIL ENGINEERING**

(Applicable for batches admitted from 2019-2020)



# JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY: KAKINADA KAKINADA - 533 003, Andhra Pradesh, India



## DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

## I Year – I SEMESTER

SI.	Course	Subjects	L	Т	Р	Credits
No	Code					
1	BS1101	Mathematics – I	3	0	0	3
2	BS1102	Mathematics – II	3	0	0	3
3	BS1108	Engineering Physics	3	0	0	3
4	ES1104	Engineering Mechanics	3	1	0	4
5	ES1103	Engineering Drawing	1	0	3	2.5
6	HS1102	English Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	BS1109	Engineering Physics Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	PR1101	Engineering Exploration Project	0	0	2	1
		Total Credits	16	0	12	19.5

## I Year – II SEMESTER

Sl.	Course	Subjects	L	Т	Р	Credits
No	Code					
1	HS1201	English	3	0	0	3
2	BS1203	Mathematics – III	3	0	0	3
3	BS1210	Engineering Chemistry	3	0	0	3
4	ES1201	Programming for problem Solving Using C	3	0	0	3
5	ES1207	Computer Aided Engineering Drawing	1	0	3	2.5
6	ES1202	Programming for problem Solving Using C Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	BS1211	Engineering Chemistry Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	HS1203	Communications Skills Lab	0	0	3	1.5
9	ES1219	Workshop Practice Lab	0	0	3	1.5
10	MC1201	Environmental Science	<mark>3</mark>	<mark>0</mark>	<mark>0</mark>	<mark>0</mark>
Total Credits		15	0	11	20.5	


### **DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING**

Sl. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Credits
1	BS301	Complex Variables and Statistical Methods	3	0	0	3
2	PC301	Strength of Materials-I	3	0	0	3
3	PC302	Fluid Mechanics	3	0	0	3
4	ES301	Surveying and Geometrics'	3	0	0	3
5	PC303	Building Materials, Construction and Planning	3	0	0	3
6	PC304	Transportation Engineering-I	3	0	0	3
7	PC305	Strength of Materials Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	PC306	Surveying Field Work – I	0	0	3	1.5
9	MC301	Constitution of India	<mark>2</mark>	<mark>0</mark>	<mark>0</mark>	<mark>0</mark>
		Total Credits				21

#### **II YEAR: I- SEMESTER**

#### **II YEAR: II- SEMESTER**

Sl. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Credits
1	PC401	Strength of Materials-II	3	0	0	3
2	PC402	Hydraulics and Hydraulic Machinery	3	0	0	3
3	ES401	Engineering Geology	3	0	0	3
4	PC403	Transportation Engineering - II	3	0	0	3
5	PC404	Environmental Engineering - I	3	0	0	3
6	PC405	Engineering Geology Lab	0	0	2	1
7	PC406	Transportation Engineering Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	PC407	Fluid Mechanics & Hydraulics Machinery Lab	0	0	3	1.5
9	MC401	Essence of Indian Traditional Knowledge/ Professional Ethics and Human Values	<mark>2</mark>	<mark>0</mark>	<mark>0</mark>	0
		Total Credits				19



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Sl. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Credits
1	PC501	Structural Analysis	3	0	0	3
2	PC502	Concrete Technology	2	0	0	2
3	PC503	Water Resources Engineering - I	3	0	0	3
4	PC504	Environmental Engineering - II	3	0	0	3
5	PE501	Program Elective – I	3	0	0	3
6	OE501	Open Elective – I	3	0	0	3
7	PC506	Concrete Technology Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	PC507	Surveying Field Work - II	0	0	3	1.5
		Total Credits				20

#### **III YEAR: I- SEMESTER**

#### **III YEAR: II- SEMESTER**

Sl. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Credits
1	PC601	Design & Drawing of Reinforced	3	0	0	3
		Concrete Structures				
2	PC602	Water Resources Engineering – II	3	0	0	3
3	PC603	Geotechnical Engineering - I	3	0	0	3
4	HS601	Managerial Economics & Financial Analysis	3	0	0	3
5	PE601	Program Elective – II	3	0	0	3
6	OE601	Open Elective – II	3	0	0	3
7	PC604	CAD Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	PC605	Environmental Engineering Lab	0	0	3	1.5
9	PR601	Socially Relevant Project	0	0	2	1
10	MC601	Employability Skills	<mark>0</mark>	<mark>0</mark>	<mark>2</mark>	0
		Total Credits				22



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Sl. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Credits
1	PC701	Design & Drawing of Steel Structures	3	0	0	3
2	PC702	Geotechnical Engineering - II	3	0	0	3
3	PC703	Remote Sensing & GIS	3	0	0	3
4	PE701	Program Elective – III	3	0	0	3
5	OE701	Open Elective – III	3	0	0	3
6	PC704	Remote Sensing & GIS Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	PC705	Geotechnical Engineering Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	PR701	Industrial Training/ Internship or Seminar	0	0	3	1
9	PR702	Project Work Phase-I	0	0	4	2
		Total Credits				21

#### **IV YEAR: I- SEMESTER**

#### IV YEAR: II- SEMESTER

Sl. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Credits
1	PC801	Estimation Specifications and Contract	3	0	0	3
2	PE801	Program Elective - IV	3	0	0	3
3	PE802	Program Elective – V	3	0	0	3
4	PR801	Project Work Phase-II	0	0	16	8
		Total Credits				17



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Open Electives	Professional Elective-I	Professional Elective-II	Professiona l Elective- III	Professiona l Elective- IV	Professional Elective-V
a) Disaster Management	a) Repair & Rehabilitation of Buildings	a) Pre- stressed Concrete	a) Bridge Engineering	a) Finite Element Methods	a) Advanced Structural Analysis
b) Environmental Pollution & Control	b) Environmental Impact Assessment	b) Watershed Management	b) Industrial Waste Water Treatment	b) Design & Drawing of Irrigation Structures	b) Urban Hydrology
c) Elements of Civil Engineering	c) Reinforced Soil Structures	c) Advanced Foundation Engineering	c) Earth & Rock-fill Dams	c) Soil Dynamics and Machine Foundations	c) Ground Improvement Techniques
d) Green Technology	d) Traffic Engineering	d) Urban Transportatio n Planning	d) Intelligent Transportati on Systems	d) Road Safety Engineering	d) Pavement Management Systems
e) Smart Cities	e) Construction Technology & Management	e) Architecture and Town Planning	e) Building Services	e) Disaster Managemen t & Mitigation	e) Low-cost Housing
f) Project Management				f)SWAYA M/NPTEL /MOOCS COURSES (12 weeks duration)	f) SWAYAM / NPTEL /MOOCS COURSES (12 weeks duration)
g) Traffic Safety					
h) Geo-Spatial Technologies					
i) Waste Water Treatment					



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

I Year - II Semester		L	Т	Р	С
		3	0	0	0
	ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE(MC1201)				

#### Learning Objectives:

The objectives of the course are to impart:

- Overall understanding of the natural resources.
- Basic understanding of the ecosystem and its diversity.
- Acquaintance on various environmental challenges induced due to unplanned anthropogenic activities.
- An understanding of the environmental impact of developmental activities.
- Awareness on the social issues, environmental legislation and global treaties.

#### UNIT-I:

**Multidisciplinary nature of Environmental Studies:** Definition, Scope and Importance – Sustainability: Stockholm and Rio Summit–Global Environmental Challenges: Global warming and climate change, acid rains, ozone layer depletion, population growth and explosion, effects;. Role of information technology in environment and human health.

**Ecosystems:** Concept of an ecosystem. - Structure and function of an ecosystem; Producers, consumers and decomposers. - Energy flow in the ecosystem - Ecological succession. - Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids; Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of Forest ecosystem, Grassland ecosystem, Desert ecosystem, Aquatic ecosystems.

### UNIT-II:

Natural Resources: Natural resources and associated problems.

Forest resources: Use and over – exploitation, deforestation – Timber extraction – Mining, dams and other effects on forest and tribal people.

Water resources: Use and over utilization of surface and ground water – Floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams – benefits and problems.

Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources.

Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by non-agriculture activities-effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity.

Energy resources: Growing energy needs, renewable and non-renewable energy sources use of alternate energy sources.

Land resources: Land as a resource, land degradation, Wasteland reclamation, man induced landslides, soil erosion and desertification; Role of an individual in conservation of natural resources; Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles.

### UNIT-III:

**Biodiversity and its conservation:** Definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversityclassification - Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, productive use, social-Biodiversity at national and local levels. India as a mega-diversity nation - Hot-sports of biodiversity - Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, man-wildlife conflicts. - Endangered and endemic species of India – Conservation of biodiversity: conservation of biodiversity.



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

**UNIT** – **IV Environmental Pollution:** Definition, Cause, effects and control measures of Air pollution, Water pollution, Soil pollution, Noise pollution, Nuclear hazards. Role of an individual in prevention of pollution. - Pollution case studies, Sustainable Life Studies. Impact of Fire Crackers on Men and his well being.

Solid Waste Management: Sources, Classification, effects and control measures of urban and industrial solid wastes. Consumerism and waste products, Biomedical, Hazardous and e – waste management.

**UNIT** – **V** Social Issues and the Environment: Urban problems related to energy -Water conservation, rain water harvesting-Resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns. Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions. Environmental Protection Act -Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act. –Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act -Wildlife Protection Act -Forest Conservation Act-Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation. -Public awareness.

**Environmental Management**: Impact Assessment and its significance various stages of EIA, preparation of EMP and EIS, Environmental audit. Ecotourism, Green Campus – Green business and Green politics.

The student should Visit an Industry / Ecosystem and submit a report individually on any issues related to Environmental Studies course and make a power point presentation.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Environmental Studies, K. V. S. G. Murali Krishna, VGS Publishers, Vijayawada
- 2. Environmental Studies, R. Rajagopalan, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2011, Oxford University Press.
- 3. Environmental Studies, P. N. Palanisamy, P. Manikandan, A. Geetha, and K. Manjula Rani; Pearson Education, Chennai

#### **Reference:**

- 1. Text Book of Environmental Studies, Deeshita Dave & P. Udaya Bhaskar, Cengage Learning.
- 2. A Textbook of Environmental Studies, Shaashi Chawla, TMH, New Delhi
- 3. Environmental Studies, Benny Joseph, Tata McGraw Hill Co, New Delhi
- 4. Perspectives in Environment Studies, Anubha Kaushik, C P Kaushik, New Age International Publishers, 2014



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

II Year - I Semester		L	Т	Р	C
		2	0	0	0
	<b>CONSTITUTION OF INDIA</b>				

#### **Course Objectives:**

- > To Enable the student to understand the importance of constitution
- > To understand the structure of executive, legislature and judiciary
- > To understand philosophy of fundamental rights and duties
- To understand the autonomous nature of constitutional bodies like Supreme Court and high court controller and auditor general of India and election commission of India.
- > To understand the central and state relation financial and administrative.

#### UNIT-I

Introduction to Indian Constitution: Constitution meaning of the term, Indian Constitution - Sources and constitutional history, Features - Citizenship, Preamble, Fundamental Rights and Duties, Directive Principles of State Policy.

#### Learning outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will

- Understand the concept of Indian constitution
- Apply the knowledge on directive principle of state policy
- Analyze the History, features of Indian constitution
- Evaluate Preamble Fundamental Rights and Duties

#### UNIT-II

Union Government and its Administration Structure of the Indian Union: Federalism, Centre- State relationship, President: Role, power and position, PM and Council of ministers, Cabinet and Central Secretariat, LokSabha, RajyaSabha, The Supreme Court and High Court: Powers and Functions; Learning outcomes:-After completion of this unit student will

- Understand the structure of Indian government
- Differentiate between the state and central government
- Explain the role of President and Prime Minister
- Know the Structure of supreme court and High court

#### UNIT-III

State Government and its Administration Governor - Role and Position - CM and Council of ministers, State Secretariat: Organisation, Structure and Functions

Learning outcomes:-After completion of this unit student will

- Understand the structure of state government
- Analyze the role Governor and Chief Minister
- Explain the role of state Secretariat
- Differentiate between structure and functions of state secretariat



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

### UNIT-IV

A.Local Administration - District's Administration Head - Role and Importance, Municipalities -Mayor and role of Elected Representative - CEO of Municipal Corporation PachayatiRaj: Functions PRI: ZilaPanchayat, Elected officials and their roles, CEO ZilaPanchayat: Block level Organizational Hierarchy - (Different departments), Village level - Role of Elected and Appointed officials -Importance of grass root democracy

Learning outcomes:-After completion of this unit student will

- Understand the local Administration
- Compare and contrast district administration role and importance
- Analyze the role of Myer and elected representatives of Municipalities
- Evaluate Zillapanchayat block level organisation

#### UNIT-V

Election Commission: Election Commission- Role of Chief Election Commissioner and Election Commissionerate State Election Commission:, Functions of Commissions for the welfare of SC/ST/OBC and women

Learning outcomes:-After completion of this unit student will

- Know the role of Election Commission apply knowledge
- Contrast and compare the role of Chief Election commissioner and Commissiononerate
- Analyze role of state election commission
- Evaluate various commissions of viz SC/ST/OBC and women

#### **References:**

- 1. Durga Das Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.. New Delhi
- 2. SubashKashyap, Indian Constitution, National Book Trust
- 3. J.A. Siwach, Dynamics of Indian Government & Politics
- 4. D.C. Gupta, Indian Government and Politics
- 5. H.M.Sreevai, Constitutional Law of India, 4th edition in 3 volumes (Universal Law Publication)
- 6. J.C. Johari, Indian Government and Politics Hans
- 7. J. Raj IndianGovernment and Politics
- 8. M.V. Pylee, Indian Constitution Durga Das Basu, Human Rights in Constitutional Law, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.. New Delhi
- 9. Noorani, A.G., (South Asia Human Rights Documentation Centre), Challenges to Civil Right), Challenges to Civil Rights Guarantees in India, Oxford University Press 2012

#### resources:

- 1. nptel.ac.in/courses/109104074/8
- 2. nptel.ac.in/courses/109104045/
- 3. nptel.ac.in/courses/101104065/
- 4. www.hss.iitb.ac.in/en/lecture-details
- 5. www.iitb.ac.in/en/event/2nd-lecture-institute-lecture-series-indian-constitution



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

### **Course Outcomes**:

At the end of the semester/course, the student will be able to have a clear knowledge on the following:

- Understand historical background of the constitution making and its importance for building a democratic India.
- Understand the functioning of three wings of the government ie., executive, legislative and judiciary.
- > Understand the value of the fundamental rights and duties for becoming good citizen of India.
- Analyze the decentralization of power between central, state and local self-government.
- Apply the knowledge in strengthening of the constitutional institutions like CAG, Election Commission and UPSC for sustaining democracy.
  - 1. Know the sources, features and principles of Indian Constitution.
  - 2. Learn about Union Government, State government and its administration.
  - 3. Get acquainted with Local administration and Pachayati Raj.
  - 4. Be aware of basic concepts and developments of Human Rights.
  - 5. Gain knowledge on roles and functioning of Election Commission



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

II Year – II Semester		L	Т	Р	С
		2	0	0	0
Es	sence of Indian Knowledge Traditional / Professional Ethics and Human Values				

#### Essence of Indian Knowledge Tradition Course Objectives

The course is introduced

- > To get a knowledge in Indian PhilosophicalFoundations.
- > To Know Indian Languages and Literature and the fine arts in India & TheirPhilosophy.
- > To explore the Science and Scientists of Medieval and ModernIndia

#### **Course Outcomes**

After successful completion of the course the students will be able to

- 1. Understand philosophy of Indianculture.
- 2. Distinguish the Indian languages and literature among differencetraditions.
- 3. Learn the philosophy of ancient, medieval and modernIndia.
- 4. Acquire the information about the fine arts inIndia.
- 5. Know the contribution of scientists of different eras.
- 6. The essence of Yogic Science for Inclusiveness ofsociety.

#### UNIT – I

**Introduction to Indian Philosophy:** Basics of Indian Philosophy, culture, civilization, culture and heritage, general characteristics of culture, importance of culture in human literature, Indian culture, Ancient Indian, Medieval India, Modern India.

#### UNIT – II

**Indian Philosophy & Literature:** Vedas Upanishads, schools of Vedanta, and other religion Philosophical Literature. Philosophical Ideas the role of Sanskrit, significance of scriptures to current society, Indian Philosophies, literature of south India.

Indian languages and Literature-II: Northern Indian languages & Philosophical & cultural & literature.

#### UNIT – III

**Religion and Philosophy:** Religion and Philosophy in ancient India, Religion and Philosophy in Medieval India, Religious Reform Movements in Modern India (selected movements only)

#### UNIT – IV

Indian Fine Arts & Its Philosophy (Art, Technology & Engineering): Indian Painting, Indian handicrafts, Music, divisions of Indian classic music, modern Indian music, Dance and Drama, Indian Architecture (ancient, medieval and modern), Science and Technology in Indian, development of science in ancient, medieval and modern Indian.



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

#### UNIT – V

**Education System in India:** Education in ancient, medieval and modern India, aims of education, subjects, languages, Science and Scientists of Ancient India, Scientists of Medieval India, Scientists of Modern India. The role Gurukulas in Education System, Value based Education.

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Kapil Kapoor, "Text and Interpretation: The India Tradition", ISBN: 81246033375,2005
- 2. "Science in Samskrit", Samskrita Bharti Publisher, ISBN-13:978-8187276333,2007
- 3. NCERT, "Position paper on Arts, Music, Dance and Theatre", ISBN 81-7450-494-X,2006
- 4. S. Narain, "Examination in Ancient India", Arya Book Depot, 1993
- 5. Satya Prakash, "Founders of Sciences in Ancient India", Vijay Kumar Publisher, 1989
- 6. M.Hiriyanna, "Essentials of Indian Philosophy", Motilal Banarsidass Publishers, ISBN-13: 978-8120810990,2014
- 7. Chatterjee. S & Dutta "An Introduction to IndianPhilosophy"

#### (or)

#### **PROFESSIONAL ETHICS AND HUMAN VALUES**

**Course Objectives:** To give basic insights and inputs to the student to inculcate Human values to grow as a responsible human beings with proper personality.Professional Ethics instills the student to maintain ethical conduct and discharge their professional duties.

**UNIT I:** Human Values:

Morals, Values and Ethics – Integrity –Trustworthiness - Work Ethics – Service Learning – Civic Virtue – Respect for others – Living Peacefully – Caring – Sharing – Honesty –Courage – Value Time – Co-operation – Commitment – Empathy – Self-confidence – Spirituality- Character. Principles for Harmony:

Truthfulness – Customs and Traditions -Value Education – Human Dignity – Human Rights – Fundamental Duties - Aspirations and Harmony (I, We & Nature) – Gender Bias - Emotional Intelligence – Salovey – Mayer Model – Emotional Competencies – Conscientiousness.

#### **UNIT II:** Engineering Ethics and Social Experimentation:

History of Ethics - Need of Engineering Ethics - Senses of Engineering Ethics- Profession and Professionalism —Self Interest - Moral Autonomy – Utilitarianism – Virtue Theory - Uses of Ethical Theories - Deontology- Types of Inquiry –Kohlberg's Theory - Gilligan's Argument –Heinz's Dilemma - Comparison with Standard Experiments — Learning from the Past –Engineers as Managers – Consultants and Leaders – Balanced Outlook on Law - Role of Codes – Codes and Experimental Nature of Engineering.

UNIT III: Engineers' Responsibilities towards Safety and Risk:

Concept of Safety - Safety and Risk - Types of Risks - Voluntary v/sInvoluntary Risk - Consequences - Risk Assessment - Accountability - Liability - Reversible Effects - Threshold Levels of Risk - Delayed v/sImmediate Risk - Safety and the Engineer - Designing for Safety - Risk-Benefit Analysis-Accidents.



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

#### **UNIT IV:** Engineers' Duties and Rights:

Concept of Duty - Professional Duties – Collegiality - Techniques for Achieving Collegiality – Senses of Loyalty - Consensus and Controversy - Professional and Individual Rights –Confidential and Proprietary Information - Conflict of Interest-Ethical egoism - Collective Bargaining – Confidentiality - Gifts and Bribes - Problem solving-Occupational Crimes- Industrial Espionage-Price Fixing-Whistle Blowing.

#### UNIT V: Global Issues:

Globalization and MNCs –Cross Culture Issues - Business Ethics – Media Ethics - Environmental Ethics – Endangering Lives - Bio Ethics - Computer Ethics - War Ethics – Research Ethics - Intellectual Property Rights.

• Related Cases Shall be dealt where ever necessary.

**Course Outcomes:** It gives a comprehensive understanding of a variety issues that are encountered by every professional in discharging professional duties. It provides the student the sensitivity and global outlook in the contemporary world to fulfill the professional obligations effectively.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Professional Ethics by R. Subramaniam Oxford Publications, New Delhi.
- 2. Ethics in Engineering by Mike W. Martin and Roland Schinzinger Tata McGraw-Hill 2003.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 3. Professional Ethics and Morals by Prof.A.R.Aryasri, DharanikotaSuyodhana Maruthi Publications.
- 4. Engineering Ethics by Harris, Pritchard and Rabins, Cengage Learning, New Delhi.
- 5. Human Values & Professional Ethics by S. B. Gogate, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., Noida.
- 6. Engineering Ethics & Human Values by M.Govindarajan, S.Natarajan and V.S.SenthilKumar-PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd – 2009.
- 7. Professional Ethics and Human Values by A. Alavudeen, R.Kalil Rahman and M. Jayakumaran University Science Press.
- Professional Ethics and Human Values by Prof.D.R.Kiran-Tata McGraw-Hill 2013 Human Values And Professional Ethics by Jayshree Suresh and B. S. Raghavan, S.Chand Publication



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III Year – II Semester		L	Т	Р	С
		0	0	2	0
	Employability Skills				

**Preamble:** This course is introduced to enhance the soft and hard skills of students based on industry needs and helping the student to get the employment in the competitive industrial environment.

**Course Objective:** In the this course the student should understand:

(i) Aptitude skill, (ii) Soft skills, (iii) Skills required for campus placement interview

#### Unit 1: Aptitude Skills

#### Quantitative Aptitude:

Numbers, HCF and LCM, Problems on ages, Averages, Ratio and Proportion, Percentages, Profit and Loss, Partnership, Interest calculations, Time and Work, Time and Distance, Pipes and Cisterns, Mensuration

#### **Reasoning**:

Number and Letter Analogy, Coding and decoding, Odd Man out, Symbols and Notations, Permutations and Combinations, Probability, Data Interpretation, Data Sufficiency, Clocks and Calendars, Deductions, Logical Connectives, Venn Diagrams, Cubes, Binary Logic, Ordering and Sequencing, Blood relations – Syllogisms - Seating arrangement, Analytical Reasoning

#### Unit 2: Skills - I

**Soft Skills**: An Introduction – Definition and Significance of Soft Skills; Process, Importance and Measurement of Soft Skill Development.**Self-Discovery:** Discovering the Self; Setting Goals; Beliefs, Values, Attitude, Virtue.Goal Setting-Vision Vs Mission Vs Goals, SMART Technique to Goal Setting, SWOT Analysis. **Self Esteem:** Types of Self Esteem, Causes of Low Self Esteem, Merits of Positive Self Esteem and Steps to build a positive Self Esteem; Art of Compromise, Learn to Say:'I Don't Know', Being organized, Showing Self-awareness, Self-Assessment for Attainable Career Objectives. **Attitude & Confidence:** Attitude Vs Skills Vs Knowledge, Attitude Vs Behaviour, Developing Positive Attitude and Confidence; Fear- Public Speaking, Steps to Overcome Fear, developing Positive Thinking and Attitude; Driving out Negativity; Meaning and Theories of Motivation; Enhancing Motivation Levels, Adjusting Your Attitude-Arrogance has no Place in the Workplace, Cultural Sensitivity in the Workplace, Corporate Culture: Learning How to Fit in.**Motivational Talk:** Team Work, Team Vs Group, Stages in Team Building, Mistakes to avoid and Lessons to Learn.

#### Unit 3: Skills – II:

Interpersonal Communication: Interpersonal relations; communication models, process and barriers; team communication; developing interpersonal relationships through effective communication; essential formal writing skills; corporate communication styles – assertion, persuasion, negotiation.Listening: Listening Vs Hearing, Possible reasons for why people do not Listen at times, Active Listening Vs Passive Listening, Listening effect on relationships. Public Speaking: Skills, Methods, Strategies and Essential tips for effective public speaking.Group Discussion: Importance, Planning, Elements, Skills assessed; Effectively disagreeing, Initiating, Summarizing and Attaining the Objective.Non-Verbal Communication: Importance and Elements;



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Body Language-Postures, gestures, eye contact. **Teamwork and Leadership Skills:** Concept of Teams; Building effective teams; Concept of Leadership and honing Leadership skills. **Presentation Skills:** Types, Content, Audience Analysis, Essential Tips – Before, During and After, Overcoming Nervousness.**Etiquette and Manners:** Social and Business.**Time Management** – Concept, Essentials, Tips.

Unit 4: Personality Development: Meaning, Nature, Features, Stages, Models; Learning Skills; Adaptability Skills.Decision-Making and Problem-Solving Skills: Meaning, Types and Models, Group and Ethical Decision-Making, Problems and Dilemmas in application of these skills.Conflict Management: Conflict - Definition, Nature, Types and Causes; Methods of Conflict Resolution.Stress Management: Stress - Definition, Nature, Types, Symptoms and Causes; Stress Analysis Models and Impact of Stress; Measurement and Management of Stress. Leadership and Assertiveness Skills: A Good Leader; Leaders and Managers; Leadership Theories; Types of Leaders; Leadership Behaviour; Assertiveness Skills.Emotional Intelligence: Meaning, History, Features, Components, Intrapersonal and Management Excellence; Strategies to enhance Emotional Intelligence.

Unit 5: Group Discussions (GD):

Stages of a GD, GD Vs Debate, Skills assessed in a GD, Blunders to be avoided, Dos & Don'ts, GD-Practice: Conducting practice sessions and Brain Storming Sessions, Evaluation, feedback on their performance

**Resume Preparation:** Resume Templates, Steps followed for resume preparation, Common mistakes in a resume; Covering letter

**Campus Placements Skills:** Stages of Campus Placement, Skills assessed in Campus Placements, Changing scenario and its Challenges & How to get ready, Motivational Talk on Positive Thinking: Beliefs, Thoughts, Actions, Habits & Results (Success);

**Interview Skills:** Types of Interview, Interviewer and Interviewee – in-depth perspectives; Before, During and After the Interview; Tips for Success, Dress code and Grooming, Dos & Don'ts, Skills assessed in an Interview, Mistakes to be avoided, How to equip oneself to excel; How to handle the Typical Interview Questions; Mock Interviews: Unconventional HR questions, Practice sessions with Feedback, **Simulated Testing:** Previous model papers of companies,

**Business Terminology:** Financial Terms such as Debt, Equity, Share, Working Capital, Turnover, Net worth etc; Vision, Mission, Objectives, Goals, Targets

Course Outcomes: After studying this course the student should able to

(i) solve aptitude and reasoning problems, (ii) apply the soft skills in dealing the issues related to employability, (iii) successful in getting employment in campus placement interview

#### **References:**

- 1) B. K. Mitra, Personality Development and Soft Skills, Oxford University Press, 2011.
- 2) S.P. Dhanavel, English and Soft Skills, Orient Blackswan, 2010.
- 3) R.S.Aggarwal, A Modern Approach to Verbal & Non-Verbal Reasoning, S.Chand & Company Ltd., 2018.
- 4) Raman, Meenakshi & Sharma, Sangeeta, Technical Communication Principles and Practice, Oxford University Press, 2011.



# **DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING**

# **COURSE STRUCTURE AND SYLLABUS**

For

# **B. TECH CIVIL ENGINEERING**

(Applicable for batches admitted from 2019-2020)



# JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY: KAKINADA KAKINADA - 533 003, Andhra Pradesh, India



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

### I Year – I SEMESTER

Sl.	Course	Subjects	L	Т	Р	Credits
No	Code					
1	BS1101	Mathematics – I	3	0	0	3
2	BS1102	Mathematics – II	3	0	0	3
3	BS1108	Engineering Physics	3	0	0	3
4	ES1104	Engineering Mechanics	3	1	0	4
5	ES1103	Engineering Drawing	1	0	3	2.5
6	HS1102	English Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	BS1109	Engineering Physics Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	PR1101	Engineering Exploration Project	0	0	2	1
		Total Credits	16	0	12	19.5

### I Year – II SEMESTER

SI.	Course	Subjects	L	Т	Р	Credits
No	Code					
1	HS1201	English	3	0	0	3
2	BS1203	Mathematics – III	3	0	0	3
3	BS1210	Engineering Chemistry	3	0	0	3
4	ES1201	Programming for problem Solving Using C	3	0	0	3
5	ES1207	Computer Aided Engineering Drawing	1	0	3	2.5
6	ES1202	Programming for problem Solving Using C Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	BS1211	Engineering Chemistry Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	HS1203	Communications Skills Lab	0	0	3	1.5
9	ES1219	Workshop Practice Lab	0	0	3	1.5
10	MC1201	Environmental Science	3	0	0	0
		Total Credits	15	0	11	20.5



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Sl. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Credits
1	BS301	Complex Variables and Statistical Methods	3	0	0	3
2	PC301	Strength of Materials-I	3	0	0	3
3	PC302	Fluid Mechanics	3	0	0	3
4	ES301	Surveying and Geometrics'	3	0	0	3
5	PC303	Building Materials, Construction and Planning	3	0	0	3
6	PC304	Transportation Engineering-I	3	0	0	3
7	PC305	Strength of Materials Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	PC306	Surveying Field Work – I	0	0	3	1.5
9	MC301	Constitution of India	2	0	0	0
		Total Credits				21

#### **II YEAR: I- SEMESTER**

#### **II YEAR: II- SEMESTER**

Sl. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Credits
1	PC401	Strength of Materials-II	3	0	0	3
2	PC402	Hydraulics and Hydraulic Machinery	3	0	0	3
3	ES401	Engineering Geology	3	0	0	3
4	PC403	Transportation Engineering - II	3	0	0	3
5	PC404	Environmental Engineering - I	3	0	0	3
6	PC405	Engineering Geology Lab	0	0	2	1
7	PC406	Transportation Engineering Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	PC407	Fluid Mechanics & Hydraulics Machinery Lab	0	0	3	1.5
9	MC401	Essence of Indian Traditional Knowledge/ Professional Ethics and Human Values	2	0	0	0
		Total Credits				19



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Sl. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Credits
1	PC501	Structural Analysis	3	0	0	3
2	PC502	Concrete Technology	2	0	0	2
3	PC503	Water Resources Engineering - I	3	0	0	3
4	PC504	Environmental Engineering - II	3	0	0	3
5	PE501	Program Elective – I	3	0	0	3
6	OE501	Open Elective – I	3	0	0	3
7	PC506	Concrete Technology Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	PC507	Surveying Field Work - II	0	0	3	1.5
		Total Credits				20

### **III YEAR: I- SEMESTER**

#### **III YEAR: II- SEMESTER**

Sl. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Credits
1	PC601	Design & Drawing of Reinforced Concrete Structures	3	0	0	3
2	PC602	Water Resources Engineering – II	3	0	0	3
3	PC603	Geotechnical Engineering - I	3	0	0	3
4	HS601	Managerial Economics & Financial Analysis	3	0	0	3
5	PE601	Program Elective – II	3	0	0	3
6	OE601	Open Elective – II	3	0	0	3
7	PC604	CAD Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	PC605	Environmental Engineering Lab	0	0	3	1.5
9	PR601	Socially Relevant Project	0	0	2	1
10	MC601	Employability Skills	0	0	2	0
		Total Credits				22



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Sl. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Credits
1	PC701	Design & Drawing of Steel Structures	3	0	0	3
2	PC702	Geotechnical Engineering - II	3	0	0	3
3	PC703	Remote Sensing & GIS	3	0	0	3
4	PE701	Program Elective – III	3	0	0	3
5	OE701	Open Elective – III	3	0	0	3
6	PC704	Remote Sensing & GIS Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	PC705	Geotechnical Engineering Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	PR701	Industrial Training/ Internship or Seminar	0	0	3	1
9	PR702	Project Work Phase-I	0	0	4	2
		Total Credits				21

### **IV YEAR: I- SEMESTER**

#### **IV YEAR: II- SEMESTER**

Sl. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Credits
1	PC801	Estimation Specifications and Contract	3	0	0	3
2	PE801	Program Elective - IV	3	0	0	3
3	PE802	Program Elective – V	3	0	0	3
4	PR801	Project Work Phase-II	0	0	16	8
		Total Credits				17



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Open Electives	Professional Elective-I	Professional Elective-II	Professiona l Elective- III	Professiona l Elective- IV	Professional Elective-V
a) Disaster Management	a) Repair & Rehabilitation of Buildings	a) Pre- stressed Concrete	a) Bridge Engineering	a) Finite Element Methods	a) Advanced Structural Analysis
b) Environmental Pollution & Control	b) Environmental Impact Assessment	b) Watershed Management	b) Industrial Waste Water Treatment	b) Design & Drawing of Irrigation Structures	b) Urban Hydrology
c) Elements of Civil Engineering	c) Reinforced Soil Structures	c) Advanced Foundation Engineering	c) Earth & Rock-fill Dams	c) Soil Dynamics and Machine Foundations	c) Ground Improvement Techniques
d) Green Technology	d) Traffic Engineering	d) Urban Transportatio n Planning	d) Intelligent Transportati on Systems	d) Road Safety Engineering	d) Pavement Management Systems
e) Smart Cities	e) Construction Technology & Management	e) Architecture and Town Planning	e) Building Services	e) Disaster Managemen t & Mitigation	e) Low-cost Housing
f) Project Management				f)SWAYA M/NPTEL /MOOCS COURSES (12 weeks duration)	f) SWAYAM / NPTEL /MOOCS COURSES (12 weeks duration)
g) Traffic Safety					
h) Geo-Spatial Technologies					
i) Waste Water Treatment					





### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

I Year - II Semester		L	Т	Р	С
		3	0	0	0
	ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE(MC1201)				

#### Learning Objectives:

The objectives of the course are to impart:

- Overall understanding of the natural resources.
- Basic understanding of the ecosystem and its diversity.
- Acquaintance on various environmental challenges induced due to unplanned anthropogenic activities.
- An understanding of the environmental impact of developmental activities.
- Awareness on the social issues, environmental legislation and global treaties.

#### UNIT-I:

**Multidisciplinary nature of Environmental Studies:** Definition, Scope and Importance – Sustainability: Stockholm and Rio Summit–Global Environmental Challenges: Global warming and climate change, acid rains, ozone layer depletion, population growth and explosion, effects;. Role of information technology in environment and human health.

**Ecosystems:** Concept of an ecosystem. - Structure and function of an ecosystem; Producers, consumers and decomposers. - Energy flow in the ecosystem - Ecological succession. - Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids; Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of Forest ecosystem, Grassland ecosystem, Desert ecosystem, Aquatic ecosystems.

#### UNIT-II:

Natural Resources: Natural resources and associated problems.

Forest resources: Use and over – exploitation, deforestation – Timber extraction – Mining, dams and other effects on forest and tribal people.

Water resources: Use and over utilization of surface and ground water – Floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams – benefits and problems.

Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources.

Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by non-agriculture activities-effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity.

Energy resources: Growing energy needs, renewable and non-renewable energy sources use of alternate energy sources.

Land resources: Land as a resource, land degradation, Wasteland reclamation, man induced landslides, soil erosion and desertification; Role of an individual in conservation of natural resources; Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles.

### UNIT-III:

**Biodiversity and its conservation:** Definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversityclassification - Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, productive use, social-Biodiversity at national and local levels. India as a mega-diversity nation - Hot-sports of biodiversity - Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, man-wildlife conflicts. - Endangered and endemic species of India – Conservation of biodiversity: conservation of biodiversity



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

**UNIT** – **IV Environmental Pollution:** Definition, Cause, effects and control measures of Air pollution, Water pollution, Soil pollution, Noise pollution, Nuclear hazards. Role of an individual in prevention of pollution. - Pollution case studies, Sustainable Life Studies. Impact of Fire Crackers on Men and his well being.

Solid Waste Management: Sources, Classification, effects and control measures of urban and industrial solid wastes. Consumerism and waste products, Biomedical, Hazardous and e – waste management.

**UNIT** – V Social Issues and the Environment: Urban problems related to energy -Water conservation, rain water harvesting-Resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns. Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions. Environmental Protection Act -Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act. –Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act -Wildlife Protection Act -Forest Conservation Act-Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation. -Public awareness.

**Environmental Management**: Impact Assessment and its significance various stages of EIA, preparation of EMP and EIS, Environmental audit. Ecotourism, Green Campus – Green business and Green politics.

The student should Visit an Industry / Ecosystem and submit a report individually on any issues related to Environmental Studies course and make a power point presentation.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Environmental Studies, K. V. S. G. Murali Krishna, VGS Publishers, Vijayawada
- 2. Environmental Studies, R. Rajagopalan, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2011, Oxford University Press.
- 3. Environmental Studies, P. N. Palanisamy, P. Manikandan, A. Geetha, and K. Manjula Rani; Pearson Education, Chennai

#### **Reference:**

- 1. Text Book of Environmental Studies, Deeshita Dave & P. Udaya Bhaskar, Cengage Learning.
- 2. A Textbook of Environmental Studies, Shaashi Chawla, TMH, New Delhi
- 3. Environmental Studies, Benny Joseph, Tata McGraw Hill Co, New Delhi
- 4. Perspectives in Environment Studies, Anubha Kaushik, C P Kaushik, New Age International Publishers, 2014





### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

II Year - I Semester		L	Т	Р	С
		2	0	0	0
	CONSTITUTION OF INDIA				

#### **Course Objectives:**

- > To Enable the student to understand the importance of constitution
- > To understand the structure of executive, legislature and judiciary
- > To understand philosophy of fundamental rights and duties
- To understand the autonomous nature of constitutional bodies like Supreme Court and high court controller and auditor general of India and election commission of India.
- > To understand the central and state relation financial and administrative.

#### UNIT-I

Introduction to Indian Constitution: Constitution meaning of the term, Indian Constitution - Sources and constitutional history, Features - Citizenship, Preamble, Fundamental Rights and Duties, Directive Principles of State Policy.

#### Learning outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will

- Understand the concept of Indian constitution
- Apply the knowledge on directive principle of state policy
- Analyze the History, features of Indian constitution
- Evaluate Preamble Fundamental Rights and Duties

#### UNIT-II

Union Government and its Administration Structure of the Indian Union: Federalism, Centre- State relationship, President: Role, power and position, PM and Council of ministers, Cabinet and Central Secretariat, LokSabha, RajyaSabha, The Supreme Court and High Court: Powers and Functions; Learning outcomes:-After completion of this unit student will

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- Understand the structure of Indian government
- Differentiate between the state and central government
- Explain the role of President and Prime Minister
- Know the Structure of supreme court and High court

#### UNIT-III

State Government and its Administration Governor - Role and Position - CM and Council of ministers, State Secretariat: Organisation, Structure and Functions

Learning outcomes:-After completion of this unit student will

- Understand the structure of state government
- Analyze the role Governor and Chief Minister
- Explain the role of state Secretariat
- Differentiate between structure and functions of state secretariat



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

### UNIT-IV

A.Local Administration - District's Administration Head - Role and Importance, Municipalities -Mayor and role of Elected Representative - CEO of Municipal Corporation PachayatiRaj: Functions PRI: ZilaPanchayat, Elected officials and their roles, CEO ZilaPanchayat: Block level Organizational Hierarchy - (Different departments), Village level - Role of Elected and Appointed officials -Importance of grass root democracy

Learning outcomes:-After completion of this unit student will

- Understand the local Administration
- Compare and contrast district administration role and importance
- Analyze the role of Myer and elected representatives of Municipalities
- Evaluate Zillapanchayat block level organisation

#### UNIT-V

Election Commission: Election Commission- Role of Chief Election Commissioner and Election Commissionerate State Election Commission:, Functions of Commissions for the welfare of SC/ST/OBC and women

Learning outcomes:-After completion of this unit student will

- Know the role of Election Commission apply knowledge
- Contrast and compare the role of Chief Election commissioner and Commissiononerate
- Analyze role of state election commission
- Evaluate various commissions of viz SC/ST/OBC and women

#### **References:**

- 1. Durga Das Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.. New Delhi
- 2. SubashKashyap, Indian Constitution, National Book Trust
- 3. J.A. Siwach, Dynamics of Indian Government & Politics
- 4. D.C. Gupta, Indian Government and Politics
- 5. H.M.Sreevai, Constitutional Law of India, 4th edition in 3 volumes (Universal Law Publication)
- 6. J.C. Johari, Indian Government and Politics Hans
- 7. J. Raj IndianGovernment and Politics
- 8. M.V. Pylee, Indian Constitution Durga Das Basu, Human Rights in Constitutional Law, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.. New Delhi
- 9. Noorani, A.G., (South Asia Human Rights Documentation Centre), Challenges to Civil Right), Challenges to Civil Rights Guarantees in India, Oxford University Press 2012

#### resources:

- 1. nptel.ac.in/courses/109104074/8
- 2. nptel.ac.in/courses/109104045/
- 3. nptel.ac.in/courses/101104065/
- 4. www.hss.iitb.ac.in/en/lecture-details
- 5. www.iitb.ac.in/en/event/2nd-lecture-institute-lecture-series-indian-constitution



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

### **Course Outcomes**:

At the end of the semester/course, the student will be able to have a clear knowledge on the following:

- Understand historical background of the constitution making and its importance for building a democratic India.
- Understand the functioning of three wings of the government ie., executive, legislative and judiciary.
- > Understand the value of the fundamental rights and duties for becoming good citizen of India.
- Analyze the decentralization of power between central, state and local self-government.
- Apply the knowledge in strengthening of the constitutional institutions like CAG, Election Commission and UPSC for sustaining democracy.
  - 1. Know the sources, features and principles of Indian Constitution.
  - 2. Learn about Union Government, State government and its administration.
  - 3. Get acquainted with Local administration and Pachayati Raj.
  - 4. Be aware of basic concepts and developments of Human Rights.
  - 5. Gain knowledge on roles and functioning of Election Commission





### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

II Year – II Semester		L	Т	Р	C
ii i cui ii Schieștei		2	0	0	0
Es	sence of Indian Knowledge Traditional / Professional Ethics and Human Values				

### Essence of Indian Knowledge Tradition Course Objectives

The course is introduced

- > To get a knowledge in Indian PhilosophicalFoundations.
- > To Know Indian Languages and Literature and the fine arts in India & TheirPhilosophy.
- > To explore the Science and Scientists of Medieval and ModernIndia

#### **Course Outcomes**

After successful completion of the course the students will be able to

- 1. Understand philosophy of Indianculture.
- 2. Distinguish the Indian languages and literature among differencetraditions.
- 3. Learn the philosophy of ancient, medieval and modernIndia.
- 4. Acquire the information about the fine arts inIndia.
- 5. Know the contribution of scientists of different eras.
- 6. The essence of Yogic Science for Inclusiveness ofsociety.

#### UNIT – I

**Introduction to Indian Philosophy:** Basics of Indian Philosophy, culture, civilization, culture and heritage, general characteristics of culture, importance of culture in human literature, Indian culture, Ancient Indian, Medieval India, Modern India.

#### UNIT – II

**Indian Philosophy & Literature:** Vedas Upanishads, schools of Vedanta, and other religion Philosophical Literature. Philosophical Ideas the role of Sanskrit, significance of scriptures to current society, Indian Philosophies, literature of south India.

Indian languages and Literature-II: Northern Indian languages & Philosophical & cultural & literature.

#### UNIT – III

**Religion and Philosophy:** Religion and Philosophy in ancient India, Religion and Philosophy in Medieval India, Religious Reform Movements in Modern India (selected movements only)

#### UNIT – IV

Indian Fine Arts & Its Philosophy (Art, Technology & Engineering): Indian Painting, Indian handicrafts, Music, divisions of Indian classic music, modern Indian music, Dance and Drama, Indian Architecture (ancient, medieval and modern), Science and Technology in Indian, development of science in ancient, medieval and modern Indian.



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

#### UNIT – V

**Education System in India:** Education in ancient, medieval and modern India, aims of education, subjects, languages, Science and Scientists of Ancient India, Scientists of Medieval India, Scientists of Modern India. The role Gurukulas in Education System, Value based Education.

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Kapil Kapoor, "Text and Interpretation: The India Tradition", ISBN: 81246033375,2005
- 2. "Science in Samskrit", Samskrita Bharti Publisher, ISBN-13:978-8187276333,2007
- 3. NCERT, "Position paper on Arts, Music, Dance and Theatre", ISBN 81-7450-494-X,2006
- 4. S. Narain, "Examination in Ancient India", Arya Book Depot, 1993
- 5. Satya Prakash, "Founders of Sciences in Ancient India", Vijay Kumar Publisher, 1989
- 6. M.Hiriyanna, "Essentials of Indian Philosophy", Motilal Banarsidass Publishers, ISBN-13: 978-8120810990,2014
- 7. Chatterjee. S & Dutta "An Introduction to IndianPhilosophy"

#### (or)

#### **PROFESSIONAL ETHICS AND HUMAN VALUES**

**Course Objectives:** To give basic insights and inputs to the student to inculcate Human values to grow as a responsible human beings with proper personality.Professional Ethics instills the student to maintain ethical conduct and discharge their professional duties.

**UNIT I:** Human Values:

Morals, Values and Ethics – Integrity –Trustworthiness - Work Ethics – Service Learning – Civic Virtue – Respect for others – Living Peacefully – Caring – Sharing – Honesty –Courage – Value Time – Co-operation – Commitment – Empathy – Self-confidence – Spirituality- Character. Principles for Harmony:

Truthfulness – Customs and Traditions -Value Education – Human Dignity – Human Rights – Fundamental Duties - Aspirations and Harmony (I, We & Nature) – Gender Bias - Emotional Intelligence – Salovey – Mayer Model – Emotional Competencies – Conscientiousness.

#### **UNIT II:** Engineering Ethics and Social Experimentation:

History of Ethics - Need of Engineering Ethics - Senses of Engineering Ethics- Profession and Professionalism —Self Interest - Moral Autonomy – Utilitarianism – Virtue Theory - Uses of Ethical Theories - Deontology- Types of Inquiry –Kohlberg's Theory - Gilligan's Argument –Heinz's Dilemma - Comparison with Standard Experiments — Learning from the Past –Engineers as Managers – Consultants and Leaders – Balanced Outlook on Law - Role of Codes – Codes and Experimental Nature of Engineering.

UNIT III: Engineers' Responsibilities towards Safety and Risk:

Concept of Safety - Safety and Risk – Types of Risks – Voluntary v/sInvoluntary Risk – Consequences - Risk Assessment – Accountability – Liability - Reversible Effects - Threshold Levels of Risk - Delayed v/sImmediate Risk - Safety and the Engineer – Designing for Safety – Risk-Benefit Analysis-Accidents.



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

#### **UNIT IV:** Engineers' Duties and Rights:

Concept of Duty - Professional Duties – Collegiality - Techniques for Achieving Collegiality – Senses of Loyalty - Consensus and Controversy - Professional and Individual Rights –Confidential and Proprietary Information - Conflict of Interest-Ethical egoism - Collective Bargaining – Confidentiality - Gifts and Bribes - Problem solving-Occupational Crimes- Industrial Espionage-Price Fixing-Whistle Blowing.

#### UNIT V: Global Issues:

Globalization and MNCs –Cross Culture Issues - Business Ethics – Media Ethics - Environmental Ethics – Endangering Lives - Bio Ethics - Computer Ethics - War Ethics – Research Ethics - Intellectual Property Rights.

• Related Cases Shall be dealt where ever necessary.

**Course Outcomes:** It gives a comprehensive understanding of a variety issues that are encountered by every professional in discharging professional duties. It provides the student the sensitivity and global outlook in the contemporary world to fulfill the professional obligations effectively.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Professional Ethics by R. Subramaniam Oxford Publications, New Delhi.
- 2. Ethics in Engineering by Mike W. Martin and Roland Schinzinger Tata McGraw-Hill 2003.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 3. Professional Ethics and Morals by Prof.A.R.Aryasri, DharanikotaSuyodhana Maruthi Publications.
- 4. Engineering Ethics by Harris, Pritchard and Rabins, Cengage Learning, New Delhi.
- 5. Human Values & Professional Ethics by S. B. Gogate, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., Noida.
- 6. Engineering Ethics & Human Values by M.Govindarajan, S.Natarajan and V.S.SenthilKumar-PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd – 2009.
- 7. Professional Ethics and Human Values by A. Alavudeen, R.Kalil Rahman and M. Jayakumaran University Science Press.
- Professional Ethics and Human Values by Prof.D.R.Kiran-Tata McGraw-Hill 2013 Human Values And Professional Ethics by Jayshree Suresh and B. S. Raghavan, S.Chand Publication



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III Year – I Semester		L	Т	Р	C
		3	0	0	3
	STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS				

#### **Course Learning Objectives:**

- To give preliminary concepts of assessment of bending moment and shear force in Propped cantilevers, fixed beams and continuous beams due to various loading conditions.
- To impart concepts of Bending Moment and Shear force for beams with different boundary and loadingconditions
- The procedure for development of slope deflection equations and to solve application to continuous beams with and without settlement of supports.
- The concepts of moving loads and influence lines are imparted for assessment of maximum SF and BM at a given section when loads of varying spans rolling loads of Pratt and Warrentrusses.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of this course the student will be able to,

- Distinguish between the determinate and indeterminatestructures.
- Identify the behaviour of structures due to the expected loads, including the moving loads, acting on thestructure.
- Estimate the bending moment and shear forces in beams for different fixity conditions.
- Analyze the continuous beams using various methods -, three moment method, slope deflection method, energytheorems.
- Draw the influence line diagrams for various types of moving loads on beams/bridges.
- Analyze the loads in Pratt and Warren trusses when loads of different types and spans are passing over the truss.

#### Syllabus:

#### **UNIT – I Propped Cantilever and Fixed beams**

**Propped Cantilevers:** Introduction -Degree of Static and Kinematic indeterminacy of Beams, frames and trusses. Analysis of propped cantilevers-shear force and Bending moment diagrams-Elastic curve - Deflection of propped cantilever beams.

**Fixed Beams** – Introduction to statically indeterminate beams with U. D. load, central point load, eccentric point load, number of point loads, uniformly varying load, couple and combination of loads - shear force and Bending moment diagrams-Elastic curve - Deflection of fixed beams including effect of sinking of support, effect of rotation of asupport.



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

#### UNIT - II Analysis of Continuous beams and Portal Frames

**Slope-Deflection Method:** Introduction, derivation of slope deflection equation, application to continuous beams with and without settlement of supports. Analysis of Single bay single storey portal frames without sway. Shear force and Bending moment diagrams, Elastic curve.

**Moment distribution method:** Application to continuous beams with and without settlement of supports. Analysis of Single bay single storey portal frames without sway. Shear force and Bending moment diagrams, Elastic curve.

**UNIT III Analysis of Pin-Jointed Plane Frames:** Determination of Forces in members of plane pin-jointed (determinate) perfect trusses by (i) method of joints (ii) method of sections and (iii) Method of Tension coefficients. Analysis of various types of cantilever and simply supported trusses by method of joints, method of sections and Tension coefficients.

**UNIT – IV Moving Loads And Influence Lines:** Introduction maximum SF and BM at a given section and absolute maximum S.F. and B.M due to single concentrated load, U. D load longer than the span, U. D load shorter than the span, two point loads with fixed distance between them and several point loads-Equivalent uniformly distributed load-Focal length.

Definition of influence line for SF, Influence line for BM- load position for maximum SF at a section-Load position for maximum BM at a sections, single point load, U.D. load longer than the span, U.D. load shorter than the span- Influence lines for forces in members of Pratt and Warren trusses.

**UNIT – V MATRIX METHODS OF ANALYSIS:** Introduction to Flexibility and Stiffness matrix methods of analyses using 'system approach' upto three degree of indeterminacy– Analysis of continuous beams including settlement of supports using flexibility and stiffness methods - Analysis of pin-jointed determinate plane frames using flexibility and stiffness methods- Analysis of single bay single storey portal frames using only stiffness method - Shear force and bending moment diagrams - Elastic curve.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Structural Analysis by R.C. Hibbeler, Pearson, NewDelhi.
- 2. Basic Structural Analysis, K U Muthu et. al., IK International Publishing house pvt. Ltd.

#### References

- 1. Indeterminate Structural Analysis, K U Muthu et. al., IK International Publishing house pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Analysis of Structures- Vol. I and II, V. N. Vazirani and M. M. Ratwani, Khanna
- 3. Publishers, New Delhi.
- 4. Mechanics of Structures Vol II by H.J.Shah and S.B.Junnarkar, Charotar Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- 5. Structural Analysis by Devdas Menon, Narosa Publishing Housing Pvt. Ltd.
- 6. Structural Analysis: A Matrix Approach, G.S.Pandit and S.P.Gupta, Mc Graw Hill Pvt. Ltd.



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III Year – I Semester		L	Т	Р	С
		2	0	0	2
	CONCRETE TECHNOLOGY				

#### **Course Learning Objectives:**

- To learn concepts of Concrete production and behaviour in various environments.
- To learn test procedures for determination of properties ofconcrete.
- To understand durability properties of concrete in various environments.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of this course, student will be able to

- understand basic concepts of concrete.
- realize importance of quality of concrete.
- familiarize basic ingredients of concrete and their role in concrete and their behaviour in thefield.
- test fresh concrete properties and hardened concreteproperties.
- evaluate ingredients of concrete through lab tests. design concrete mix by ISmethod.
- familiarize basic concepts of special concrete and their production and applications. understand the behaviour of concrete in various environments.

#### **UNIT I : Ingredients of Concrete :**

Portland cement – Chemical composition – Hydration, Setting times, Fineness, Structure – Tests on cement for physical properties – Grades of cements – Admixtures – Mineral and chemical admixtures – accelerators, retarders, air entrainers, plasticizers, super plasticizers, fly ash and silica fume.

**Aggregates:** Classification – Particle shape & texture – Bond, strength & other mechanical properties – Specific gravity, Bulk density, porosity, adsorption & moisture content – Bulking of sand –Deleterious substance – Soundness – Alkali aggregate reaction – Thermal properties – Sieve analysis – Fineness modulus – Grading curves – Grading of fine & coarse Aggregates – Gap graded and well graded aggregate as per relevant IS code – Maximum aggregate size. Quality of mixingwater.

#### UNIT – II : Mix Design and Fresh Concrete

Mix Design: Factors affecting mix proportions – Durability of concrete

- Quality Control of concrete - Statistical methods - Acceptance criteria - Concepts Proportioning of concrete mixes by IS method.

**Fresh Concrete:** Production of Concrete-mix proportion, mixing, placing, compaction, finishing, curing – including various types in each stage. Properties of fresh concrete - Workability – Factors affecting workability – Measurement of workability by different tests. Setting times of concrete.

#### ALARINADA MARINADA Marina Mari

# JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY: KAKINADA KAKINADA – 533 003, Andhra Pradesh, India

### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Effect of time and temperature on workability – Segregation & bleeding – Mixing and vibration of concrete, Ready mixed concrete,Shotcrete

UNIT - III : Hardened Concrete: Water - Cement ratio - Abram's Law - Gel space ratio

- strength of concrete –Maturity concept – Strength in tension & compression – Factors affecting strength – Relation between compression & tensile strength – Curing, Testing of Hardened Concrete: Compression tests – Tension tests – Factors affecting strength – Flexure tests –Splitting tests – Non-destructive testing methods – code provisions forNDT.

**UNIT** – **IV** : **Elasticity, Creep & Shrinkage**, Modulus of elasticity, Dynamic modulus of elasticity, Poisson's ratio, Creep of concrete and factors influencing creep, Relation between creep & time, Nature of creep, Effects of creep – Shrinkage –types of shrinkage.

**UNIT – V : Special Concretes:** Ready mixed concrete, Shotcrete, Light weight aggregate concrete, Cellular concrete, No-fines concrete, High density concrete, Fibre reinforced concrete, Different types of fibres, Factors affecting properties of FRC, Polymer concrete, Types of Polymer concrete, Properties of polymer concrete, High performance concrete–Self compacting concrete, SIFCON, self healing concrete.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Concrete Technology, M. S. Shetty. S. Chand & Company
- 2. Concrete Technology, A. R. Santhakumar, Oxford University Press, NewDelhi

#### **References :**

- 1. Properties of Concrete, A. M. Neville Pearson 5thedition
- Concrete, Microstructure, Properties and Materials by P.K.Mehta and Moterio, McGraw Hill
- 3. Concrete Technology, M.L. Gambhir. Tata Mc. Graw Hill Publishers, NewDelhi



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III Year – I Semester		L	Т	Р	С
		3	0	0	3
WA	TER RESOURCES ENGINEERING -	I			

#### **Course Learning Objectives:**

The course is designed to

- Understand the hydrologic cycle and its relevance to Civilengineering
- make the students understand physical processes in hydrology and, components of the hydrologic cycle
- appreciate concepts and theory of physical processes and interactions
- learn measurement and estimation of the components hydrologic cycle.
- provide an overview and understanding of Unit Hydrograph theory and itsanalysis
- understand flood frequency analysis, design flood, floodrouting
- appreciate the concepts of groundwater movement and wellhydraulics

### **Course Outcomes**

At the end of the course the students are expected to

- be able to quantify major hydrologic components and apply key concepts to several practical areas of engineering hydrology and related designaspects
- develop Intensity-Duration-Frequency and Depth-Area Duration curves to design hydraulicstructures.
- ability to develop design storms and carry out frequencyanalysis
- be able to determine storage capacity and life of reservoirs and develop unit hydrograph and synthetic hydrograph.
- be able to estimate flood magnitude and carry out flood routing.
- be able to determine aquifer parameters and yield of wells.
- Ability to develop the hydrological models.

### UNIT I

**Introduction**: Engineering hydrology and its applications, Hydrologic cycle, hydrological data-sources of data.

**Precipitation**: Types and forms, measurement, raingauge network, presentation of rainfall data, average rainfall, continuity and consistency of rainfall data, frequency of rainfall, Intensity-Duration-Frequency (IDF) curves, Depth-Area-Duration (DAD) curves, Probable Maximum Precipitation (PMP), design storm

**UNIT-II Abstractions from Precipitation**: Initial abstractions.

Evaporation: factors affecting, measurement, reduction

Evapotranspiration: factors affecting, measurement, control


## DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

flow

**UNIT-III Runoff:** Catchment characteristics, Factors affecting runoff, components, computationempirical formulae, tables and curves, stream gauging, rating curve, flow mass curve and flow duration curve.

**Hydrograph analysis**: Components of hydrograph, separation of base flow, effective rainfall hydrograph and direct runoff hydrograph, unit hydrograph, assumptions, derivation of unit hydrograph, unit hydrographs of different durations, principle of superposition and S-hydrograph methods, limitations and applications of unit hydrograph, synthetic unit hydrograph.

**Hydrological models**: Rainfall – Run off modeling, conceptual methods.

**UNIT-IV Floods:** Causes and effects, frequency analysis- Gumbel's and Log-Pearson type III distribution methods, Standard Project Flood (SPF) and Probable Maximum Flood (MPF), flood control methods and management.

Flood Routing: Hydrologic routing, channel and reservoir routing-Muskingum and Puls methods of routing.

**UNIT-V Groundwater:** Occurrence, types of aquifers, aquifer parameters, porosity, specific yield, permeability, transmissivity and storage coefficient, types of wells, Darcy's law, Dupuit's equation-steady radial flow to wells in confined and unconfined aquifers, yield of a open well-recuperation test.

### **Text Books:**

- 1. Engineering Hydrology, Jayarami Reddy, P., Laxmi Publications Pvt. Ltd., (2013), NewDelhi
- 2. Irrigation and Water Power Engineering, B. C. Punmia, Pande B. B. Lal, Ashok Kumar Jain and Arun Kumar Jain, Lakshmi Publications (P)Ltd.
- 3. Sharma, S.K (2016) "Irrigation Engineering", S.chand publisher New Delhi.

### **References:**

- 1. Engineering Hydrology Subramanya, K, Tata McGraw-Hill Education PvtLtd, (2013), New Delhi.
- 2. Irrigation Engineering and Hydraulic Structure, Santosh Kumar Garg, Khanna Publishers.
- 3.Chow, V.T.Maidment, D.K and Mays L.W(2011). "Applied hydrology", Tata McGraw Hills Education Pvt ltd, New Delhi.
- 4. Mays L.W, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd,(2013). "Water Resources Engineering" Wiley India Pvt.Ltd.



## DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III Year – I Semester	L	Т	Р	С
	3	0	0	3
ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEE	RING - II			

# **Course Learning Objectives:**

The objective of this courses:

Outline planning and the design of wastewater collection, conveyance and treatment systems for a community/town/city

Provide knowledge of characterization of wastewater generated in a community Impart understanding of treatment of sewage and the need for its treatment.

Summarize the appurtenance in sewerage systems and the innecessity

Teach planning, and design of septic tank and imhoff tank and the disposal of the effluent from these low cost treatment systems

Effluent disposal method and realise the importance of regulations in the disposal of effluents in rivers

## **Course Outcomes:**

By the end of successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

Plan and design the sewerage systems by estimating the flow

Design of Plumbing for an apartment, Gated community or Hotels or Individual houses and Select the appropriate appurtenances in the sewerage systems

Estimation of BOD and COD and Suggest a suitable disposal method with respect to effluent standards, and Identify the critical point of pollution in a river for a specific amount of pollutant disposal into the river

Analyze sewage and design suitable treatment system for sewage treatment for a village/City.

Design of sewage treatment systems like Septic tank soak pit system and FAB reactor for buildings and understanding tertiary treatment of sewage.

**UNIT – I: Introduction to Sanitation** – Systems of sanitation – relative merits & demerits – collection and conveyance of wastewater – sewerage – classification of sewerage systems- Estimation of sewage flow and storm water drainage – fluctuations – types of sewers - Hydraulics of sewers and storm drains– design of sewers.



## DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

**UNIT – II: Sewer appurtenances** – cleaning and ventilation of sewers. **Pumping of wastewater:** Pumping stations – location – components– types of pumps and their suitability with regard to wastewaters.

**House Plumbing**: Systems of plumbing-sanitary fittings and other accessories– one pipe and two pipe systems – Design of drainage in Gate communities, Apartments and Hotels.

**UNIT – III: Sewage characteristics** – Sampling and analysis of wastewater - Physical, Chemical and Biological Examination-Measurement of BOD and COD – BOD equations. ThOD and Nirogen Oxygen Demand. **Ultimate Disposal of sewage:** Methods of disposal – disposal into water bodies-Oxygen Sag Curve- Disposal into sea, disposal on land, Crown corrosion, Sewage sickness. Effluent standards.

**UNIT – IV: Treatment of Sewage: Primary treatment-** Screens- Grit chambers-Grease traps– floatation– Sedimentation – Design of preliminary and primary treatment units. **Secondary treatment**: Aerobic and anaerobic treatment processcomparison. **Suspended growth process**: Activated Sludge Process, principles, designs, and operational problems, modifications of Activated Sludge Processes, Oxidation ponds, Aerated Lagoons. **Attached Growth Process**: Trickling Filters – mechanism of impurities removal – classification – design, operation and maintenance problems. RBCs, Fluidized bed reactors.

**UNIT V: Miscellaneous Treatment Methods**: Nitrification and Denitrification-Removal of Phosphates – UASB–Membrane reactors- Integrated fixed film reactors. Anaerobic Processes: Septic Tanks and Imhoff tanks- working Principles and Design– Reuse and disposal of septic tank effluent, FAB Reactors. **Bio-solids (Sludge) management**: Characteristics-SVI, handling and treatment of sludge-thickening – anaerobic digestion of sludge, Sludge Drying Beds. Centrifuge. Case studies.

# **Text Books**

- 1. Wastewater Engineering Treatment and Reuse, Metcalf & Eddy, Tata McGraw-Hill edition.
- 2. Elements of Environmental Engineering, K. N. Duggal, S. Chand & Company Ltd. New Delhi,2012.



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

# References

- 1. Industrial Water and Wastewater Management, K.V.S.G. Murali Krishna.
- 2. Environmental Engineering, Howard S. Peavy, Donald R. Rowe, Teorge George Tchobanoglus Mc-Graw-Hill Book Company, New Delhi,1985
- **3.** Wastewater Treatment for Pollution Control and Reuse, Soli. J Arceivala, Sham R Asolekar, Mc-GrawHill, New Delhi; 3r<sup>d</sup>Edition
- **4.** Environmental Engineering –II: Sewage disposal and Air Pollution Engineering, Garg, S. K., Khanna Publishers
- 5. Sewage treatment and disposal, P. N. Modi & Seth.
- 6. Environmental Engineering, Ruth F. Weiner and Robin Matthews 4th Edition Elsevier, 2003
- 7. Environmental Engineering, D. Srinivasan, PHI Learning Private Limited, New Delhi, 2011.



## DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III Year – I Semester		L	Т	Р	С
		3	0	0	3

## **PROGRAM ELECTIVE** – I a). Repair & Rehabilitation of Buildings

### **Course Objective:**

a. Study the assessment, maintenance and repair techniques of concrete structures.

b. Different case studies are analyzed to define the best strategy to maintain and repair the structure.

c. Identify scope of rehabilitation work for dilapidated / obsolete buildings.

d. Identify and apply appropriate structural and construction technologies to rectify maintenance problems.

e. Prepare short and long term maintenance plans.

f. Identify / apply appropriate standards and statutory controls for maintenance and rehabilitation work. Understand the use of Building Information Modelling (BIM) for maintenance planning.

### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to

1. Recognize the mechanisms of degradation of concrete structures and to design durable concrete structures.

2. Conduct field monitoring and non-destructive evaluation of concrete structures.

3. Design and suggest repair strategies for deteriorated concrete structures including repairing with composites.

4. Understand the methods of strengthening methods for concrete structures

5. Assessment of the serviceability and residual life span of concrete structures by Visual inspection and in situ tests

6. Evaluation of causes and mechanism of damage

7. Evaluation of actual capacity of the concrete structure Maintenance strategies

8. Repair / Rehabilitate / Strengthening techniques by using traditional and advanced materials and techniques.

### Syllabus

### UNIT-I

Materials for repair and rehabilitation -Admixtures- types of admixtures- purposes of using admixtures- chemical composition- Natural admixtures- Fibres- wraps- Glass and Carbon fibre wraps- Steel Plates- Non destructive evaluation: Importance- Concrete behavior under corrosion, disintegrated mechanisms- moisture effects and thermal effects – Visual investigation- Acoustical emission methods- Corrosion activity measurement- chloride content – Depth of carbonation- Impact echo methods- Ultrasound pulse velocity methods- Pull out tests.

### UNIT- II

Strengthening and stabilization- Techniques- design considerations- Beam shear capacity strengthening- Shear Transfer strengthening- stress reduction techniques- Column strengthening-



## DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

## UNIT- III

Bonded installation techniques- Externally bonded FRP- Wet layup sheet, bolted plate, near surface mounted FRP, fundamental debonding mechanisms-intermediate crack debonding- CDC debonding-plate end debonding- strengthening of floor of structures.

### UNIT- IV

Fibre reinforced concrete- Properties of constituent materials- Mix proportions, mixing and casting methods-Mechanical properties of fiber reinforced concrete- applications of fibre reinforced concretes-Light weight concrete- properties of light weight concrete- No fines concrete- design of light weight concrete- Flyash concrete- Introduction- classification of flyash- properties and reaction mechanism of flyash- Properties of flyash concrete in fresh state and hardened state- Durability of flyash concretes.

#### UNIT- V

High performance concretes- Introduction- Development of high performance concretes- Materials of high performance concretes- Properties of high performance concretes- Self Consolidating concrete-properties- qualifications.

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Concrete technology- Neville & Brooks
- 2. Special Structural concrete- Rafat Siddique
- 3. Concrete repair and maintenance illustrated- Peter H Emmons
- 4. Concrete Technology-M S Shetty



## DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III Year – I Semester	L	Т	Р	С
	3	0	0	3
PROGRAM ELECTIVE – L b) Environmental Impact Assessment				

## **Course Learning Objectives:**

The objective of this course is:

- 1. To impart knowledge on different concepts of Environmental Impact Assessment
- 2. To know procedures of risk assessment
- 3. To learn the EIA methodologies and the criterion for selection of EIA methods
- 4. To know pre-requisites for ISO 14001 certification
- 5. To know the procedures for environmental clearances and audit
- 6. To appreciate the importance of stakeholder participation in EIA

## **Course Learning Outcomes**

Upon successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- a) Prepare EMP, EIS and EIA report, estimate cost benefit ratio of a project
- b) Selection of an appropriate EIA methodology
- c) Evaluation of impacts on environment
- d) Evaluation of risk assessment
- e) Know the latest acts and guidelines of MoEF & CC

## SYLLABUS:

**UNIT-I: Basic concepts of EIA**: Elements of EIA-factors affecting EIA-Initial environmental Examination- life cycle analysis preparation of Environmental Base map- Classification of environmental parameters – role of stakeholders in the EIA preparation – stages in EIA, Environmental economics, Cost/benefit Analysis - EIS and EMP. Identification of activities-application of remote sensing and GIS for EIA.

**UNIT-II: EIA Methodologies**: Introduction, Criteria for the selection of EIA Methodology, E I A methods, Ad-hoc methods, matrix methods, Network method Environmental Media Quality Index method, overlay methods.

**Impact of Developmental Activities and Land use**: Introduction and Methodology for the assessment of soil and ground water, Delineation of study area.

UNIT-III Procurement of relevant soil quality, Impact prediction, Assessment of Impact significance, Identification and Incorporation of mitigation measures - E I A with reference to



## **DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING**

surface water environment, Generalized approach for assessment of Air pollution Impact.

**UNIT-IV:** Assessment of Impact of development Activities on Vegetation and wildlife, environmental Impact of Deforestation.

Environmental Risk Assessment and Risk management in EIA: Risk assessment and treatment of uncertainty-key stages in performing an Environmental Risk Assessment- Advantages of Environmental Risk Assessment

**UNIT-V EIA: MoEF&CC Acts, Notifications and Guidelines:** Provisions in the EIA notification, procedure for environmental clearance, procedure for conducting environmental impact assessment report- evaluation of EIA report. Environmental legislation objectives, evaluation of Audit data and preparation of Audit report. Post Audit activities, Concept of ISO and ISO14000. Environmental compliance reports. Case studies and preparation of EIA statement for various Industries.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Environmental Impact Assessment, Canter Larry W., McGraw-Hill education Edi (1996)
- 2. Environmental Impact Assessment Methodologies, Y. Anjaneyulu, B. S. Publication, Sultan Bazar, Hyderabad.

### **References:**

1. Environmental Science and Engineering, J. Glynn and Gary W. Hein Ke – Prentice Hall Publishers

2. Environmental Science and Engineering, Suresh K. Dhaneja, S. K. Katania& Sons Publication., New Delhi.

3. Environmental Pollution and Control, H. S. Bhatia, Galgotia Publication (P) Ltd, Delhi



## DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III Year – I Semester	L	Т	Р	С		
	3	0	0	3		
PROGRAM ELECTIVE – I c). Reinforced Soil Structures						

#### **Course objectives:**

- 1. To understand the history and mechanism of reinforced soil
- 2. To know the various types of geo-synthetics, their functions and applications.
- 3. To enable the design of reinforced soil retaining structures.

### **Expected Outcomes:**

The students will

- a) Understand the history and mechanism of reinforced soil
- b) Become aware about situations where geo-synthetics can be used.
- c) Know about various types of geo-synthetics and their functions
- d) Be able to do dimple design of reinforced soil retaining walls and reinforced earth beds.

Unit I:

Introduction -history –ancient and modern structures- Types of geo-synthetics, advantages, disadvantages. Functions of geo-synthetics and application areas where these functions are utilized such as in retaining walls, slopes, embankments, railway tracks, pavements etc. (general overview). Raw materials used for geo-synthetics, manufacturing process of woven and non-woven geotextiles, geo-membranes, geo-grids.

Unit II:

Properties of geo-synthetics. Creep and long term performance. Reinforced soil - Advantages and disadvantages. Fills, Types of facings, Factors affecting the performance and behaviour of reinforced soil. Mechanism of reinforcement action - Equivalent Confining Stress Concept, Pseudo Cohesion Concept, Concept of Expanding soil mass. – Simple problems.

Unit III:

Design and analysis of vertically faced reinforced soil retaining walls- External stability and Internal stability – Tie back wedge analysis and coherent gravity analysis with metallic strip and continuous geo-synthetic reinforcements. Assumptions, limitations and numerical problems. Construction methods of reinforced retaining walls. Geo-synthetics in pavements, function and benefits.

Unit IV:

Bearing capacity improvement using soil reinforcement – Binquet and Lee's analysis – Assumptions, failure mechanisms. Simple problems in bearing capacity. Geo-synthetics for short term stability of



## DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

embankments on soft soils. Natural geotextiles, Advantages and disadvantages, functions, erosion control-types of erosion control products, installation methods.

Unit V:

Prefabricated vertical drains along with design principles and installation method Concept of Geocells, Gabion Walls, encased stone columns, geo-composites, soil nailing, geo-tubes, geo-bags (only basic concepts), Natural geotextiles using coir and jute with relative advantages and disadvantages, application areas, application in landfills.

## **Text Books:**

1. Jones, C.J.F.P. (1985). Earth reinforcement and soil structures. Butterworth, London.

2. Rao, G.V. (2007). Geo-synthetics – An Introduction. Sai Master Geo-environmental Services Pvt. Ltd., Hyderabad

### **References:**

1. Koerner, R.M. (1999). Designing with Geosynthetics, Prentice Hall, New Jersey, USA, 4th edition.

2. Rao, G.V., Kumar, S. J. and Raju, G.V.S.S. (Eds.). Earth Reinforcement – Design and Construction. Publication No. 314, Central Board of Irrigation and Power, New Delhi, 2012.

3. Sivakumar Babu, G.L. (2006). An introduction to Soil reinforcement and geosynthetics. United Press (India) Pvt. Ltd. COURSE



## DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III Year – I Semester		L	Т	Р	С
		3	0	0	3
PROGRAM ELECTIVE – I d). Traffic Engineering					

#### **Course Learning Objectives:**

The objective of this course is:

- 1. To determine various components and characteristics of traffic.
- 2. To apply various traffic control devices and principles of highway safety.
- 3. To understand the detrimental effects of traffic on environment
- 4. To carry out highway capacity and level of service analysis.
- 5. To learn about intelligent vehicle highway systems.

## **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of course, Students will be able to

- a. Determine traffic speed, volume, travel time and density.
- b. Design traffic signals
- c. Determine highway capacity and LOS

## UNIT- I

**Components Of The Traffic System:** Human-Vehicle–Environment System; characteristics of Road users, Vehicles, Highways and their classification; Traffic Studies:Inventories; Volume studies; Speed, Travel time and Delay studies; Intersection studies; Pedestrian studies; Parking studies; Accident studies.

## UNIT- II

**Traffic Characteristics:** Microscopic and macroscopic flow characteristics: Time headways; Temporal, spatial and model flow patterns; Interrupted and Un interrupted traffic. Microscopic and macroscopic speed characteristics: Vehicular speed Trajectories; Speed characteristics – Mathematical distribution; Speed and travel time variations; Travel time and delay studies. Microscopic and Macroscopic density characteristics: Distance headway characteristics; Carfollowing theories; Density measurement techniques; Density contour maps.

### UNIT- III

**Traffic Control Devices & Highway Safety:** Traffic signs & Markings; Signal Warrants; Signal phasing and Development of phase plans; Fixed and Vehicle activated signals; Webster method; ARRB method; Drew's Method; IRC method; Signal coordination; Area Traffic control. Accident characteristics – Road – Driver – Vehicle; Accident recording and Analysis; Highway Safety Improvement Program; Safety Audit.



## DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

## UNIT- IV

**Highway Capacity And Level Of Service:** Capacity and level of service; Factors affecting Capacity and LOS; Capacity of Rural Highways, Capacity of Urban Roads; HCM and IRC standards.

## UNIT- V

**Intelligent Vehicle – Highway Systems:** Traffic surveillance and monitoring; IVHS programs, Role of IVHS, IVHS categories, Benefits and Costs of IVHS, Categories of ITS.

## **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. 'Traffic Engineering: Theory and Practice' by Pignataro LJ., Prentice hall, Inc
- 2. 'Traffic and Transport planning' by Kadiyali L.R., Khanna Publishers

## **REFERENCES:**

- 1. 'Traffic Engineering' by Rogu P. Roess, Elena S. Prassas and William R. Mc Shane, Pearson India Education Services pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Traffic and Highway Engineering by Garber and Hoel, Cengage Learning India pvt. Ltd., Noida, New Delhi.



## DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III Year – I Semester		L	Т	Р	С	
		3	0	0	3	
PROGRAM ELECTIVE – I e). Construction Technology & Management						

## **Course Learning Objectives:**

The objective of this course is:

- 1. to introduce to the student, the concept of project management including network drawing and monitoring
- 2. to introduce various equipment's like earth moving equipment, trucks and handling equipment, aggregate production and construction equipment and machinery, related to constriction.
- 3. to introduce the importance of safety in construction projects

#### **Course Outcomes**:

Upon the successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- a) appreciate the importance of construction planning
- b) understand the functioning of various earth moving equipment
- c) know the methods of production of aggregate products and concreting and usage of machinery required for the works.
- d) apply the gained knowledge to project management and construction techniques

### SYLLABUS:

**UNIT- I** Construction project management and its relevance – qualities of a project manager – project planning – coordination –scheduling - monitoring – bar charts – milestone charts – critical Path Method – Applications

**UNIT -II** Project Evaluation and Review Technique – cost analysis - updating – crashing for optimum cost – crashing for optimum resources – allocation of resources

**UNIT- III** Construction equipment – economical considerations – earthwork equipment – Trucks and handling equipment – rear dump trucks – capacities of trucks and handling equipment – calculation of truck production – compaction equipment – types of compaction rollers

**UNIT -IV** Concreting equipment – crushers – jaw crushers – gyratory crushers – impact crushers – selection of crushing equipment - screening of aggregate – concrete mixers – mixing and placing of concrete – consolidating and finishing

UNIT -V Construction methods - earthwork - piling - placing of concrete - form work - fabrication and eraction - quality control and safety engineering



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

## **Text Books:**

1. Construction Planning Equipment and Methods, Peurifoy and Schexnayder, Shapira, Tata Mcgraw hill

2. Construction Project Management Theory and Practice, Kumar NeerajJha (2011), Pearson.

3. Construction Technology, Subir K. Sarkar and Subhajit Saraswati, Oxford University press.

4. Project Planning and Control with PERT and CPM, B. C. Punamia and K K Khandelwal, Laxmi Publications Pvt Ltd. Hyderabad.

## **References:**

1. Construction Project Management - An Integrated Approach, Peter Fewings, Taylor and Francis

2. Construction Management Emerging Trends and Technologies, Trefor Williams,

Cengagelearning.

3. Hand Book of Construction Management, P. K. Joy, Trinity Press Chennai, New Delhi.



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III Year – I Semester		L	Т	Р	С	
		3	0	0	3	
OPEN ELECTIVE – I (Choose any One out of Nine Courses)						



## DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III Year – I Semester		L	Т	Р	С
		0	0	3	1.5
	CONCRETE TECHNOLOGY LAB				

#### **Course Learning Objectives:**

• To study basic properties ingredients of concrete, fresh and hardened concrete properties

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of this course, student will be able to

- Determine consistency and fineness of cement.
- Determine setting times ofcement.
- Determine specific gravity and soundness ofcement.
- Determine compressive strength of cement.
- Determine workability of cement concrete by compaction factor, slump and Vee Beetests
- Determine specific gravity of coarse aggregate and fine aggregate by Sieve analysis.
- Determine flakiness and elongation index of aggregates.
- Determine bulking ofsand.
- Understand non-destructive testing procedures on concrete.

List of Experiments: At least 10 experiments must be conducted (at least one for each property)

- 1. Determination of normal Consistency and fineness ofcement.
- 2. Determination of initial setting time and final setting time ofcement.
- 3. Determination of specific gravity and soundness ofcement.
- 4. Determination of compressive strength of cement.
- 5. Determination of grading and fineness modulus of Coarse aggregate by sieveanalysis.
- 6. Determination of specific gravity of coarseaggregate
- 7. Determination of grading and fineness modulus of fine aggregate (sand) by sieve analysis.
- 8. Determination of bulking ofsand.
- 9. Determination of workability of concrete by compaction factormethod.
- 10. Determination of workability of concrete by slumptest
- 11. Determination of workability of concrete by Vee-beetest.
- 12. Determination of compressive strength of cement concrete and its young'smodulus
- 13. Determination of split tensile strength ofconcrete.
- 11 Non Destructive testing on concrete (fordemonstration)



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

## List of Equipment:

- 1. Standard set of sieves for coarse aggregate and fineaggregate
- 2. Vicat'sapparatus
- 3. Specific gravitybottle.
- 4. Lechatlier'sapparatus.
- 5. Slump TestApparatus.
- 6. Compaction Factor TestApparatus.
- 7. Vee- Bee testapparatus
- 8. Longitudinal compresso-meter
- 9. Universal testing Machine (UTM)/Compression Testing Machine(CTM).
- 10. Rebound hammer, Ultrasonic pulse velocity machine, micro cover meteretc.

### **Reference:**

1) Concrete Manual by M.L.Gambhir



## DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III Year – I Semester		L	Т	Р	С
		0	0	3	1.5
	SURVEYING FIELD WORK – II				

#### List of Experiments

1. Theodolite Survey: Determining the Horizontal and Vertical Angles by the method of repetitionmethod.

- 2. Theodolite Survey: Finding the distance between two inaccessible points.
- 3. Theodolite Survey: Finding the height of farobject.
- 4. TacheomatricSurvey:Heightsanddistanceproblemsusingtachometric principles.
- 5. One Exercise on Curvesetting.
- 6. One Exercise oncontours.

7. Total Station: Introduction to total station and practicing setting up, levelling up and elimination of parallaxerror.

- 8. Total Station: Determination of area using totalstation.
- 9. Total Station:Traversing
- 10. Total Station:Contouring
- 11. Total Station: Determination of Remoteheight.
- 12. Total Station: distance between two inaccessible points.

Note: Any 10 field work assignments must be completed.



## DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III Year – II Semester	L	Т	Р	С		
	3	0	0	3		
DESIGN AND DRAWING OF REINFORCED CONCRETE STRUCTURES						

## **Course Learning Objectives:**

The objective of this course is:

- Familiarize Students with different designphilosophies
- Equip student with design of members in flexural and shear
- Understand bond andtorsion
- Familiarize with design of compression members under different types of loading
- Understand different types of footings and design

### **Course Outcomes**:

At the end of this course the student will be able to

- Work on different types of design methods
- Carryout analysis and design of flexural members anddetailing
- Design structures subjected to shear, bond andtorsion
- Design different type of compression members and footings

### SYLLABUS:

### **UNIT –I Design Methods**

**Working stress method**: Elastic theory: design constants, modular ratio, neutral axis depth and moment of resistance - balanced, under-reinforced and over-reinforced sections. Design of singly and doubly reinforced beams, IS Code Provisions.

Limit State Design: Basic statistical principles –Characteristic strength – Characteristic loads - Partial load and safety factors – stress-strain curves for HYSD bars and MS bars. Assumptions – stress block parameters – Moment of Resistance.

### All units i.e. from unit II to unit V are to be taught in Limit State Design.

**UNIT –II Design for Flexure and Shear: D**esign of singly reinforced beams- effective depth-Moment of Resistance- Doubly reinforced and flanged (T) beams- Minimum depth - Minimum and Maximum Flexural Tension Reinforcement - Design of Flanged Sections (T & L)- Effective width of flange - Analysis and Design Problems.

**Design for Shear and Torsion:** Analysis and design of sections for shear and torsion – bond, anchorage and development length, I.S. code provisions. Design examples in simply supported and continuous beams, detailing.



DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING



## DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

UNIT – III Slabs and Serviceability: Classification of slabs, design of one - way slabs, one way continuous slab using IS Coefficients (Conventional) –Design of two - way slabs - simply supported slabs and slabs with various edge conditions using IS Coefficients. Design of Stair case Limit state of serviceability: Deflection, cracking and IS code provisions for beams and slabs.

**UNIT – 1V Design of Compression members**: Effective length, Braced and un-braced columns – IS Code provisions, Design of short and long columns under axial loads, uniaxial bending and biaxial bending (Demonstration using SP 16)

#### UNIT –V

**Footings:** Types of footings – Design of isolated footings – pedestal, square, rectangular and circular footings subjected to axial loads, uni-axial bending moment.

**NOTE:** All the designs to be taught in Limit State Method Following plates should be prepared by

the students.

- 1. Reinforcement detailing of T-beams, L-beams and continuousbeams.
- 2. Reinforcement detailing of columns and isolatedfootings.
- 3. Detailing of one-way, two-way and continuous slabs and waist-slab staircase.

### FINAL EXAMINATION PATTERN:

The end examination paper should consist of Part A and Part B. Part A consists of two questions in Design and Drawing out of which one question is to be answered. Part B should consist of five questions and design out of which three are to be answered. Weightage for Part – A is 40% and Part- B is 60%.

### **Text Books:**

- 1. Limit State Design, A. K.Jain, Nem Chand Brothers
- 2. Reinforced Concrete Structures, N. Krishna Raju & R. N. Pranesh, New Age Publications.
- 3. Structural Design and Drawing by N.Krishna Raju, Universities Press

#### **References:**

- 1. R C C Design, B.C Punmia, A. K. Jain and A. K Jain. LakshmiPublications
- 2. Reinforced Concrete Structures, S. Unnikrishna Pillai &Devdas Menon, Tata c.Graw Hill, New Delhi.
- 3. Design of Reinforced concrete Structures, N.Subrahmanian, Oxford University Press.
- 4. Limit state design of reinforced concrete structures by P C Varghese, PHI Learning pvt. Ltd.



## DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

## IS Codes: (Permitted to use in examination hall)

- 2) IS -456-2000 Code of practice for Reinforced Concrete Structures
- 3) IS -875 (Parts 1 and 2)
- 3) SP-16
- 4) SP 34



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III Year – II Semester		L	Т	Р	С
		3	0	0	3
	Water Resources Engineering – II				

### **Course Learning Objectives:**

The course is designed to

introduce the types of irrigation systems

introduce the concepts of planning and design of irrigation systems

discuss the relationships between soil, water and plant and their significance in

planning an irrigation system

understand design methods of erodible and non-erodible canals know the principles of design of hydraulic structures on permeable foundations know the concepts for analysis and design principles of storage and diversion head

### works

learn design principles of canal structures

### **Course Outcomes**

At the end of the course the student will be able to

be able to estimate irrigation water requirements ability to design irrigation canals and canal network plan an irrigation system design irrigation canal structures plan and design diversion head works analyse stability of gravity and earth dams design ogee spillways and energy dissipation works

## UNIT-I

**Irrigation:** Necessity and importance, principal crops and crop seasons, types, methods of application, soil-water-plant relationship, soil moisture constants, consumptive use, estimation of consumptive use, crop water requirement, duty and delta, factors affecting duty, depth and frequency of irrigation, irrigation efficiencies, water logging and drainage, standards of quality for irrigation water, crop rotation.

## UNIT-II

**Canals:** Classification, design of non-erodible canals - methods of economic section and maximum permissible velocity, economics of canal lining, design of erodible canals -Kennedy's silt theory and Lacey's regime theory, balancing depth ofcutting.



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

## **Canal Structures:**

**Falls:** Types and location, design principles of Sarda type fall and straight glacis fall. **Regulators:** Head and cross regulators, design principles

**Cross Drainage Works:** Types, selection, design principles of aqueduct, siphon aqueduct and superpassage.

Outlets: types, proportionality, sensitivity and flexibility

# UNIT-III

**Diversion Head Works:** Types of diversion head works, weirs and barrages, layout of diversion head works, components. causes and failures of weirs on permeable foundations, Bligh's creep theory, Khosla's theory, design of impervious floors for subsurface flow, exitgradient.

## UNIT-IV

**Reservoir Planning:** Investigations, site selection, zones of storage, yield and storage capacity of reservoir, reservoir sedimentation.

Dams: Types of dams, selection of type of dam, selection of site for a dam.

**Gravity dams:** Forces acting on a gravity dam, causes of failure of a gravity dam, elementary profile and practical profile of a gravity dam, limiting height of a dam, stability analysis, drainage galleries grouting.

# UNIT-V

**Earth Dams:** Types, causes of failure, criteria for safe design, seepage, measures for control of seepage-filters, stability analysis-stability of downstream slope during steady seepage and upstream slope during sudden drawdown conditions.

**Spillways**: Types, design principles of Ogee spillways, types of spillways crest gates. Energy dissipation below spillways-stilling basin and its appurtenances.

## **Text Books:**

1. Garg, S.K (2015), "Irrigation Engineering and Hydraulic Structures", Khanna Book house PvtLtd , New Delhi.

2. Sharma,S.K.(2016). "Irrigation Engineering and Hydraulic Sructures." S.Chand& company Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi. Pp1174.

# **References:**

1. Asawa G L (2013) : "Irrigation and Water Resources Engineering, New Age InternationalPublishers", New Delhi.

2. Modi, P. N (2011), "Irrigation Water Resources and Water Power Engineering", Standard Book House, New Delhi



## DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III Year – II Semester		L	Т	Р	С
		3	0	0	3
	Geotechnical Engineering - I				

#### **Course Learning Objectives:**

The Objectives of this course are:

- 1. To enable the student to determine the index properties of the soil and classify it.
- 2. To impart the concept of seepage of water through soils and determine the discharge of water through soils.
- 3. To impart the principles of compaction and consolidation of soils and determine the magnitude and the rate of consolidation settlement.
- 4. To enable the student to understand the concept of shear strength of soils, determine the shear parameters of sands and clays and the areas of their application.

#### **Course Outcomes**:

Upon the successful completion of this course

- a. The student must know the definition of the various quantities related to soil mechanics and establish their inter-relationships.
- b. The student should be able to know the methods of determination of the various index properties of the soils and classify the soils.
- c. The student should be able to know the importance of the different engineering properties of the soil such as compaction, permeability, consolidation and shear strength and determine them in the laboratory.
- d. The student should be able to apply the above concepts in day-to-day civil engineering practice.

## UNIT – I

**Introduction:** Soil formation – soil structure and clay mineralogy – Adsorbed water – Mass- volume relationship –Relative density

**Index Properties of Soils:** Grain size analysis – Sieve and Hydrometer methods – consistency limits and indices – Various Types of soil Classifications – Unified soil classification and I.S. Soil classification.

### UNIT –II

**Permeability:** Soil water – capillary rise – One dimensioned flow of water through soils – Darcy's law- permeability – Factors affecting –laboratory determination of coefficient of permeability – Permeability of layered systems.

Geostatic Stresses: Total, neutral and effective stresses -quick sand condition



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Seepage:2-D flow and Laplace's equation - Seepage through soils –Flow nets: Characteristics and Uses.



## DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

## UNIT – III

**Stress Distribution In Soils:** Stresses induced by applied loads - Boussinesq's and Westergaard's theories for point loads and areas of different shapes– Newmark's influence chart -2:1 stress distribution method.

## UNIT – IV

**Compaction**: Mechanism of compaction – factors affecting – effects of compaction on soil properties - compaction control.

**Consolidation:** Compressibility of soils – e-p and e-log p curves – Stress history – Concept of consolidation - Spring Analogy - Terzaghi's theory of one-dimensional Consolidation – Time rate of consolidation and degree of consolidation – Determination of coefficient of consolidation ( $c_v$ ) - Over consolidated and normally consolidated clays.

## UNIT – V

**Shear Strength of Soils:** Basic mechanism of shear strength -Mohr – Coulomb Failure theories – Stress-Strain behavior of Sands - Critical Void Ratio – Stress-Strain behavior of clays – Shear Strength determination- various drainage conditions.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Gopal Ranjan and A.S.R.Rao, "Basic and Applied Soil Mechanics", New Age International Publishers.
- 2. V.N.S.Murthy, "Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering", CBS publishers
- 3. M.Palani Kumar, "Soil Mechanics", PHI Learning

## **REFERENCES:**

- 1. D.W.Taylor, "Fundamentals of Soil Mechanics", Wiley.
- 2. Holtz and Kovacs, "An introduction to Geotechnical Engineering" Prentice Hall
- 3. Donald P. Coduto, Man-chu Ronald Young and William A. Kitch, "



## DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III Year - II Semester	MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS AND	L	Т	Р	С
	(Common to all Branches)	3	0	0	3

#### **Course Objectives:**

- The Learning objectives of this paper are to understand the concept and nature of Managerial Economics and its relationship with other disciplines and also to understand the Concept of Demand and Demand forecasting.
- To familiarize about the Production function, Input Output relationship, Cost-Output relationship and Cost-Volume-Profit Analysis.
- To understand the nature of markets, Methods of Pricing in the different market structures and to know the different forms of Business organization and the concept of Business Cycles.
- To learn different Accounting Systems, preparation of Financial Statement and uses of different tools for performance evaluation.
- Finally, it is also to understand the concept of Capital, Capital Budgeting and the techniques used to evaluate Capital Budgeting proposals.

#### Unit-I

#### Introduction to Managerial Economics and demand Analysis:

Definition of Managerial Economics –Scope of Managerial Economics and its relationship with other subjects –Concept of Demand, Types of Demand, Determinants of Demand-Demand schedule, Demand curve, Law of Demand and its limitations- Elasticity of Demand, Types of Elasticity of Demand and Measurement-Demand forecasting and Methods of forecasting, Concept of Supply and Law of Supply.

#### Unit – II:

#### **Theories of Production and Cost Analyses:**

Theories of Production function- Law of Variable proportions-Isoquants and Isocosts and choice of least cost factor combination-Concepts of Returns to scale and Economies of scale-Different cost concepts: opportunity costs, explicit and implicit costs-Fixed costs, Variable Costs and Total costs –Cost –Volume-Profit analysis-Determination of Breakeven point(problems)-Managerial significance and limitations of Breakeven point.

#### Unit – III:

#### Introduction to Markets, Theories of the Firm & Pricing Policies:

Market Structures: Perfect Competition, Monopoly, Monopolistic competition and Oligopoly – Features – Price and Output Determination – Managerial Theories of firm: Marris and Williamson's models – other Methods of Pricing: Average cost pricing, Limit Pricing, Market Skimming Pricing, Internet Pricing: (Flat Rate Pricing, Usage sensitive pricing) and Priority Pricing, Business Cycles : Meaning and Features – Phases of a Business Cycle. Features and Evaluation of Sole Trader, Partnership, Joint Stock Company – State/Public Enterprises and their forms.

#### Unit – IV:

#### Introduction to Accounting & Financing Analysis:

Introduction to Double Entry System, Journal, Ledger, Trail Balance and Preparation of Final Accounts with adjustments – Preparation of Financial Statements-Analysis and Interpretation of Financial Statements-Ratio Analysis – Preparation of Funds flow and cash flow analysis (Problems)



## DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

#### Unit – V:

**Capital and Capital Budgeting:** Capital Budgeting: Meaning of Capital-Capitalization-Meaning of Capital Budgeting-Time value of money- Methods of appraising Project profitability: Traditional Methods(pay back period, accounting rate of return) and modern methods(Discounted cash flow method, Net Present Value method, Internal Rate of Return Method and Profitability Index)

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- The Learner is equipped with the knowledge of estimating the Demand and demand elasticities for a product.
- The knowledge of understanding of the Input-Output-Cost relationships and estimation of the least cost combination of inputs.
- The pupil is also ready to understand the nature of different markets and Price Output determination under various market conditions and also to have the knowledge of different Business Units.
- The Learner is able to prepare Financial Statements and the usage of various Accounting tools for Analysis.
- The Learner can able to evaluate various investment project proposals with the help of capital budgeting techniques for decision making.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

A R Aryasri, Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, The McGraw – Hill companies.

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Varshney R.L, K.L Maheswari, Managerial Economics, S. Chand & Company Ltd,
- 2. JL Pappas and EF Brigham, Managerial Economics, Holt, R & W; New edition edition
- 3. N.P Srinivasn and M. SakthivelMurugan, Accounting for Management, S. Chand & Company Ltd,
- 4. MaheswariS.N,AnIntroduction to Accountancy, Vikas Publishing House Pvt Ltd
- 5. I.M Pandey, Financial Management, Vikas Publishing House Pvt Ltd
- 6. V. Maheswari, Managerial Economics, S. Chand & Company Ltd,



## DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III Year – II Semester	L	Т	Р	C
	3	0	0	3
PROGRAM ELE	<b>FIVE – II a). Pre-stressed Concrete</b>			

### **Course Learning Objectives:**

The objective of this course is:

- Familiarize Students with concepts of prestressing
- Equip student with different prestressing systems and devices
- Understand losses of prestress including short and long termlosses
- Familiarize students with analysis and design of prestressed concrete members under flexure, shear and torsion

### **Course Outcomes**:

- At the end of this course the student will be able to
- Understand different methods of prestressing
- Estimate effective prestress including short and long termlosses
- Analyze and design prestressed concrete beams under flexure and shear
- Understand the relevant IS Code provisions for prestressed concrete

## SYLLABUS:

**UNIT-I Introduction &Methods and Systems of prestressing** Historic development- General principles of prestressing pretensioning and post tensioning- Advantages and limitations of Prestressed concrete- General principles of PSC- Classification and types of prestressing- Materials-high strength concrete and high tensile steel their characteristics. Pretensioning and Posttensioning methods and systems of prestressing like Hoyer system, Magnel Blaton system, Freyssinet system and Gifford- Udall System- Lee McCall system

**Flexure:** Analysis of sections for flexure- beams prestressed with straight, concentric, eccentric, bent and parabolic tendons, Line of Thrust – Pressure Line, Load Balancing Concept.

**UNIT-II** Losses of Pre-stressing- Loss of Pre-stress in pre-tensioned and post tensioned members -Elastic shortening, shrinkage, and creep of concrete; Relaxation of steel, slip in anchorage, and frictional losses- Total loss and allowable loss of prestress for design



## DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

UNIT-III Design for Flexure - Types of failure – Code procedures - Design for flexure using IS Code (IS 1343 -2012) Cable profile in two span continuous members.

UNIT-IV Deflections: Importance of control of deflections- Factors influencing deflections – Short term deflections of uncracked beams- prediction of long time deflections- IS code requirements.
Composite Beams: Different Types- Propped and Unpropped- stress distribution- Differential shrinkage- Analysis of composite beams- Deflection of determinate composite beam.

**UNIT-V** Design for Shear and Torsion- Shear and Principal Stresses- Design of Shear reinforcement - Code Provisions- Design for Torsion, Design for Combined bending, shear and torsion, Control of deflections- Factors influencing Deflection- Prediction of short term and long termdeflections.

## **Text Books:-**

- 1. Prestressed Concrete by N.Krishna Raju, 6e Tata Mc Graw Hill Book co.
- 2. Prestressed Concrete by K.U.Muthu PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.

## **References:**

- 1. Design of prestress concrete structures by T.Y. Lin and Burn, John Wiley, New York.
- 2. Prestressed Concrete by N. RajagopalanNarosa Publishing House.
- 3. Prestressed concrete by S. RamamruthamDhanpat Rai & Sons, Delhi.
- 4. IS 1343:2012



## DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III Year – II Semester		L	Т	Р	С
		3	0	0	3
PROGRA	M ELECTIVE – II b). Watershed Mana	gemen	t		

Course Learning Objectives The course is designed to:

- Introduce the concept of watershed management
- Understand the watershed characteristics
- Learn the principles of soil erosion and measures to control erosion
- Appreciate various water harvesting techniques.
- Learn land management practices for various land use/land cover.
- Introduce concepts of watershed modelling.

Course outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to

- Calculate watershed parameters and analyse watershed characteristics to take appropriate management action.
- Quantify soil erosion and design control measures.
- Apply land grading techniques for proper land management .
- Suggest suitable harvesting techniques for better watershed management.
- Apply appropriate models for watershed management.

#### SYLLABUS

UNIT-I: Introduction: Concept of watershed development, objectives of watershed development, need for watershed development, Characteristics of Watersheds: Size, shape, physiography, slope, climate, drainage, land use, vegetation, geology and soils, hydrology and hydrogeology, socio-economic characteristics.

UNIT-II : Principles of Erosion: Types and causes of erosion, factors affecting erosion, estimation of soil loss due to erosion- Universal soil loss equation. Measures to Control Erosion: Contour techniques, ploughing, furrowing, trenching, bunding, terracing, gully control, check dams, rock-fill dams, brushwood dam, Gabion.

UNIT-III: Water Harvesting: Techniques of rain water harvesting- rain water harvesting from roof top, surface flow harvesting, subsurface flow harvesting, stop dams, farm ponds and dugout ponds, percolation tanks.

UNIT-IV: Land Management: Land use and Land capability classification, management of forest, agricultural, grassland and wild land, land grading operation, Reclamation of saline and alkaline soils.



## DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

UNIT-V: Watershed Modelling: Data of watershed for modelling, application and comparison of watershed models, model calibration and validation, advances of watershed models. Integrated and multidisciplinary approach for watershed management.

## TEXT BOOKS

- 1. 'Watershed Management' by Das MM and M.D Saikia, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd, 2013.
- 2. 'Land and Water Management' by Murthy.VVN, Kalyani Publications, 2007.
- 3. 'Watershed Management' by Murthy J V S, New Age International Publishers, 2006.

## REFERENCES

- 1. 'Water Resource Engineering'by Wurbs R A and James R A, Prentice Hall Publishers, 2002.
- 2. 'Watershed Hydrology' by Black P E, Prentice Hall, 1996.



## DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III Year – II Semester	L	Т	Р	С
	3	0	0	3

## **PROGRAM ELECTIVE – IIc). Advanced Foundation Engineering**

### **Course Learning Objectives:**

The objective of this course is:

- 1. To enable the student to appreciate how Meyerhof's general bearing capacity equations are important over Terzaghi's bearing capacity equation.
- 2. To teach the student special methods of computation of settlements and the corrections to be applied to settlements.
- 3. To enable the student to understand the advanced concepts of design of pile foundations.
- 4. To teach the student the problems posed by expansive soils and the foundation practices appropriate to expansive soils.
- 5. To enable the student to learn the difference between isolated and combined footings, the determination of bearing capacity of mats and proportioning of footings.

### **Course Outcomes**:

Upon successful completion of this course, student will be able to

- a. compute the safe bearing capacity of footings subjected to vertical and inclined loads.
- b. understand the advanced methods of settlement computations and proportion foundation footings.
- c. appreciate the methods of computing the pull-out capacity and negative skin friction of piles and compute the settlements of pile groups in clays.
- d. appreciate the problems posed by expansive soils and the different foundation practices devised.
- e. appreciate the difference between isolated footings and combined footings and mat foundations.

### UNIT-I

### Bearing capacity & settlement analysis of foundations:

Bearing capacity of Foundations using general bearing capacity equation - Meyerhof's, Brinch Hansen's and Vesic's methods – Bearing capacity of Layered soils - Strong layer over weak layer, weak layer on strong layer – Bearing capacity of foundations on a top of slope – Bearing capacity of foundations at the edge of the slope.

Settlement analysis: Immediate settlement of footings resting on granular soils - Schmertmann& Hartman method - De Beer and Martens method - Immediate settlement in clays - Janbu's method - correction for consolidation settlement using Skempton and Bjerrum's method - Correction for construction period.



## DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

## UNIT-II

## Mat foundations:

Mat foundations – Purpose and types of isolated and combined footings – Mats/ Rafts – Proportioning of footings – Ultimate bearing capacity of mat foundations – allowable bearing capacity of mats founded in clays and granular soils – compensated rafts.

## UNIT-III

### Earth retaining structures:

Earth-retaining structures – cantilever sheet piles – anchored bulkheads – fixed and free earth support methods – design of anchors – braced excavations – function of different components – forces in ties – stability against bottom heave.

### UNIT-IV

### **Pile foundations:**

Pile foundations – single pile versus group of piles – load-carrying capacity of pile groups – negative skin friction (NSF) -settlement of pile groups in sands and clays –laterally loaded piles in granular soils – Reese and Matlock method – laterally loaded piles in cohesive soils – Davisson and Gill method – Broms' analysis.

## UNIT-V

## Foundation in expansive soils:

Foundations in expansive soils – definitions of swell potential and swelling pressure – determination of free swell index – factors affecting swell potential and swelling pressure – foundation practices – sand cushion method – CNS layer - drilled piers and belled piers – under-reamed piles – moisture control methods.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. 'Basic and applied soil mechanics' by Gopal Ranjan and ASR Rao, New Age Publishers
- 2. 'Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering' by VNS Murthy, CBS Publishers
- 3. 'Principles of Foundation Engineering' by BM Das, Thomson Brooks/Cole

## **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. 'Foundation Analysis and Design' by JE Bowles, John Wiley
- 2. 'Foundation Design' by WC Teng, Prentice Hall Publishers



## DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III Year – II Semester	L	Т	Р	C
	3	0	0	3

## **PROGRAM ELECTIVE – II d). Urban Transportation Planning**

### **Course Learning Objectives:**

The objective of this course is:

- 1. To appreciate urban transportation problems and procedures for travel demand estimation
- 2. To appreciate data collection techniques for OD data.
- 3. To estimate trip generation, trip distribution, mode choice and traffic assignment.
- 4. To develop alternative urban transport network plans
- 5.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of course, Student will be able to

- a. Estimate travel demand for an urban area
- b. Plan the transportation network for a city
- c. Identify the corridor and plan for providing good transportation facilities.
- d. Evaluate various alternative transportation proposals

### SYLLABUS:

### UNIT -I

**Urban Transportation Problems & Travel Demand:** Urban Issues, Travel Characteristics, Evolution of Planning Process, Supply and Demand – Systems approach; Trends, Overall Planning process, Long term Vs Short term planning, Demand Function, Independent Variables, Travel Attributes, Assumptions in Demand Estimation, Sequential, and Simultaneous Approaches, Aggregate and Disaggregate Techniques.

### UNIT -II

**Data Collection And Inventories:** Collection of data – Organisation of surveys and Analysis, Study Area, Zoning, Types and Sources of Data, Road Side Interviews, Home Interview Surveys, Commercial Vehicle Surveys, Sampling Techniques, Expansion Factors, Accuracy Checks, Use of Secondary Sources, Economic data – Income – Population – Employment – Vehicle Owner Ship.

## UNIT -III

**Trip Generation & Distribution:**UTPS Approach, Trip Generation Analysis: Zonal Models, Category Analysis, Household Models, Trip Attraction models, Commercial Trip Rates; Trip Distribution: Growth Factor Methods, Gravity Models, Opportunity Models, Time Function Iteration Models.


### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

### UNIT -IV

**Mode Choice Analysis:** Mode Choice Behaviour, Competing Modes, Mode Split Curves, Aggregate and Disaggregate Approaches; Discrete Choice Analysis, Choice sets, Maximum Utility, Probabilistic Models: Binary Logit, Multinomial Logit Model – IIA property; Aggregation.

**Traffic Assignment:**Diversion Curves; Basic Elements of Transport Networks, Coding, Route Properties, Path Building Criteria, Skimming Tree, All-or-Nothing Assignment, Capacity Restraint Techniques, Reallocation of Assigned Volumes, Equilibrium Assignment.

### UNIT -V

**Corridor Identification, Plan Preparation & Evaluation:** Master plans, Selection of Corridor, Corridor Identification, Corridor deficiency Analysis; Travel Forecasts to Evaluate Alternative Improvements, Impacts of New Development on Transportation Facilities. Pivot Point Analysis, Environmental and Energy Analysis; Case studies.

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. 'Transportation Engineering An Introduction' by Khisty C.J., B. Kent Lall, Pearson India Education Services pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Transportation Engineering and Planning by C S Papacostas and P.D. Prevedours; Pearson India Education Services pvt. Ltd.

### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. 'Urban Transportation Planning: A decision oriented Approach' by Mayer M and Miller E, McGraw Hill
- 2. 'Traffic Engineering and Transportation Planning' by Kadiyali.L.R., Khanna Publishers, New Delhi.



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III Year – II Semester	L	Т	Р	С	
		3	0	0	3

### **PROGRAM ELECTIVE – II e).** Architecture and Town Planning

### **Course Learning Objectives:**

The objectives of this course are:

- 1. Initiating the students to different architectures of the world. The distinctions between the eastern and western architecture styles are focused.
- 2. The salient features of Egyptian, Greek, Roman, Indian Vedic, Indus valley civilization, Buddhist, Hindu and Indo-Sarsanic Architecture are introduced.
- 3. Architectural design concepts, principles of planning and composition are imparted.
- 4. Enabling the student to understand town planning from ancient times to modern times.
- 5. To impart the concepts of town planning standards, land scaping and expansion of towns.

### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon the successful completion of this course:

- a. The student should be able to distinguish architectural styles of eastern and western world.
- b. The student should understand the importance of Orders of architecture.
- c. Should be able to compose spaces of buildings using design concepts, planning principles.
- d. Should understand the town planning standards, landscaping features and regulations controlling expansion of the towns and the cities.

### SYLLABUS:

UNIT – I

**History of Architecture:** Western Architecture:Egyptian, Greek, Roman Architectures- Orders. Indian Architecture: Vedic age, Indus valley civilization.

**Temples of religions:** Buddhist period: Stambas, Stupas, Toranas, Chaityas, Viharas – Hindu temples: Dravidian and Indo Aryan Styles-Temple of Aihole, Madurai, Bhuvaneshwar, Mount Abu. Indo Sarsanic (Islamic) Architecture: Mosque - Palace - Fort - Tomb.

### UNIT - II

**Principles of designing and Planning:** Principles of planning a residence- site selection, site orientation- aspect, prospect, grouping, circulation, privacy, furniture requirements, services and other factors.

**Post-classic Architecture:** Introduction of post-classic architecture- contribution of eminent architects to modern period-Edward Lutyens, Le Corbusier, Frank Lloyd Wrigt, Walter Groping.



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

UNIT – III

**Historical Back Ground of Town Planning:** Town planning in India – Town plans of mythological Manasa-Town plans of ancient towns: Harappa, Mohenjodaro, Pataliputra, Delhi, Acropolis (Greece), Jerusalem, Mecca, Rome, London.

UNIT – IV

**Modern Town Planning:** Zoning- Roads and road traffic- Housing- Slums, Parks, Play grounds-Public Utility Services- Surveys and maps for planning- Neighborhood Planning.

**Standards of Town planning:** Planning new towns, planning standards and specifications, national and regional planning, town planning and legislation-planning regulations and limitations.

UNIT - V

Land Scaping and Expansion of Towns: Land scaping for the towns, horizontal and vertical expansion of towns- garden cities, satellite towns-floating towns- sky scrapers-pyramidal cities.

### **TEXTBOOKS:**

- 1. 'The great ages of World Architecture' by G.K. Hiraskar.
- 2. 'Planning and Design of Buildings by Section of Architecture' by Y. S. Sane.
- 3. 'Professional Practice' by G.K.Krishnamurthy, S.V.Ravindra, PHI Learning, New Delhi.
- 4. 'Indian Architecture Vol. I & II' by Percy Brown, Taraporevala Publications, Bombay.
- 5. 'Fundamentals of Town Planning' by G.K.Haraskar.

### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. 'Drafting and Design for Architecture' by Hepler, Cengage Learning
- 2. 'Architect's Portable Handbook' by John Patten Guthrie McGraw.Hill International Publications.
- 3. 'Mordern Ideal Homes for India' by R. S. Deshpande.
- 4. 'Town and County Planning' by A.J.Brown and H.M.Sherrard.
- 5. 'Town Design' by Federik Glbbard, Architectural press, London.



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III Year – II Semester	L	Т	Р	С			
		3	0	0	3		
OPEN ELECTIVE – II							
(Choose any One out of Nine Courses which was not studied earlier)							



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III Year – II Semester	L	Т	Р	С	
		3	0	0	3
CAD LAB					

#### Course Objectives: The objectives of the course are to

- 1. Learn the usage of any fundamental software for design
- 2. Create geometries using pre-processor
- 3. Analyse and Interpret the results using post processor
- 4. **Design** the structural elements

#### **Course Outcomes**

#### After the completion of the course student should be able to

- a) **Model** the geometry of real-world structure Represent the physical model of structural element/structure
- b) Perform analysis
- c) **Interpret** from the Post processing results
- d) **Design** the structural elements and a system as per IS Codes

### **LIST OF EXPERIMENTS**

- 1. Analysis &Design determinate structures using a software
- 2. Analysis &Design of fixed & continuous beams using a software
- 3. Analysis & Design of Plane Frames
- 4. Analysis & Design of space frames subjected to DL & LL
- 5. Analysis & Design of residential building subjected to all loads (DL,LL,WL,EQL)
- 6. Analysis & Design of Roof Trusses
- 7. Design and detailing of built up steel beam
- 8. Developing a design programme for foundation using EXCEL Spread Sheet
- 9. Detailing of RCC beam and RCCslab
- 10. Detailing of Steel built up compression member

**Note:** Drafting of all the exercises is to be carried out using commercially available designing software's.



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III Year – II Semester	L	Т	Р	С
	0	0	3	1.5
EVIRONME	TAL ENGINEERING LAB			

#### **Course Learning Objectives:**

The course will address the following:

- Estimation of important characteristics of water and wastewater in the laboratory
- Inference with reference to the significance of the characteristics of the water and wastewater

#### **Course Outcomes**:

Upon the successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- Estimate some important characteristics of water, wastewater and soil in the laboratory
- Draw some conclusion and decide whether the water is suitable for Drinking/Construction / Agriculture/ Industry.
- Estimate Chloride, EC and Salinity of Soil and suggest their suitability for Construction/Agriculture
- Estimation of the strength of the sewage in terms of BOD and COD and Decide whether the water body is polluted or not with reference to the stated parameters in the list of experiments
- Demonstration of various instruments used in testing of water and soil and study of Drinking water standards, WHO guidelines, Effluent standards and standards for Construction/ Agriculture/ Industry.

### List of Experiments

- 1. Determination of pH and Electrical Conductivity (Salinity) of Water and Soil.
- 2. Determination and estimation of Total Hardness-Calcium & Magnesium.
- 3. Determination of Alkalinity/Acidity
- 4. Determination of Chloride in water and soil

5. Determination and Estimation of total solids, organic solids and inorganic solids and Settleable Solids by Imhoff Cone.

- 6. Determination of Iron.
- 7. Determination of Dissolved Oxygen with D.O. Meter & Wrinklers Method and BOD.
- 8. Determination of N, P, K values in solid waste
- 9. Physical parameters Temperature, Color, Odor, Turbidity, Taste.
- 10. Determination of C.O.D.



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

- 11. Determination of Optimum coagulant dose- with and without coagulant aids
- 12. Determination of Chlorine residue and demand
- 13. Presumptive Coliformtest.

NOTE: Atleast 10 of the experiments enlisted are to be conducted.

### List of Equipments

- 1) pH meter
- 2) Turbiditymeter
- 3) Conductivitymeter
- 4) Hot airoven
- 5) Mufflefurnace
- 6) Dissolved Oxygenmeter
- 7) U–V visiblespectrophotometer
- 8) COD RefluxApparatus
- 9) Jar TestApparatus
- 10) BOD Incubator
- 11) Autoclave
- 12) Laminar flowchamber
- 13) Hazen's Apparatus
- 14) Chlorocsope

### **Text Books**

1. Standard Methods for Analysis of Water and Waste Water - APHA

2. Chemical Analysis of Water and Soil by KVSG Murali Krishna, Reem Publications, NewDelhi, 2010.

### Reference

- 1. Relevant IS Codes.
- 2. Chemistry for Environmental Engineering by Sawyer and Mc.Carty.



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III Year – II Semester		L	Т	Р	С	
in i cai in Schiester		0	0	2	1	
	Socially Relevant Project					

Preamble:

There is lot of scientific and technological changes in the nation during last few decades in almost all the sectors. The state and central governments are introducing many schemes to all classes of people of the nation to increase the productivity in various sectors. India is a rural centric nation and the fruits of the scientific inventions and new technology shall be shared among all remote corners of the nation. With this aim, a socially relevant project is newly introduced in the curriculum with an objective of taking up the projects relevant to the societal needs.

#### Objectives:

- (1) The student(s) shall explore the technological needs of society
- (2) The student(s) shall understand the technological problems of society

#### General guidelines:

- A socially relevant project shall be a community service based project and it shall be innovative.
- A student has to pursue the socially relevant project to solve real life and pressing problems of society.
- The pursued socially relevant projects shall contribute to national development goals and priorities.
- Socially relevant project can be carried out by an individual student or by a team of maximum 5 of concerned department.
- The student(s) shall visit the society (Villages/Hospitals/Social Service Organizations etc) to identify the problem and conduct literature survey and provide a feasible solution.
- The socially relevant project selected shall be in the broad area of concerned discipline of course.
  Preference shall be given to rural societal problems.
- Each team shall work under the supervision of a faculty member of the concerned department.
- If the course is offered in II Year I Semester, the student or team of students shall complete this project during the vacation after I Year and so on.
- The duration of the project is about 15 to 20 hrs in total and students may split total duration into 2 to 3 hrs per day based convenience. The attendance shall be maintained by the supervisor.

#### Sample Projects (but not limited to):

(i) Energy Auditing in a rural village (ii) Smart starting and control of motors in agriculture and aqua fields (iii) TV Remote Operated Domestic Appliances Control (iv) Solar Powered Auto Irrigation System (v) Auto Intensity Control of Street Lights (vi) Hidden Active Cell Phone Detector (vii) Railway Track Security System (viii) Solar Power Charge Controller (ix) Home Automation System Using Digital Control (x) Intelligent Overhead Tank Water Level Indicator (xi) Pre Stampede Monitoring and Alarm System (xii) Detect Rash Driving Speed Checker System on Highways

#### Outcomes

(1) The student(s) are be able to provide a solutions the technological problems of society

- (1) The student(s) is able suggest technological changes which suits current needs of society
- (2) The student(s) are able to explain new technologies available for problems of the society. Reference:
- (1) Web Link: http://iitk.ac.in/new/socially-relevant-research
- (2) https://csie.iitm.ac.in/SocialProjectsIITM.html
- (3) http://www.iitkgp.ac.in/files/csr/csr\_education.pdf



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III Year – II Semester	L	Т	Р	С		
		0	0	2	0	
	Employability Skills					

**Preamble:** This course is introduced to enhance the soft and hard skills of students based on industry needs and helping the student to get the employment in the competitive industrial environment.

**Course Objective:** In the this course the student should understand:

(i) Aptitude skill, (ii) Soft skills, (iii) Skills required for campus placement interview

### Unit 1: Aptitude Skills

### Quantitative Aptitude:

Numbers, HCF and LCM, Problems on ages, Averages, Ratio and Proportion, Percentages, Profit and Loss, Partnership, Interest calculations, Time and Work, Time and Distance, Pipes and Cisterns, Mensuration

#### **Reasoning**:

Number and Letter Analogy, Coding and decoding, Odd Man out, Symbols and Notations, Permutations and Combinations, Probability, Data Interpretation, Data Sufficiency, Clocks and Calendars, Deductions, Logical Connectives, Venn Diagrams, Cubes, Binary Logic, Ordering and Sequencing, Blood relations – Syllogisms - Seating arrangement, Analytical Reasoning

### Unit 2: Skills - I

**Soft Skills**: An Introduction – Definition and Significance of Soft Skills; Process, Importance and Measurement of Soft Skill Development.**Self-Discovery:** Discovering the Self; Setting Goals; Beliefs, Values, Attitude, Virtue.Goal Setting-Vision Vs Mission Vs Goals, SMART Technique to Goal Setting, SWOT Analysis. **Self Esteem:** Types of Self Esteem, Causes of Low Self Esteem, Merits of Positive Self Esteem and Steps to build a positive Self Esteem; Art of Compromise, Learn to Say:'I Don't Know', Being organized, Showing Self-awareness, Self-Assessment for Attainable Career Objectives. **Attitude & Confidence:** Attitude Vs Skills Vs Knowledge, Attitude Vs Behaviour, Developing Positive Attitude and Confidence; Fear- Public Speaking, Steps to Overcome Fear, developing Positive Thinking and Attitude; Driving out Negativity; Meaning and Theories of Motivation; Enhancing Motivation Levels, Adjusting Your Attitude-Arrogance has no Place in the Workplace, Cultural Sensitivity in the Workplace, Corporate Culture: Learning How to Fit in.**Motivational Talk:** Team Work, Team Vs Group, Stages in Team Building, Mistakes to avoid and Lessons to Learn.

### Unit 3: Skills – II:

**Interpersonal Communication:** Interpersonal relations; communication models, process and barriers; team communication; developing interpersonal relationships through effective communication; essential formal writing skills; corporate communication styles – assertion, persuasion, negotiation.Listening: Listening Vs Hearing, Possible reasons for why people do not Listen at times, Active Listening Vs Passive Listening, Listening effect on relationships. **Public Speaking:** Skills, Methods, Strategies and Essential tips for effective public speaking.**Group Discussion:** Importance, Planning, Elements, Skills assessed; Effectively disagreeing, Initiating,

### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Body Language-Postures, gestures, eye contact. **Teamwork and Leadership Skills:** Concept of Teams; Building effective teams; Concept of Leadership and honing Leadership skills. **Presentation Skills:** Types, Content, Audience Analysis, Essential Tips – Before, During and After, Overcoming Nervousness.**Etiquette and Manners:** Social and Business.**Time Management** – Concept, Essentials, Tips.

**Unit 4: Personality Development**: Meaning, Nature, Features, Stages, Models; Learning Skills; Adaptability Skills.**Decision-Making and Problem-Solving Skills**: Meaning, Types and Models, Group and Ethical Decision-Making, Problems and Dilemmas in application of these skills.**Conflict Management**: Conflict - Definition, Nature, Types and Causes; Methods of Conflict Resolution.**Stress Management**: Stress - Definition, Nature, Types, Symptoms and Causes; Stress Analysis Models and Impact of Stress; Measurement and Management of Stress. **Leadership and Assertiveness Skills**: A Good Leader; Leaders and Managers; Leadership Theories; Types of Leaders; Leadership Behaviour; Assertiveness Skills.**Emotional Intelligence**: Meaning, History, Features, Components, Intrapersonal and Management Excellence; Strategies to enhance Emotional Intelligence.

Unit 5: Group Discussions (GD):

Stages of a GD, GD Vs Debate, Skills assessed in a GD, Blunders to be avoided, Dos & Don'ts, GD-Practice: Conducting practice sessions and Brain Storming Sessions, Evaluation, feedback on their performance

**Resume Preparation:** Resume Templates, Steps followed for resume preparation, Common mistakes in a resume; Covering letter

**Campus Placements Skills:** Stages of Campus Placement, Skills assessed in Campus Placements, Changing scenario and its Challenges & How to get ready, Motivational Talk on Positive Thinking: Beliefs, Thoughts, Actions, Habits & Results (Success);

**Interview Skills:** Types of Interview, Interviewer and Interviewee – in-depth perspectives; Before, During and After the Interview; Tips for Success, Dress code and Grooming, Dos & Don'ts, Skills assessed in an Interview, Mistakes to be avoided, How to equip oneself to excel; How to handle the Typical Interview Questions; Mock Interviews: Unconventional HR questions, Practice sessions with Feedback, **Simulated Testing:** Previous model papers of companies,

**Business Terminology:** Financial Terms such as Debt, Equity, Share, Working Capital, Turnover, Net worth etc; Vision, Mission, Objectives, Goals, Targets

Course Outcomes: After studying this course the student should able to

(i) solve aptitude and reasoning problems, (ii) apply the soft skills in dealing the issues related to employability, (iii) successful in getting employment in campus placement interview

### **References:**

- 1) B. K. Mitra, Personality Development and Soft Skills, Oxford University Press, 2011.
- 2) S.P. Dhanavel, English and Soft Skills, Orient Blackswan, 2010.
- 3) R.S.Aggarwal, A Modern Approach to Verbal & Non-Verbal Reasoning, S.Chand & Company Ltd., 2018.
- 4) Raman, Meenakshi & Sharma, Sangeeta, Technical Communication Principles and Practice, Oxford University Press, 2011.



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

IV Year – I Semester		L	Т	Р	C
		3	0	0	3
	Design & Drawing of Steel Structures				

### **Course Learning Objectives:**

The objective of this course is to:

- Familiarize Students with different types of Connections and relevant IScodes
- Equip student with concepts of design of flexuralmembers
- Understand Design of tension and compression members intrusses
- Familiarize students with types of Columns, column bases and their Design
- Familiarize students with Plate girder and Gantry Girder and theirDesign

### **Course Outcomes**:

At the end of this course the student will be able to

- Work with relevant IScodes
- Carryout analysis and design of flexural members and detailing
- Design compression members of different types with connectiondetailing
- Design Plate Girder and Gantry Girder with connection detailing
- Produce the drawings pertaining to different components of steelstructures

**UNIT** – I Types of structural steel – Mechanical properties of steel – Concepts of plasticity – yield strength - Loads and Stresses – Local buckling behavior of steel. Concepts of limit State Design – Different Limit States – Load combinations for different Limit states - Design Strengths- deflection limits – serviceability – stability check.;

**Connections:** Design of Connections– Different types of connections – Bolted connections –Design strength – efficiency of joint

**Welded connections**: Advantages and disadvantages - Strength of welds-Butt and fillet welds: Permissible stresses – IS Code requirements. Design of fillet weld subjected to in-plane moment acting in the plane and at right angles to the plane of thejoints.

# All units i.e. from unit II to unit-VI to be taught in Limit State Design and in Welded connections only.

### UNIT – II

*Plastic Analysis;*Plastic moment – Plastic section modulus - Plastic analysis of continuous beams **Beams**: Allowable stresses, design requirements as per IS Code-Design of simple and compound beams-Curtailment of flange plates, Beam to beam connection, check for deflection, shear, buckling, check for bearing, laterally unsupported beams.



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

UNIT –III Compression and Tension Members: Effective length - Slenderness ratio – permissible stresses. Design of compression members, and struts. Built up compression members – Design of lacings and battens. Design Principles of Eccentrically loaded columns, Splicing of columns.
 Roof Truss Element: Different types of trusses – Design loads – Load combinations as per IS Codes –Design of simple roof trusses involving design of purlins, rafters and joints – tubular trusses.
 UNIT – IV Design of Column Foundations: Design of slab base and gusseted base. Column bases subjected moment.

**UNIT** – **V Design of Plate Girder:** Design consideration – I S Code recommendations Design of plate girder - Welded – Curtailment of flange plates, stiffeners – splicing and connections. **Design of Gantry Girder:** impact factors - longitudinal forces, Design of Gantry girders.

**NOTE:** Welding connections should be used in Units II - VI. The students should prepare the following plates.

Plate 1 Detailing of simple beams,

Plate 2 Detailing of Compound beams including curtailment of flange plates. Plate 3 Detailing of Column including lacing and battens,

Plate 4 Detailing of Column bases - slab base and gusseted base,

Plate 5 Detailing of steel roof trusses including joint details and

Plate 6 Detailing of Plate girder including curtailment, splicing and stiffeners.

### FINAL EXAMINATION PATTERN:

The end examination paper should consist of Part A and Part B. Part A consist of two questions in Design and Drawing out of which one question is to be answered. Part B should consist of five questions and design out of which three are to be answered. Weightage for Part – A is 40% and Part-B is 60%.

### **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Steel Structures Design and Practice, N. Subramanian, Oxford UniversityPress.
- 2. Limit State Design of steel structures, S. K. Duggal, Tata Mc Graw Hill, NewDelhi

### REFERENCES

- 1. Structural Design in Steel, SarwarAlamRaz, New Age International Publishers, NewDelhi
- 2. Structural Design and Drawing by N.Krishna Raju, Universities Press
- 3. Design of Steel Structures by K.S.Sai Ram, Person India Education Services **IS Codes:**

rd

- 1) IS 800:2007, Indian Standard Code for General Construction in Steel, 3 revision, Indian Standards Institution, NewDelhi, 2008.
- 2) IS 875, Code of practice for design loads (other than earth quake) for buildings and structures (Part-1-Part 5), Bureau of Indian standards.
- 3) SteelTables.

### These codes and steel tables are permitted to use in the examinations.



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

IV Year – I Semester	L	Т	Р	С	
		3	0	0	3
	Geotechnical Engineering – II				

### **Course Learning Objectives:**

The objective of this course is:

- 1. To impart to the student knowledge of types of shallow foundations and theories required for the determination of their bearing capacity.
- 2. To enable the student to compute immediate and consolidation settlements of shallow foundations.
- 3. To impart the principles of important field tests such as SPT and Plate bearing test.
- 4. To enable the student to imbibe the concepts of pile foundations and determine their load carrying capacity.

### **Course Outcomes**:

Upon the successful completion of this course:

- a. The student must be able to understand the various types of shallow foundations and decide on their location based on soil characteristics.
- b. The student must be able to compute the magnitude of foundation settlement and decide on the size of the foundation accordingly.
- c. The student must be able to use the field test data and arrive at the bearing capacity.
- d. The student must be able to apply the principles of bearing capacity of piles and design them accordingly.

### UNIT – I

**Soil Exploration**: Need – Methods of soil exploration – Boring and Sampling methods – Field tests – Penetration Tests – Pressure meter – planning of Programme and preparation of soil investigation report.

### UNIT – II

**Earth And Earth-Retaining Structures**: Infinite and finite earth slopes in sand and clay – types of failures – factor of safety of infinite slopes – stability analysis by Swedish arc method, standard method of slices – Taylor's Stability Number-Stability of slopes of dams and embankments – different conditions.

Rankine's & Coulomb's theory of earth pressure – Culmann's graphical method - earth pressures in layered soils.

### UNIT-III

Shallow Foundations – Bearing Capacity Criteria: Types of foundations and factors to be considered in their location - Bearing capacity – criteria for determination of bearing capacity –



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

factors influencing bearing capacity – analytical methods to determine bearing capacity – Terzaghi's theory - IS Methods.

### UNIT-IV

**Shallow Foundations – Settlement Criteria:** Safe bearing pressure based on N- value – allowable bearing pressure; safe bearing capacity and settlement from plate load test – Types of foundation settlements and their determination - allowable settlements of structures.

### UNIT -V

### **Deep Foundations:**

**Pile Foundation**: Types of piles – Load carrying capacity of piles based on static pile formulae – Dynamic pile formulae– Pile load tests - Load carrying capacity of pile groups in sands and clays.

**Well Foundations:** Types – Different shapes of well – Types of cassions – Components of well - functions – forces acting on well foundations - Design Criteria – Determination of steining thickness and plug - construction and Sinking of wells – Tilt and shift.

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. 'Principles of Foundation Engineering' by Das, B.M., (2011) –6th edition (Indian edition) Cengage learning
- 2. 'Basic and Applied Soil Mechanics' by Gopal Ranjan& ASR Rao, New Age International Pvt. Ltd, (2004).
- 3. Soil mechanics & foundation engineering by Arora

### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Foundation Analysis and Design' by Bowles, J.E., (1988) 4th Edition, McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, Newyork.
- 2. 'Theory and Practice of Foundation Design' by N.N.SOM & S.C.DAS PHI Learning Private limited.



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

IV Year – I Semester		L	Т	Р	С	
		3	0	0	3	
REMOTE SENSING AND GIS						

### **Course Learning Objectives:**

The course is designed to

- 1. Introduce the basic principles of Remote Sensing and GIS techniques.
- 2. learn various types of sensors and platforms
- 3. learn concepts of visual and digital image analyses
- 4. understand the principles of spatial analysis
- 5. appreciate application of RS and GIS to Civil Engineering

#### **Course outcomes**

At the end of the course the student will be able to

- a. Be familiar with ground, air and satellite based sensor platforms.
- b. interpret the aerial photographs and satellite imageries
- c. create and input spatial data for GIS application
- d. apply RS and GIS concepts for application in Civil Engineering

### UNIT – I

**Introduction to Remote sensing:** Basic concepts of remote sensing, electromagnetic radiation, electromagnetic spectrum, interaction with atmosphere, energy interaction with the earth surfaces, characteristics of remote sensing systems, types of resolutions - advantages & limitations

Sensors and platforms: Introduction, types of sensors, airborne remote sensing, spaceborne remote sensing, image data characteristics, digital image data formats-band interleaved by pixel, band interleaved by line, band sequential, IRS, LANDSAT, SPOT & Recent satellite.

### UNIT – II

**Image analysis:** Introduction, elements of visual interpretations, digital image processing- image preprocessing, image enhancement, image classification, supervised classification, unsupervised classification. : Overlay function-vector overlay operations; raster overlay operations, network analysis.

### UNIT – III

Geographic Information System: Basic Principles, components, application areas of GIS, map projections.

**Data entry and preparation**: spatial data structures, raster and vector data formats, data inputs, data manipulation, data retrieval, data analysis and data display.

### UNIT – IV

**RS and GIS applications General**: Land cover and land use, agriculture, forestry, geology, geomorphology, urban & transportation applications,



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

### UNIT - V

**Application to Hydrology and Water Resources:** Flood zoning and mapping, groundwater prospects, groundwater quality monitoring and potential recharge zones, watershed management.

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Bhatta B (2008), 'Remote sensing and GIS', Oxford University Press
- 2. Lillesand, T.M, R.W. Kiefer and J.W. Chipman (2013) 'Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation', Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
- 3. Schowenger, R. A (2006) 'Remote Sensing' Elsevier publishers.
- 4. 'Fundamentals of Remote Sensing' by George Joseph, Universities Press, 2013.
- 5. 'Fundamentals of Geographic Information Systems' by Demers, M.N, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd, 2013.

### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. 'Remote Sensing and its Applications' by Narayan LRA, Universities Press, 2012.
- 2. 'Concepts and Techniques of Geographical Information System' by Chor Pang Lo and A K W Yeung, Prentice Hall (India), 2006



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

IV Year – I Semester		L	Т	Р	С		
		3	0	0	3		
<b>PROGRAM ELECTIVE – III a). Bridge Engineering</b>							

### **Course Learning Objectives:**

The objective of this courseis:

- Familiarize Students with different types of Bridges and IRCstandards
- Equip student with concepts and design of Slab Bridges, T Beam Bridges
- Understand concepts of design of Plate GirderBridges
- Familiarize with different methods of inspection of bridges andmaintenance

#### **Course Outcomes**:

At the end of this course the student will be able to

- Explain different types of Bridges with diagrams and Loading standards
- Carryout analysis and design of Slab bridges, T Beam bridges and suggest structural detailing
- Carryout analysis and design of Plate girderbridges
- Organize for attending inspections and maintenance of bridges and preparereports.

### SYLLABUS:

**UNIT-I** Introduction- Bridges- Types- Slab bridges, T Beam, Arch bridges, Cable Stayed bridges, prestressed concrete bridges, Truss Bridges, Culverts, - Nomenclature- Selection of Bridge Site-Economical span- Abutments pier and end connections- types of foundations- Open, Pile, Well Foundations, Bearings – Types- Introduction to Loading standards- Railway and IRC Loading

**UNIT-II** Slab bridges- Wheel load on slab- effective width method- slabs supported on two edgescantilever slabs- dispersion length- Design of interior panel of slab- Guyon's – Massonet Method – Hendry- Jaegar Methods- Courbon's theory- Pigeaud's method

**UNIT-III** T-Beam bridges- Analysis and design of various elements of bridge –Design of deck slab, Longitudinal girders, Secondary beams- Reinforcement detailing

**UNIT-IV Plate Girder Bridges**: Elements of plate girder and their design-web- flange-intermediate stiffener- vertical stiffeners- bearing stiffener- Splices, Design problem with detailing

**UNIT-V Sub Structure-**Abutments-Stability analysis of abutments-piers-loads on piers- Analysis of piers-Wing walls-Design problems.



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

### Text Book

- 1. Essentials of Bridge Engineering, Jhonson VictorD
- 2. Design of Bridge Structures, T. R. Jagadeesh, M.A. Jayaram, PHI
- 3. Design of Bridges, N. Krishna Raju, Tata McGraw Hill

### **References:**

- 1. Design of Concrete Bridges, Aswini, Vazirani, Ratwani
- 2. Design of Steel Structures, B. C. Punmai, Jain & Jain, LakshmiPublications
- 3. Design of R C Structures, B. C. Punmai, Jain & Jain, LakshmiPublications



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

IV Year – I Semester		L	Т	Р	С	
		3	0	0	3	
PROGRAM ELECTIVE – IIIb) Industrial Wastewater Treatment						

### **Course Learning Objectives:**

The course will address the following:

- 1. Enables the student to distinguish between the quality of domestic and industrial water requirements and wastewater quantity generation.
- 2. To impart knowledge on selection of treatment methods for industrial wastewater.
- 3. To know the common methods of treatment in different industries
- 4. To acquire knowledge on operational problems of effluent treatment plant.

### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon the successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- a. Know the quality and quantity of water for various industries and Advanced water treatment methods
- b. Learn the common methods of treatment of wastewaters and Biological treatment methods
- c. Study of methods to reduce impacts of disposal of wasters into environment and CETPs.
- d. Study of methods of treatment of wastewaters from specific industries like steel plants, refineries, and power plants, that imply biological treatment methods
- e. Study of methods of treatment of wastewaters from industries like Aqua, dairy, sugar plants, and distilleries that imply biological treatment methods

### UNIT – I

Industrial water Quantity and Quality requirements: Boiler, Cooling, Domestic/Canteen and Process waters for Textiles, Food processing, Dairy, Aqua industry, Sugar mills, Brewery and distillery Industries, Fertilizer industry, Power plants. Advanced water treatment - Adsorption, Reverse Osmosis, Ion Exchange, Ultra filtration, Freezing, elutriation, Removal of Iron and Manganese, Removal of Colour and Odour. Use of Municipal wastewater in Industries.

### UNIT – II

Basic theories of Industrial Wastewater Management: Industrial waste survey - Measurement of industrial wastewater Flow-generation rates – Industrial wastewater sampling and preservation of samples for analysis - Wastewater characterization- Toxicity of industrial effluents-Common methods of Treatment of wastewaters - Unit operations and processes- Volume and Strength reduction –Neutralization – Equalization and proportioning- recycling, reuse and resources recovery. Miscellaneous Treatment: Biological treatment of sewage- Primary, secondary and



DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

### UNIT – III

Industrial wastewater disposal management: Discharges into Sewers, Streams- Oxygen sag curve, Lakes-eutrophication and oceans and associated problems, Land treatment – sewage sickness, Common Effluent Treatment Plants: advantages and suitability, Limitations and challenges- Recirculation of Industrial Wastewaters- Effluent Disposal Method.

### UNIT – IV

Process and Treatment of specific Industries-1: Manufacturing Process and origin, characteristics, effects and treatment methods of liquid waste from Steel plants, Fertilizers, Textiles, Paper and Pulp industries, Oil Refineries, Coal and Gas based Power Plants. Case studies.

### UNIT – V

Process and Treatment of specific Industries-2: Manufacturing Process and origin, characteristics, effects and treatment methods of liquid waste from Tanneries, Sugar Mills, Distillers, Dairy and Food Processing industries, Aqua industry, Pharmaceutical Plants. Case studies.

### Text books

- 1. Industrial Wastewater Treatment by KVSG Murali Krishna, Paramount Publishers, Visakhapatnam, 2019
- 2. Wastewater Treatment by M.N. Rao and A.K. Dutta, Oxford & IBH, NewDelhi.
- 3. Industrial Wastewater treatment by A.D. Patwardhan, PHI Learning, Delhi
- 4. Wastewater Treatment for Pollution Control and Reuse, by Soli. J Arceivala,

Shyam R Asolekar, Mc-Graw Hill, New Delhi; 3<sup>rd</sup>Edition

#### References

- 1. Industrial Water Pollution Control by W. Wesley Eckenfelder, Mc- GrawHill, Third Edition
- 2. Wastewater Engineering by Metcalf and EddyInc, Tata McGrawhillCo., New Delhi

3. Wastewater Treatment- Concepts and Design Approach by G.L. Karia & R.A. Christian, Prentice Hall of India.

4. Unit Operations and Processes in Environmental Engineering by Reynolds. Richard, Cengage Learning.



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

IV Year – I Semester		L	Т	Р	С	
		3	0	0	3	
PROGRAM ELECTIVE – III c). Earth & Rockfill Dams						

Course Objectives:

- 1. Suitability of materials for earth and rock fill dams
- 2. causes of failures
- 3. to determine slope stability

Course Outcomes:

- a) Able to design earth and rock fill dams
- b) get familiarity with slope stability calculations,
- c) prevention techniques for slope failures

### SYLLABUS

Unit-I :

Earth and Rock fill Dams: General features, Selection of site; Merits and demerits of the earth and rock fill dams, Classification of earth dams, Materials of construction and requirements, Causes of failure, Safe design criteria. Instrumentation in earth dams: Pore pressure measurements, Settlement gauges, Inclinometers, Stress measurements, Seismic measurements.

Unit-II :

Failures, Damages and Protection of Earth Dams: Nature and importance of failure, Piping through embankment and foundations, Methods of seepage control through embankments and foundations, Design Criteria for filters, Treatment of upstream and downstream of slopes, Drainage control, Filter design.

Unit-III :

Slope Stability Analysis: Types of Failure: Failure surfaces – Planar surfaces, Circular surfaces, Noncircular surfaces, Limit equilibrium methods, Total stress analysis versus effective Stress analysis, Use of Bishop's pore pressure parameters, Short term and Long term stability in slopes.

Unit-IV :

Methods of Slope Stability: Taylor Charts, Method of Slices, Effect of Tension Cracks, Vertical Cuts. Bishop's Analysis, Bishop and Morgenstern Analysis, Non-circular Failure Surfaces: Morgenstern and Price Analysis, Janbu Analysis, Spencer Analysis, Sliding Block Analysis, Seismic stability, Stabilization of slopes: Drainage measures. Soil reinforcement (geosynthetics/soil nailing/micro piles



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

etc), soil treatment (cement/lime/thermal treatment), surface protection (vegetation/erosion control mats/shotcrete).

Unit-V :

Rock fill Dams: Requirements of compacted rock fill, Shear strength of rock fill, Rock fill mixtures, Rock fill embankments, Earth-core Rock fill dams, Stability, Upstream & Downstream slopes.

### TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Christian, K. Earth & Rock fill Dams Principles of Design and Construction, CRC Press, 1997.
- 2. Sowers, G.F. Earth and Rock fill Dam Engineering, Asia Publishing House, 1962.

### **REFERENCES**:

- 1. Bharat Singh and Sharma, H. D. Earth and Rock fill Dams, 1999
- Abramson, L. W., Lee, T. S. and Sharma, S. Slope Stability and Stabilisation methods John Wiley & sons. (2002)
- 3. Sherard, Woodward, Gizienski and Clevenger. Earth and Earth-Rock Dams. John Wiley &. Sons. 1963.
- 4. US Army Corp of Engineers, Earth and Rock-fill Dams, General Design and construction Considerations, University Press of the Pacific (2004)
- 5. Bromhead, E. N. (1992). The Stability of Slopes, Blackie academic and professional, London.



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

IV Year – I Semester		L	Т	Р	С	
		3	0	0	3	
PROGRAM ELECTIVE – III d). Intelligent Transportation Systems						

### **Course Learning Objectives:**

- 1. To know the fundamentals of ITS
- 2. To study sensor technologies and Data requirements of ITS
- 3. To know ITS functional areas and user services
- 4. To study various kinds of ITS architechture
- 5. To study ITS applications in various fields of transportation engineering

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- a) Identify the benefits of ITS from various types
- b) Determine various sensor applications and ITS data collection techniques
- c) Identify ITS user services and functional areas
- d) Determine various ITS models, evaluation methods and ITSplanning.
- e) Determine the suitable ITS technology and assess its effectiveness to solve transportation problems

### SYLLABUS

### UNIT-I

**Fundamentals of ITS:** Definition of ITS s, The historical context of ITS from both public policy and market economic perspectives, Types of ITS; Historical Background, Benefits of ITS.

### UNIT-II

Sensor technologies and Data requirements of ITS: Importance of telecommunications in the ITS system, Information Management, Traffic Management Centres (TMC). Application of sensors to Traffic management; Traffic flow sensor technologies; Transponders and Communication systems; Data fusion at traffic management centres; Sensor plan and specification requirements; Elements of Vehicle Location and Route Navigation and Guidance concepts; ITS Data collection techniques – Detectors, Automatic Vehicle Location (AVL), Automatic Vehicle Identification (AVI), GIS, video data collection.

### UNIT-III

ITS functional areas - Advanced Traffic Management systems (ATMS), Advanced Traveler



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Information systems (ATIS), Commercial Vehicle Operations (CVO), Advanced Vehicle Control systems (AVCS), Advanced Public Transportation systems (APTS), Advanced Rural Transportation systems (ARTS).

ITS User Needs and Services – Travel and Traffic management, Public Transportation Management, Electronic Payment, Commercial Vehicle Operations, Emergency Management, Advanced Vehicle safety systems, Information Management.

### UNIT-IV

**ITS Architecture** – Regional and Project ITS architecture; Concept ofoperations; ITS Models and Evaluation Methods; Planning and human factor issues for ITS, Case studies on deployment planning and system design and operation; ITS and safety, ITS and security, ITS as a technology deployment program, research, development and business models, ITS planning.

### UNIT-V

**ITS applications**: Traffic and incident management systems; ITS and sustainable mobility, travel demand management, electronic toll collection, ITS and road-pricing.; Transportation network operations; commercial vehicle operations and intermodal freight; public transportation applications; ITS and regional strategic transportation planning, including regional architectures: ITS and changing transportation institutions Automated Highway Systems- Vehicles in Platoons – Integration of Automated Highway Systems. ITS Programs in the World – Overview of ITS implementations in developed countries, ITS in developing countries

### TEXT BOOKS:

1. Fundamentals of intelligent transportation systems planning ByMashrur A. Chowdhury, Adel WadidSadek

2. ITS Hand Book 2000: Recommendations for World Road Association (PIARC) by Kan Paul Chen, John Miles.

### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Sussman, J. M., Perspective on ITS, Artech House Publishers, 2005.
- 2. National ITS Architecture Documentation, US Department of Transportation, 2007



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

IV Year – I Semester		L	Т	Р	С
		3	0	0	3
PROGRAM ELECTIVE – III e). Building Services					

### **Course Objectives:**

To familiarize the students,

- 1. with fundamentals of air conditioning,
- 2. firefighting and vertical Transport systems in building services, and
- 3. integration with architectural design.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

At the end course the student able to know the requirements of building services such as

- a) Types of air conditioning,
- b) Types of transportation system,
- c) Firefighting, electrical services,
- d) Concepts of green building and energy efficient systems

### SYLLABUS

Unit I

### **Introduction to Building Services:**

Definitions - Objective and uses of services - Applications of services for different types building considering - Classification of services- Types of services and selection of services- Natural and artificial lighting principles and factors- Arrangement of luminaries, Distribution of illumination, Utilization factors- Necessity of Ventilation Types – Natural and Mechanical Factors to be considered in the design of Ventilation.

Unit II

### **Electrical Services and Layout:**

Electrical services in the building -Technical terms and symbols for electrical installations and Accessories of wiring- Systems of wiring like wooden casing, cleat wiring, CTS wiring conduit wiring - Types of insulation- electrical layout for residence, small work shop, show room, school building, etc.



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Unit III

### Mechanical Services in Buildings:

Introduction of mechanical services - Lift - Definition, Types of Lifts, Design Considerations, Location, Sizes, Component parts - Lift Well, Travel, Pit, Hoist Way, Machine, Buffer, Door Locks, Suspended Rope, Lift Car. Elevators & Escalators -Different types of elevators and Escalators - Freight Elevators-Passenger elevators –Hospital elevators -Uses of different types of elevators and Escalators.

Air Conditioning- Definition, Purpose, Principles, Temperature Control, Air Velocity Control, Humidity Control, Air Distribution system, Cleaners, Filters, Spray washers, Electric preceptors, Types of Air Conditioners (Central type, Split Unit).

Unit IV

Fire Protection, Acoustic and Sound Insulations: Introduction- Causes of fire and Effects of fire-General Requirements of Fire Resisting building as per IS and NBC 2005-Characteristics of Fire resisting materials- Maximum Travel Distance- ire Fighting Installations for Horizontal Exit, Roof Exit / Fire Lifts, External Stairs- Requirement of good Acoustic -Various sound absolvent- Factors to be followed for noise control in residential building

### Unit V

Miscellaneous Services and Green Buildings Provisions: Rain water Harvesting for buildings-Concept of GREEN buildings -Components of GREEN building -Introduction and Significance to Grey water- Components of Grey water system -Management of Grey water system

### **Text Books:**

- 1. A text book on Building Services by R. Udaykumar, Eswar Press, Chennai
- 2. Building Services by S. M. Patil, Seema Publication, Mumbai Revised edition
- 3. Heating, Ventilating and Air Conditioning: Analysis and Design, 6th Edition", Faye C. McQuiston, Jerald D. Parker and Jeffrey D. Spitler, John Wiley & Sons

### **Reference Books:**

- 1. SP 7: 2005 National Building Code of India, Bureau of Indian Standards, BIS, New Delhi
- 2. Building Construction by B. C. Punmia, Laxmi Publications (P) Ltd., New Delhi
- 3. IS 3534: 1976 "Outline dimensions of electric lifts"
- 4. IS1860: 1980 "Code of Practice for Installation, Operation and Maintenance of Electric Passenger and Goods Lifts"



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

IV Year – I Semester		L	Т	Р	С	
		3	0	0	3	
<b>OPEN ELECTIVE – III</b>						
(Choose any One out of Nine Courses which was not studied earlier)						



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

IV Year – I Semester		L T	Р	С	
		0	0	3	1.5
Remote Sensing & GIS Lab					

### Learning Objectives:

The course is designed to

- 1. Understand the process Geo-referencing, Preparation of Base map from of Toposheet.
- 2. Digitization, creation of thematic maps from toposheets.
- 3. Developing Digital Elevation model
- 4. Interpretation and Estimation of features of Land Use/land cover details from satellite imagery.
- 5. Learn to apply GIS software to simple problems in water resources, transportation engineering and Agriculture

#### Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to

- a. Work comfortably on GIS software
- b. Digitize and create thematic map and extract important features
- c. Develop digital elevation model
- d. Interpretation and Estimation of features from satellite imagery.
- e. Analyze and Modelling using GIS software.

### SYLLABUS:

GIS:

### **SOFTWARES:**

- 1. Arc GIS 10.1
- 2. ERDAS Imagine 13
- 3. MapInfo 6.5
- 4. ILWIS or Any one or Equivalent.

### **EXCERCISES IN GIS:**

1.Geo-referencing of Toposheet.

- 2. Preparation of Base map from topo sheet including legend, scale and annotation
- 3 Digitization of Map/Toposheet
- 4. Developing Digital Elevation model
- 5. Interpretation of Land Use/land cover detail from satellite imagery
- 6. Creation of thematic maps.
- 7. Estimation of features and interpretation
- 8. Simple applications of Remote Sensing & GIS in water Resources
- 9. Simple applications of Remote Sensing & GIS in Transportation
- 10. Simple applications of Remote Sensing & GIS in Agriculture

### **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Concept and Techniques of GIS' by C.P.L.O. Albert, K.W. Yong, Printice Hall Publishers



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

IV Year – I Semester		L T	Р	С	
		0	0	3	1.5
Geotechnical Engineering Lab					

### Learning Objectives:

The objective of this course is:

- To determine the index properties for soil classification Grain size distribution &Atterberg's limits.
- To determine the engineering properties Permeability, Compaction, consolidation, shear strength parameters& CBR value.
- To find the degree of swelling by DFS test.
- 1. To impart knowledge of determination of index properties required for classification of soils.
- 2. To teach how to determine compaction characteristics and consolidation behaviour from relevant lab tests; to determine permeability of soils.
- 3. To teach how to determine shear parameters of soil through different laboratory tests.

### **Outcomes**:

Upon successful completion of this course, student will be able to

- a. Determine index properties of soil and classify them.
- b. Determine permeability of soils.
- c. Determine Compaction, Consolidation and shear strength characteristics.

### SYLLABUS:

### LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Specific gravity, G
- 2. Atterberg's Limits.
- 3. Field density-Core cutter and Sand replacement methods
- 4. Grain size analysis by sieving
- 5. Permeability of soil Constant and Variable head tests
- 6. Compaction test
- 7. Consolidation test (to be demonstrated)
- 8. Direct Shear test
- 9. Triaxial Compression test
- 10. Unconfined Compression test
- 11. Vane Shear test
- 12. Differential free swell (DFS)
- 13. Field Plate Load Test demo
- 14. Field CBR demo

At least **Eight** experiments shall be conducted.

### LIST OF EQUIPMENT:



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

- 2. Apparatus for plastic and shrinkage limits
- 3. Field density apparatus for
  - a) Core cutter method
  - b) Sand replacement method
- 4. Set of sieves: 4.75mm, 2mm, 1mm, 0.6mm, 0.42mm, 0.3mm, 0.15mm, and 0.075mm.
- 5. Hydrometer

6. Permeability apparatus for

- a) Constant head test
- b) Variable head test
- 7. Universal auto compactor for I.S light and heavy compaction tests.
- 8. Shaking table, funnel for sand raining technique.
- 9. Apparatus for CBR test
- 10. 10 tons loading frame with proving rings of 0.5 tons and 5 tons capacity
- 11. One dimensional consolation test apparatus with all accessories.
- 12. Triaxial cell with provision for accommodating 38 mm dia specimens.
- 13. Box shear test apparatus
- 14. Laboratory vane shear apparatus.
- 15. Hot air ovens (range of temperature  $50^{\circ}$   $150^{\circ}$ C

### **References:**

- 1. 'Determination of Soil Properties' by J. E. Bowles.
- 2. IS Code 2720 relevant parts.



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

IV Year – II Semester		L	Т	Р	С
		3	0	0	3
Estimation Specifications and Contract					

### **Course Learning Objectives:**

The objective of this course is to enable the students to:

- Understand the quantity calculations of different components of thebuildings.
- Understand the rate analysis of different quantities of the buildingscomponents.
- Learn various specifications and components of thebuildings.

### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon the successful completion of this course:

- The student should be able to determine the quantities of different components of buildings.
- The student should be in a position to find the cost of various buildingcomponents.
- The student should be capable of finalizing the value of structures.

### SYLLABUS:

**UNIT** – I General items of work in Building – Standard Units Principles of working out quantities for detailed and abstract estimates –Approximate method of Estimating.

**UNIT – II** Rate Analysis – Working out data for various items of work over head and contingent charges.

**UNIT-III** Earthwork for roads and canals, Reinforcement bar bending and bar requirement schedules.

**UNIT** – **IV** Contracts – Types of contracts – Contract Documents – Conditions of contract, Valuation of buildings Standard specifications for different items of building construction.

UNIT-V Detailed Estimation of Buildings using individual wall and center line method

### FINAL EXAMINATION PATTERN:

The end examination paper should consist of SIX questions from Unit 1 to Unit 4, out of which THREE are to be answered (60% weight-age) & ONE mandatory question (40% weight-age) from Units 5 & 6 is to be answered.



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### **Text Books:**

- 1. Estimating and Costing, B.N. Dutta, UBS publishers, 2000.
- 2. Civil Engineering Contracts and Estimates, B. S. Patil, Universities Press (India) Pvt. Ltd., Hyd.
- 3. Construction Planning and Technology, Rajiv Gupta, CBS Publishers & Distributors Pvt. Ltd. NewDelhi.
- 4. Estimating and Costing, G.S.Birdie.

### **References:**

- 1. Standard Schedule of rates and standard data book, Public worksdepartment.
- IS 1200 (Parts I to XXV-1974/ Method of Measurement of Building & Civil Engg Works –B.I.S.
- 3. Estimation, Costing and Specifications, M. Chakraborthi; Laxmipublications.
- 4. National BuildingCode



### **DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING**

IV Year – II Semester		L	Т	Р	С	
		3	0	0	3	
PROGRAM ELECTIVE – IVa). Finite Element Methods						

### **Course LearningObjectives:**

The objective of this course is:

Equip students with fundamentals of Finite ElementAnalysis

- Enable students to formulate design problems intoFEA.
- Enable students to solve Boundary value problems usingFEM

### **Course Outcomes**:

Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to

- Solve simple boundary value problems using Numerical technique of Finite element method
- Develop finite element formulation of one and two dimensional problems and solve.
- Assemble Stiffness matrices, apply boundary conditions and solve for displacements
- Compute Stresses and Strains and interpret theresult.

### SYLLABUS:

### **UNIT-I Introduction:**

**Principles of Elasticity-** Equilibrium Equations- Strain Displacement relationships- Constitutive relationship for plane stress, plane stain and axi- symmetric bodies of revolution with axi- symmetric loading.

Stiffness method- Principle of Stationary potential energy- Potential energy of an elastic body-Rayleigh-Ritz method of functional approximation.

**UNIT-II: Finite Element formulation of truss element:** Stiffness matrix- properties of stiffness matrix –Selection of approximate displacement functions- solution of a plane truss- transformation matrix- Galerkin's method for 1-D truss – Computation of stress in a truss element.

**UNIT-III Finite element formulation of Beam elements:** Beam stiffness- beam stiffness matrix-Examples on Analysis of beams Subjected to Concentrated and Distributed loading.

**UNIT-IV** Finite element formulation for plane stress and plane strain problems- Derivation of CST and LST stiffness matrix and equations-treatment of body and surface forces



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

**UNIT-V Iso-parametric Formulation:** Isoparametric bar element- plane bilinear isoparametric element – quadratic plane element - shape functions, evaluation of stiffness matrix, consistent nodal load vector - Gauss quadrature for performing numerical integrations.

### **Text Books**

- 1. Introduction to Finite Elements in Engineering, Tirupati R. Chandrupatla, Ashok D. Belgundu, PHIpublications.
- 2. A first course in the Finite Element Method, Dary L. Logan, ThomsonPublications.

### **Références**:

- 1. Concepts and applications of Finite Element Analysis, Robert D. Cook, Michael E Plesha, John Wiley & sonsPublication
- 2. Introduction to Finite Element Method, Desai & Abel CBSPublications



### DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

IV Year – II Semester		L	Т	Р	С
		3	0	0	3

### PROGRAM ELECTIVE – IV b). Design & Drawing of Irrigation Structures

#### **Course Learning Objectives:**

To understand design principle of various irrigation structures

#### **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course the student will be able to To design various irrigation structures.

#### SYLLABUS:

#### Design and drawing of

- 1. Surplusweir
- 2. Tank sluice with a towerhead
- 3. Canal drop-Notchtype
- 4. Canalregulator
- 5. Undertunnel
- 6. Syphon aqueduct type III

Final Examination pattern: Any two question of the above six designs may be asked out of which the candidated has to answer one question. The duration of the examination is three hours.

#### **Text Books:**

1. Water Resources Engineering – Principles and Practice by C. Satyanarayana Murthy, New age International Publishers.

#### **Reference:**

- 1. Irrigation Engineering and Hydraulic Structures, S. K. Garg, Standard BookHouse.
- 2. Irrigation and Water Power Engineering, B. C Punmia& Lal, Lakshmi Publications Pvt. Ltd., NewDelhi.


# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

IV Year – II Semester	L	Т	Р	С		
		3	0	0	3	
<b>PROGRAM ELECTIVE – IV c). Soil Dynamics and Machine Foundations</b>						

## **Course Learning Objectives:**

The basic course in soil mechanics/geotechnical engineering generally introduces the fundamental concepts, principles and applications of soil as engineering material with properties under static loading.

This course on 'Soil Dynamics' discusses

- 1. To calculate the fundamental vibration parameters.
- 2. To analyse the vibrations of machine foundations.
- 3. To determine the dynamic properties of soils.
- 4. To decide the suitable type of machine foundation and its design aspects.
- 5. To select the suitable vibration isolation method for machine foundations and liquefaction mitigation methods.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

On successful completion of these course, the student able to

- a. Use theory of vibrations to find the behavior of soil under dynamic loading.
- b. Design machine foundations under different loads and soil conditions.
- c. Understand the liquefaction phenomena.
- d. Conduct various laboratory and filed tests to determine the dynamic soil prosperities and its interpretation.
- e. Design vibration isolators under any vibratory machines.

## **SYLLABUS:**

## UNIT-I

Introduction: Types of motion- SHM- Fundamental definitions- SDOF systems- Free and forced vibration with and without damping - Constant force and rotating mass type excitation –Types of damping-Equivalent stiffness of springs in series and parallel. – Resonance and its effect - magnification-logarithmic decrement –Transmissibility.

## UNIT-II

Theories of Vibration Analysis- EHS Theory and lumped parameter model- Different modes of vibration- Natural frequency of foundation soil system – Barkan and IS methods – Pressure bulb concept – Reisner Theory – Limitations of Reisner theory – Sung's solutions -- Pauw's Analogy – Heigh's Theory.



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

# UNIT-III

Dynamic properties of soils, Determination of E, G and Poisons ratio from field and laboratory tests, recommendations of Indian codes- Stress waves in bounded elastic medium- Use of wave theory in the determination of elastic properties, Elastic coefficients of soils and their determination- damping factor from free and forced vibration tests.– Block vibration test – Determination of Damping factor.

# UNIT-IV

Types of machine foundations – general requirements design – criteria for machine foundations, permissible amplitudes and bearing pressure

Design data, design criteria, IS code provisions for the design foundations of reciprocating machines.

Design data, design criteria, IS code provisions for the design foundations of Impact type of machines.

# UNIT-V

Vibration Isolation: Transmissibility, Principles of isolation- Methods of isolation- Vibration isolators- Types and their characterizes

Special Topics: Liquefaction of soils, CSR, CRR, Factor of safety against liquefaction - Dynamic bearing capacity, Earth retaining structures under dynamic loads

# **TEXT BOOK:**

1. 'Vibrations of Soils and Foundations' by Richart Hall and Woods

## **REFERENCES:**

- 1. 'Vibration Analysis and Foundation Dynamics' by NSV Kameswara Rao, Wheeler Publishing, New Delhi.
- 2. 'Foundations of Machines- Analysis and Design' by Prakash and Puri



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

IV Year – II Semester	L	Т	Р	С		
		3	0	0	3	
PROGRAM ELECTIVE – IV d). Road Safety Engineering						

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. This module on the fundamental of traffic engineering & some of the statistics methods to analysis the traffic safety.
- 2. The accident interrogations & risk involved with measures to identity the causes are dealt.
- 3. The role of road safety in planning the urban infrastructures design is discussed.
- 4. The various traffic management systems for safety & safety improvement strategies are dealt.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

The student is able to

- a) To understand fundamental of Traffic Engg.
- b) To investigate & determine the collective factors & remedies of accident involved.
- c) To design & planning various road geometrics.
- d) To massage the traffic system from road safety point of view.

## SYLLABUS

#### UNIT I

#### **Introduction to safety:**

Road accidents, Trends, causes, Collision diagrams; Highway safety; Human factors and road user limitations; Speed and its effect on road safety; Vehicle factors; Highway safety in India. Multi-causal dynamic systems approach to safety; Crash Vs Accident; Road safety improvement strategies; Elements of a road safety plan, Safety data Needs; Safe vehicle design.

## UNIT II

#### Statistical Interpretation and Analysis of Crash Data:

Before-after methods in crash analysis, Recording of crash data; Accident Investigation and Analysis; Statistical testing and the role of chance; Black Spot Identification and Investigations, Case Studies.

## UNIT III

#### **Road Safety Audits:**

Key elements of a road safety audit, Road Safety Audits & Investigations, Work zone safety audit; Crash investigation and analysis, Methods for identifying hazardous road locations, Case Studies.

## UNIT IV

#### **Crash Reconstruction:**

Describe the basic information that can be obtained from the roadway surface, Understand



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

acceleration scenarios, variables involved in jump and flip crashes, variables involved in pedestrian crashes, Case Studies.

#### UNIT V Mitigation Measures:

Accident prevention by better planning, Accident prevention by better design of roads, Crash Countermeasures, Highway operation and accident control measures, Highway Safety Measures during construction, Highway geometry and safety; Safety in urban areas; Public transport and safety; Road safety policy making, Stakeholders involvement; Road safety law.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE), The Traffic Safety Toolbox: A Primer on Traffic Safety, ITE, 1999.

Towards Safe Roads in Developing country, TRL - ODA, 2004.

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. Athelstan Popkess, Traffic Control and Road Accident Prevention, Chapman and Hall, 1997 (Digitized 2008)

2. Ezra Hauer, Observational Before-After Studies in Road Safety, Pergamon Press, 1997 (reprinted 2002).

3. Geetam Tiwari and Dinesh Mohan, Transport Planning and Traffic Safety: Making Cities, Roads, and Vehicles Safer, CRC Press, 2016.



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

IV Year – II Semester	L	Т	Р	С		
		3	0	0	3	
PROGRAM ELECTIVE – IV e). Disaster Management & Mitigation						

#### **Course Objectives:**

The objectives of the course are

- 1. To Understand basic concepts in Disaster Management
- 2. To Understand Definitions and Terminologies used in Disaster Management
- 3. To Understand Types and Categories of Disasters
- 4. To Understand the Challenges posed by Disasters
- 5. To understand Impacts of Disasters Key Skills

#### **Course Outcomes:**

The student will develop competencies in

- a) the application of Disaster Concepts to Management
- b) Analyzing Relationship between Development and Disasters.
- c) Ability to understand Categories of Disasters and
- d) realization of the responsibilities to society

SYLLABUS

#### UNIT I:

**Introduction** - Concepts and definitions: disaster, hazard, vulnerability, resilience, risks severity, frequency and details, capacity, impact, prevention, mitigation.

## UNIT II

**Disasters**- Disasters classification; natural disasters (floods, draught, cyclones, volcanoes, earthquakes, tsunami, landslides, coastal erosion, soil erosion, forest fires etc.); manmade disasters (industrial pollution, artificial flooding in urban areas, nuclear radiation, chemical spills, transportation accidents, terrorist strikes, etc.); hazard and vulnerability profile of India, mountain and coastal areas, ecological fragility.

## UNIT III

**Disaster Impacts-** Disaster impacts (environmental, physical, social, ecological, economic, political, etc.); health, psycho-social issues; demographic aspects (gender, age, special needs); hazard locations; global and national disaster trends; climate change and urban disasters.

## UNIT IV

**Disaster Risk Reduction** (DRR) - Disaster management cycle – its phases; prevention, mitigation, preparedness, relief and recovery; structural and non-structural measures; risk analysis, vulnerability and capacity assessment; early warning systems, Post disaster environmental response (water, sanitation, food safety, waste management, disease control, security, communications); Roles and responsibilities of government, community, local institutions, NGOs and other stakeholders; Policies and legislation for disaster risk reduction, DRR programmes in India and the activities of National



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

# UNIT V

**Disasters, Environment and Development-** Factors affecting vulnerability such as impact of developmental projects and environmental modifications (including of dams, landuse changes, urbanization etc.), sustainable and environmental friendly recovery; reconstruction and development methods.

## **Text Books:**

1. Pradeep Sahni, 2004, Disaster Risk Reduction in South Asia, Prentice Hall.

2. Singh B.K., 2008, Handbook of Disaster Management: Techniques & Guidelines, Rajat Publication.

3. Ghosh G.K., 2006, Disaster Management, APH Publishing Corporation

## **Reference Books:**

1. http://ndma.gov.in/ (Home page of National Disaster Management Authority)

2. http://www.ndmindia.nic.in/ (National Disaster management in India, Ministry of Home Affairs).

3. Disaster Medical Systems Guidelines. Emergency Medical Services Authority, State of California, EMSA no.214, June 2003

4. Inter Agency Standing Committee (IASC) (Feb. 2007). IASC Guidelines on Mental Health and Psychosocial Support in Emergency Settings. Geneva: IASC



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

IV Year – II Semester	L	Т	Р	С		
		3	0	0	3	
PROGRAM ELECTIVE – Va). Advanced Structural Analysis						

## **Course LearningObjectives:**

The objective of this courses:

- Familiarize Students with Different types of Structures
- Equip student with concepts of Arches
- Understand Concepts of lateral Loadanalysis
- Familiarize Cables and SuspensionBridges
- Understand Analysis methods Moment Distribution, Kanis Method and Matrix methods

#### **Course Outcomes**:

At the end of this course; the student will be able to

- Differentiate Determinate and Indeterminate Structures
- Carryout lateral Load analysis of structures
- Analyze Cable and Suspension Bridgestructures
- Analyze structures using Moment Distribution, Kani's Method and Matrixmethods

## **SYLLABUS:**

**UNIT – I Energy Theorems:** Introduction-Strain energy in linear elastic system, expression of strain energy due to axial load, bending moment and shear forces - Castigliano's first theorem-Deflections of simple beams and pin jointed plane trusses.

**INDETERMINATE TRUSSES:** Determination of static and kinematic indeterminacies – Analysis of trusses having single and two degrees of internal and external indeterminacies –Castigliano's second theorem.

## UNIT II

**Three Hinged Arches:** Elastic theory of arches – Eddy's theorem – Determination of horizontal thrust, bending moment, normal thrust and radial shear – effect of temperature. Hinges with supports at differentlevels.

**Two Hinged Arches:** Determination of horizontal thrust, bending moment, normal thrust and radial shear – Rib shortening and temperature stresses, Tied arches – Fixed arches – (No analytical



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

**UNIT-III Approximate Methods of Analyses**: Application to building frames. (i) Portal Method (ii) Cantilever Method (iii) Substitute frame method for approximate analysis of multi-storey frames subjected to gravity loads and lateral loads. Shear force and bending moment diagrams - Elastic curve.

**UNIT – IV Cable Structures and Suspension Bridges**: Introduction, characteristics of cable, analysis of cables subjected to concentrated and uniformly distributed loads, anchor cable, temperature stresses, analysis of simple suspension bridge, three hinged and two hinged stiffening girder suspension bridges.

**UNIT – V Moment Distribution Method**: Analysis of Portal frames – including Sway-Substitute frame analysis by two cycle. Slope deflection method: Analysis of Portal frames – including Sway. Analysis of inclined frames. Shear force and bending moment diagrams - Elastic curve. **Kani's Method**: Analysis of continuous beams – including settlement of supports and single bay portal frames with and without side sway. Shear force and bending moment diagrams - Elastic curve.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Structural Analysis by R.C. Hibbeler, Pearson, NewDelhi.
- 2. Basic Structural Analysis, K U Muthu et. al., IK International Publishing house pvt. Ltd.

#### **References:**

- 1. Indeterminate Structural Analysis, K U Muthu et. al., IK International Publishing house pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Analysis of Structures- Vol. I and II, V. N. Vazirani and M. M. Ratwani, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi.
- 3. Mechanics of Structures Vol II by H.J.Shah and S.B.Junnarkar, Charotar Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. Structural Analysis by Devdas Menon, Narosa Publishing Housing Pvt. Ltd.
- 5. Structural Analysis: A Matrix Approach, G.S.Pandit and S.P.Gupta, Mc Graw Hill Pvt. Ltd.



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

IV Year – II Semester	L	Т	Р	С
		0	0	3
PROGRAM ELEC	TIVE – V b). Urban Hydrology			

#### **Course Learning Objectives:**

The course is designed to:

- appreciate the impact of urbanization on catchment hydrology
- understand the importance of short duration rainfall runoff data for urban hydrology studies.
- learn the techniques for peak flow estimation for storm water drainage system design.
- understand the concepts in design of various components of urban drainage systems
- learn some of the best management practices in urban drainage.
- understand the concepts of preparation master urban drainage system

#### **Course Outcomes**

At the end of the course the student will be able to

- develop intensity duration frequency curves for urban drainage systems
- develop design storms to size the various components of drainage systems.
- apply best management practices to manage urban flooding.
- prepare master drainage plan for an urbanizedarea.

#### **SYLLABUS:**

## UNIT I

**Introduction:** Urbanisation and its effect on water cycle – urban hydrologic cycle – trends in urbanisation – Effect of urbanisation on hydrology

**Precipitation Analysis:** Importance of short duration of rainfall and runoff data, methods of estimation of time of concentration for design of urban drainage systems, Intensity-Duration - Frequency (IDF)curves, design storms for urban drainage systems.

## UNIT II

**Approaches to urban drainage**: Time of concentration, peak flow estimation approaches, rational method, NRCS curve number approach, runoff quantity and quality, wastewater and stormwater reuse, major and minor systems.

#### UNIT III

**Elements of drainage systems**: Open channel, underground drains, appurtenances, pumping, source control.



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

# UNIT IV

Analysis and Management: Stormwater drainage structures, design of stormwater network- Best Management Practices-detention and retention facilities, swales, constructed wetlands, models available for stormwater management.

## UNIT V

**Master drainage plans**: Issues to be concentrated upon – typical urban drainage master plan, interrelation between water resources investigation and urban planning processes, planning objectives, comprehensive planning, use of models inplanning

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. GeigerW.F.,JMarsalek,W.J.RawlsandF.
- C. Zuidema, (1987 2 volumes), UNESCO, Manualon Drainagein Urbanisedarea
- 2. Hall M J (1984), Elsevier Applied SciencePublisher.Urban Hydrology
- 3. Wanielista M P and Eaglin (1997), Wiley and Sons, Hydrology Quantity and Quality Analysis,
- 4.Akan A.O and R.L. Houghtalen (2006), WileyInternational,Urban Hydrology, Hydraulics and Stormwater Quality: Engineering Applications and Computer Modelling,

#### **References:**

- 1.Stormwater Detention for Drainage, Stahre P and Urbonas B (1990), Water Quality and CSO Management, PrenticeHall.
- 2. Urban water cycle processes and interactions, Marsalek et. al. (2006), Publication No. 78, UNESCO, Paris(http://www.bvsde.paho.org/bvsacd/cd63/149460E.pdf)
- 3.Frontiers in Urban Water Management Deadlock or Hope, by Maksimovic C and J A Tejada-Guibert (2001), IWAPublishing



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

IV Year – II Semester	L	Т	Р	С	
	3	0	0	3	
PROGRAM ELECTIVE – V c). Ground Improvement Techniques					

# **Course Learning Objectives:**

The objective of this course is:

- 1. To make the student appreciate the need for different ground improvement methods adopted for improving the properties of remoulded and in-situ soils by adopting different techniques such as in situ densification and dewatering methods.
- 2. To make the student understand how the reinforced earth technology and soil nailing can obviate the problems posed by the conventional retaining walls.
- 3. To enable the students to know how geotextiles and geosynthetics can be used to improve the engineering performance of soils.
- 4. To make the student learn the concepts, purpose and effects of grouting.

## **Course Outcomes:**

- a. By the end of the course, the student should be able to possess the knowledge of various methods of ground improvement and their suitability to different field situations.
- b. The student should be in a position to design a reinforced earth embankment and check its stability.
- c. The student should know the various functions of Geosynthetics and their applications in Civil Engineering practice.
- d. The student should be able to understand the concepts and applications of grouting.

## **SYLLABUS:**

## UNIT- I

In situ densification methods- in situ densification of granular soils- vibration at ground surface and at depth, impact at ground and at depth – in situ densification of cohesive soils – pre loading – vertical drains – sand drains and geo drains – stone columns.

## UNIT -II

Dewatering – sumps and interceptor ditches – single and multi stage well points – vacuum well points – horizontal wells – criteria for choice of filler material around drains – electro osmosis

# UNIT- III

Stabilization of soils – methods of soil stabilization – mechanical – cement – lime – bitumen and polymer stabilization – use of industrial wastes like fly ash and granulated blast furnace slag. Grouting – objectives of grouting – grouts and their applications – methods of grouting – stage of grouting – hydraulic fracturing in soils and rocks – post grout tests. Introduction to Liquifaction& its effects & applications.



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

# UNIT- IV

Reinforce earth – principles – components of reinforced earth – design principles of reinforced earth walls – stability checks – soil nailing.

# UNIT- V

Geosynthetics – geotextiles – types – functions, properties and applications – geogrids, geomembranes and gabions - properties and applications.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. 'Ground Improvement Techniques' by Purushotham Raj, Laxmi Publications, New Delhi.
- 2. 'Ground Improvement Techniques' by NiharRanjanPatro ,Vikas Publishing House (p) limited , New Delhi.
- 3. 'An introduction to Soil Reinforcement and Geosynthetics' by G.L.Siva Kumar Babu, Universities Press.

# **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. 'Ground Improvement' by MP Moseley, Blackie Academic and Professional, USA.
- 2. 'Designing with Geosynethetics' by RM Koerner, Prentice Hall



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

IV Year – II Semester		L	Т	Р	С
		3	0	0	3
PROGRAM ELECTIVE – V d). Pavement Management Systems					

## **Course Learning Objectives:**

- 1. To know various components and functions of pavement management systems
- 2. To know various pavement serviceability concepts and deterioration models
- 3. To know various functional and structural evaluation methods
- 4. To study design alternatives, rehabilitation and maintenance of pavements
- 5. To study the role of expert systems in pavement management

#### **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, student will be able to

- a) Understand the features and functions of pavement management systems
- b) Asses pavement performance by observing different models
- c) Evaluate the pavement functionally and structurally
- d) Identify and select suitable design strategies and decide the maintenance and rehabilitation measures required for a given pavement
- e) Acquire knowledge of expert systems for managing pavements

## **SYLLABUS**

## UNIT-I

**Introduction:** Definition -Components of Pavement Management Systems, Essential features. Pavement Management Levels and functions: Ideal PMS- Network and Project levels of PMS-Influence Levels- PMS Functions- Function of Pavement evaluation.

## UNIT-II

**Pavement Performance**: Serviceability Concepts- roughness-Roughness Components-Equipment-IRI -modeling techniques, structural condition deterioration models, mechanistic and empirical models, HDM and other models, comparison of different deterioration models.

## UNIT-III

## **Pavement Evaluation:**

**Functional Evaluation:** Functional and Structural deterioration models, unevenness prediction models and other models, comparison. Case studies.Equipments

Structural Evaluation: - Basics- NDT and Analysis—Condition Surveys-Distress-Destructive



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

# UNIT-IV

**Design Alternatives, Rehabilitation and Maintenance**: Design objectives and constraints, basic structural response models, physical design inputs, alternate pavement design strategies and economic evaluation, life cycle costing, analysis of alternate pavement strategies based on distress and performance, case studies. Equipment's, Identification of Alternatives-Deterioration Modeling-Priority Programming Methods.

# UNIT-V

**Expert Systems and Pavement Management**: Role of computers in pavement management, applications of expert systems for managing pavements, expert system for pavement evaluation and rehabilitation, knowledge-based expert systems, case studies.

# TEXT BOOKS:

1. Ralph Haas and Ronald W. Hudson, 'Pavement Management System', McGraw Hill Book Co. 1978

2. Ralph Haas, Ronald Hudson Zanieswki. 'Modern Pavement Management, Kreiger Publications.

# **REFERENCES**:

1. Proceedings of North American Conference on Managing Pavement.

2. Proceedings of International Conference on Structural Design of Asphalt Pavements NCHRP, TRR and TRB Special Reports



# **DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING**

IV Year – II Semester	L	Т	Р	С		
		3	0	0	3	
PROGRAM ELECTIVE – V e). Low-Cost Housing						

## SYLLABUS

#### UNIT – I

Housing Scenario Status of urban housing- Status of Rural Housing,

Housing Finance: Introducing- Existing finance system in India- Government role as facilitator Status at Rural Housing Finance- Impedimently in housing finance and related issues

#### UNIT- II

## Land Use and Physical Planning for Housing:

Planning of urban land- Urban land ceiling and regulation act- Effectincey of building bye laws - Residential Densities

Housing the Urban Poor: Living conditions in slums- Approaches and strategies for housing urban poor

#### UNIT-III

## Development and Adopt on of Low-Cost Housing Technology

Adoption of innovative cost effective construction techniques- Adoption of precast elements in partial prefabrication- Adopting of total prefabrication of mass housing in India- General remarks on pre cast rooting/flooring systems- Economical wall system- Single Brick thick loading bearing wall- 19cm thick load bearing masonry walls- Half brick thick load bearing wall-Fly ash, gypsum thick for masonry- Stone Block masonry- Adoption of precast R.C. plank and join system for roof/floor in the building

Alternative Building Materials for Low Cost Housing: Substitute for scarce materials- Ferro cement- Gypsum boards- Timber substitutions- Industrial wastes- Agricultural wastes

## UNIT- IV

#### Low Cost Infrastructure Services

Present status- Technological options- Low cost sanitation's- Domestic wall- Water supply energy **Rural Housing:** Introduction- traditional practice of rural housing continuous- Mud Housing technology- Mud roofs- Characteristics of mud- Fire resistant treatment for thatched roof- Soil stabilization- Rural Housing programs

#### UNIT-V

#### Housing in Disaster Prone Areas

Earthquake- Damages to houses- Traditional Houses in disaster prone areas Type of Damages and Railways of non-engineered buildings- Repair and restore action of earthquake Damaged non-engineered buildings recommendations for future constructions- Requirements of structural safety of thin precast roofing units against - Earthquake forces- Status of R&D in earthquake strengthening measures- Floods- cyclone- future safety



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

# TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Building materials for low –income houses International council for building research studies and documentation.
- 2. Modern trends in housing in development countries A.G. Madhava Rao, D.S. Ramachnadra Murthy & G. Annamalai
- 3. Light weight concrete- Academic Kiado- Rudhai. G Publishing home of Hungarian Academy of Sciences 1963.

## **REFERENCE BOOKS**:

- 1. Building Systems for Low Income Housing, Ashok Kumar Jain; Management Publishing House, 1992
- 2. Hand book of low-cost housing by A. K. Lal Newage international publishers.
- 3. Low Cost Housing in Developing Countries, Guru Charan Mathur; For Centre for Science & Technology of the Non-Aligned and Other Developing Countries, Oxford & IBH Publishing Company, 1993



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

IV Year – II Semester	L	Т	Р	С	
		0	0	16	8
PROJECT WORK					

# The main objective of the Project work is

- To enable the student, apply engineering knowledge that has been taught all through the programme for solving practical engineering problem.
- To enable the student capable for problem solving / problem shooting.
- To instill and inculcate team spirit/ team work in to the minds of thestudents.
- To enable/ train the students report making/documentation.
- Toprovidestudentsanopportunitytouse anycivil engineering software for their projectwork.

# **Outcomes of the Project work.**

Up on completion of the Project work, the student will be able to

- Apply all levels of Engineering knowledge in solving the Engineeringproblems.
- Work together with teamspirit.
- Use Civil Engineering software at leastone.
- Document theprojects



# **DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING**

# ALL OPEN ELECTIVES

	L	Т	Р	С
	3	0	0	3
a) DISASTER MANAGEMENT				

# **Course Learning Objectives:**

The objective of this course is:

- 1. Develop an understanding of why and how the modern disaster manager is involved with predisaster and post-disaster activities.
- 2. Develop an awareness of the chronological phases of natural disaster response and refugee relief operations. Understand how the phases of each are parallel and how they differ.
- 3. Understand the 'relief system' and the 'disaster victim.'
- 4. Describe the three planning strategies useful in mitigation.
- 5. Identify the regulatory controls used in hazard management.
- 6. Describe public awareness and economic incentive possibilities.
- 7. Understand the tools of post-disaster management.

## **Course Outcomes**:

Upon the successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- a. Affirm the usefulness of integrating management principles in disaster mitigation work
- b. Distinguish between the different approaches needed to manage pre- during and post- disaster periods
- c. Explain the process of risk management
- d. Relate to risk transfer

## SYLLABUS:

## UNIT-I

**Natural Hazards and Disaster Management:** Introduction of DM – Inter disciplinary nature of the subject– Disaster Management cycle – Five priorities for action. Case study methods of the following: Vegetal Cover floods, droughts – Earthquakes – landslides – global warming, cyclones & Tsunamis – Post Tsunami hazards along the Indian coast.

## UNIT-II

Man Made Disaster and Their Management Along With Case Study Methods Of The Following: Fire hazards – transport hazard dynamics – solid waste management – post disaster – bio terrorism -threat in mega cities, rail and aircraft accidents, ground water, industries - Emerging infectious diseases and Aids and their management.

## UNIT-III

**Risk and Vulnerability:** Building codes and land use planning – Social Vulnerability – Environmental vulnerability – Macro-economic management and sustainable development, Climate



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

# UNIT-IV

**Role of Technology in Disaster Managements**: Disaster management for infra structures, taxonomy of infra structure – treatment plants and process facilities-electrical substations- roads and bridgesmitigation programme for earth quakes – flowchart, geospatial information in agriculture drought assessment - Multimedia Technology in disaster risk management and training - Transformable Indigenous Knowledge in disaster reduction – Role of RS & GIS.

## UNIT-V

**Multi-sectional Issues, Education and Community Preparedness:** Impact of disaster on poverty and deprivation - Climate change adaptation and human health - Exposure, health hazards and environmental risk-Forest management and disaster risk reduction - The Red cross and red crescent movement - Corporate sector and disaster risk reduction- Education in disaster risk reduction- Essentials of school disaster education - Community capacity and disaster resilience-Community based disaster recovery - Community based disaster management and social capital-Designing resilience- building community capacity for action.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. An Introduction of Disaster Management- Natural Disasters & Vulnerable Hazards– S.Vaidyanathan: CBS Punblishers & Distributors Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Natural Hazards & Disaster Management, Vulnerability and Mitigation by RB Singh- Rawat Publications
- 3. 'Disaster Science & Management' by Tushar Bhattacharya, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 4. 'Disaster Management Future Challenges and Opportunities' by Jagbir Singh (2007), I K International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.

## **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. 'Disaster Management' edited by H K Gupta (2003), Universities press.
- 2. 'Disaster Management Global Challenges and Local Solutions' by Rajib shah & R R Krishnamurthy (2009), Universities press.
- 3. R. Nishith, Singh AK, "Disaster Management in India : Perspectives, Issues and strategies" New Royal Book Company."



# **DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING**

	L	Т	Р	С		
	3	0	0	3		
b) ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION & CONTROL						

## **Course Learning Objectives:**

The objective of this course is:

1. Impart knowledge on fundamental aspects of air pollution & control, noise pollution, and solid waste management.

2. Provide basic knowledge on sustainable development.

3. Introduces some basics of sanitation methods essential for protection of community health.

4. Provide basic knowledge on solid waste management.

# **Course Learning Outcomes:**

By the end of successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

a. Identify the air pollutant control devices

b. Have knowledge on the NAAQ standards and air emission standards

c. Differentiate the treatment techniques used for sewage and industrial wastewater treatment methods.

d. Understand the fundamentals of solid waste management, practices adopted in his town/village and its importance in keeping the health of the city.

e. Appreciate the methods of environmental sanitation and the management of community facilities without spread of epidemics.

f. Appreciate the importance of sustainable development while planning a project or executing an activity.

# SYLLABUS:

## UNIT – I

**Air Pollution:** Air pollution Control Methods–Particulate control devices – Methods of Controlling Gaseous Emissions – Air quality standards.

**Noise Pollution:** Noise standards, Measurement and control methods – Reducing residential and industrial noise – ISO14000.

## UNIT –II

**Industrial Wastewater Management:** – Strategies for pollution control - Volume and Strength reduction – Neutralization – Equalization – Proportioning – Common Effluent Treatment Plants - Recirculation of industrial wastes – Effluent standards.

# UNIT – III

**Solid Waste Management:** Solid waste characteristics – basics of on-site handling and collection – separation and processing – Incineration-Composting-Solid waste disposal methods – fundamentals of Land filling.



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

# UNIT – IV

**Environmental Sanitation:** Environmental Sanitation Methods for Hostels and Hotels, Hospitals, Swimming pools and public bathing places, social gatherings (melas and fares), Schools and Institutions, Rural Sanitation-low cost waste disposal methods.

# UNIT- V

**Sustainable Development**: Definition- elements of sustainable developments -Indicators of sustainable development- Sustainability Strategies- Barriers to Sustainability–Industrialization and sustainable development – Cleaner production in achieving sustainability- sustainable development.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Environmental Engineering, by Ruth F. Weiner and Robin Matthews 4th Edition Elesevier, 2003.
- 3. Environmental Science
- 4.
- 5. and Engineering by J.G. Henry and G.W. Heinke Pearson Education.
  - 3. Environmental Engineering by Mackenzie L Davis & David A Cornwell. McGraw Hill Publishing.

# **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Air Pollution and Control by M.N. Rao & H.N. Rao
- 2. Solid Waste Management by K. Sasi Kumar, S.A. Gopi Krishna. PHI New Delhi.
- 3. Environmental Engineering by Gerard Kiley, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 4. Industrial Water Pollution Control by Nemerow Jr., McGraw Hill Publishing.
- 5. Unit Operations and Processes in Environmental Engineering by Reynolds. Richard Cengage Learning.
- 6. Environmental Engineering by D. Srinivasan, PHI Learning Private Limited, New Delhi, 2011.
- 7. Environmental Engineering Howard S. Peavy, Donald R. Rowe, Teorge George Tchobanoglus Mc-Graw-Hill Book Company, New Delhi, 1985.



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

	L	Т	Р	С	
	3	0	0	3	
c) ELEMENTS OF CIVIL ENGINEERING					

#### COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The objectives of this course are to make students to learn about

- 1. basics of Civil Engineering concepts
- 2. the surveying, elevations and mapping
- 3. the construction materials and elements
- 4. water resource development

#### COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student is familiar

- a) basics of Civil Engineering concepts
- b) the surveying the elevations and mapping
- c) the construction materials and elements
- d) water resource development and
- e) overall infrastructure development

#### SYLLABUS

Unit I

Scope of Civil Engineering: Introduction: Impact of Infrastructural Development on the Economy of a Country, Role of Civil Engineers, Importance of Planning, Scheduling and Construction Management.

#### Surveying:

**Introduction:** Surveying and levelling, Object and uses, Primary divisions, Fundamental principles, Classification of surveying, Plans and maps, Scales, Units of measure.

Unit II:

#### **Compass surveying:**

Types and uses of compass, Bearings, Whole Circle Bearings, and Reduced Bearings, Computation of angles; Meridians; declinations and dip of needle; Local attraction; compass surveying field work. **Elevation measurements:** 

Levelling, object and uses, terms used in levelling, levelling instruments, methods of levelling, recording and methods of reducing, errors in levelling, contours; characteristics and applications. **Modern Tools of Surveying and Mapping:** 

Introduction to Theodolite, Electronic Distance Measurement Instruments, Total Station, Global Positioning System, Remote Sensing and Geographic Information System.



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

# Unit III:

**Construction Materials** 

Requirement, types, uses, properties and importance of Civil Engineering materials like Stone, Bricks, Lime, Cement, Ferrous and Non Ferrous Metals, Ceramic Materials, Timber, Sand, Aggregate, Mortar and Concrete, Paints and Varnishes, Glass, Plastic, Conducting, Magnetic, and Miscellaneous Materials

## Unit IV:

Elements of Building Construction

## **Planning:**

Elementary principles and basic requirements of a building planning, layout of residential & industrial buildings.

#### **Construction:**

Classification of buildings based upon occupancy and structure, Design Loads, Common building components, their functions, and nominal dimensions. Elements of building drawing. Introduction to building byelaws.

## Unit V

Water Resources Development

Elementary Hydrology, Sources of water, Watershed Development, water requirements and its conservation, Hydraulic Structures of Storage, Water Conveyance System: Canals; Water Conduits.

## Books:

- 1. Surveying Vol. I & II, Dr. B. C. Punamia Laxmi Publication, Delhi
- 2. Building Construction, Dr. B. C. Punamia Laxmi Publication, Delhi
- 3. Engineering Material, Dr. S.C. Rangwal, Charotar Pub. House
- 4. Irrigation Engineering and Hydraulic Structures, Santoshkumar Garg, : Khanna Publishers Delhi
- 5. Civil Engineering Material, Jakson and Dhir, ELBS Publishing London
- 6. Civil Engg. Drawing, S. C. Rangwal, Charotar Pub. House Anand
- 7. Elements of Civil Engineering (IV Edition) by S.S. Bhavikatti, New Age International Publisher, New Delhi, 3rd edition



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

		L	Т	Р	С
		3	0	0	3
d) GREEN TECHNOLOGY					

#### **Course Learning Objectives:**

The objective of this course is:

- 1. To present different concepts of green technologies.
- 2. To acquire principles of Energy efficient technologies.
- 3. To impart knowledge on the methods of reducing CO<sub>2</sub> levels in atmosphere.
- 4. To gain knowledge of the importance of life cycle assessment
- 5. To learn the importance of green fuels and its impact on environment.

#### **Course Learning Outcomes**

Upon successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- > Enlist different concepts of green technologies in a project
- > Understand the principles of Energy efficient technologies
- Estimate the carbon credits of various activities
- > Identify the importance of life cycle assessment
- > Recognize the benefits of green fuels with respect to sustainable development.

#### SYLLABUS:

#### UNIT- I

Introduction: Green Technology – definition- Importance – Historical evolution – advantages and disadvantages of green technologies-factors affecting green technologies- Role of Industry, Government and Institutions – Industrial Ecology – role of industrial ecology in green technology.

Cleaner Production (CP): Definition – Importance – Historical evolution - Principles of Cleaner Production–Benefits–Promotion – Barriers – Role of Industry,

#### UNIT- II

Cleaner Production Project Development and Implementation:

Government and Institutions - clean development mechanism, reuse, recovery, recycle, raw material substitution-Wealth from waste, case studies.

Overview of CP Assessment Steps and Skills, Process Flow Diagram, Material Balance, CP Option Generation – Technical and Environmental Feasibility analysis – Economic valuation of alternatives - Total Cost Analysis – CP Financing – Preparing a Program Plan – Measuring Progress- ISO 14000.

#### UNIT- III

Pollution Prevention and Cleaner Production Awareness Plan – Waste audit – Environmental Statement, carbon credit, carbon sequestration, carbon trading, Life Cycle Assessment - Elements of LCA – Life Cycle Costing – Eco Labelling.

#### UNIT -IV

Availability and need of conventional energy resources, major environmental problems related to the conventional energy resources, future possibilities of energy need and availability. Non-conventional energy sources: Solar Energy-solar energy conversion technologies and devices, their principles, working and application.



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

#### UNIT- V

Green Fuels – Definition-benefits and challenges – comparison of green fuels with conventional fossil fuels with reference to environmental, economical and social impacts- public policies and market-driven initiatives. Biomass energy: Concept of biomass energy utilization, types of biomass energy, conversion processes, Wind Energy, energy conversion technologies, their principles, equipment and suitability in Indian context; tidal and geothermal energy.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. 'Pollution Prevention: Fundamentals and Practice' by Paul L Bishop (2000), McGraw Hill International.
- 2. 'Cleaner Production Audit' by Prasad Modak, C.Visvanathan and Mandar Parasnis (1995), Environmental System Reviews, No.38, Asian Institute of Technology, Bangkok
- 3. 'Non-conventional Energy Sources' by Rai G.D.

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. 'Pollution Prevention and Abatement Handbook Towards Cleaner Production' by World Bank Group (1998), World Bank and UNEP, Washington D.C.
- 2. 'Handbook of Organic Waste Conversion' by Bewik M.W.M.
- 3. 'Energy, The Solar Hydrogen Alternative' by Bokris J.O.
- 4. 'Solar Energy' by Sukhatme S.P.
- 5. 'Waste Energy Utilization Technology' by Kiang Y. H.



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

		L	Т	Р	С	
		3	0	0	3	
e) SMART CITIES						

#### **Course Objectives:**

The course aims towards

- 1. developing a sensitization
- 2. skills to understand
- 3. applicability of Inclusive urban planning and
- 4. improving towards the sustainable development.

#### **Course Outcome:**

After learning the course

The students should be able to:

- a) Understand the importance
- b) practicing the concept of inclusive urban planning
- c) will have sensitization towards implementing contributions in sustainable development.

## SYLLABUS

#### Unit – I Understanding Inclusive Planning:

Definition and components; urban consultations; basic principles of urban consultation, process of urban consultations; urban strategic planning, good urban governance, subsidiarity, equity, efficiency, transparency and accountability, civic engagement and citizenship, security; valuing difference and working with diversity; liveable cities;

#### Unit – II Stakeholders profile and needs, access to shelter, services and livelihoods:

Urban Poor, Informal Sector, Gender, Children, Elderly, Disabled, Displaced people, etc.; Slums - dimensions, causative factors, determinants, location characteristics of settlements; Informal sector - growth, characteristics, functions, economic contributions, linkages with formal sector, impact on Urban Development

#### Unit - III Participatory Planning Process and Policies, Programmes and Legislation:

Methods, role of stakeholders (including civil society organizations), etc.; Related Acts, Five year plans, policies and programmes at various levels.

## Unit- IV Smart Cities:

Innovation economy (Innovation in industries, clusters, districts of a city; Knowledge workforce: Education and employment; Creation of knowledge-intensive companies); Urban Infrastructure (Transport, Energy/ Utilities, protection of the environment and safety); Governance (Administration services to citizens, participatory and direct democracy, services to the citizen, quality of life)



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

# Unit – V Planning interventions:

Inclusive zoning, development and building regulations, Slum Improvement; drafting strategic urban development plans – objectives and key actors; planning framework for actions, process of drafting the plan, key considerations; urban design and decision-making; city transport for all; water supply and sanitation, urban disaster management, management through decentralization,

Reference Books:

1. Jo Beall (1997); "A city for all: valuing differences and working with diversity"; Zed books limited, London

2. UN-Habitat; "Inclusive and sustainable urban planning: a guide for municipalities"; Volume 3: Urban Development Planning (2007); United Nations Human Settlements Programme

3. Arup Mitra; "Insights into inclusive growth, employment and wellbeing in India"; Springer (2013), New Delhi

4. William J. V. Neill (2004); "Urban Planning and cultural identity"; Routledge, London

5. John S. Pipkin, Mark E. La Gory, Judith R. Balu (Editors); "Remaking the city: Social science perspective on urban design"; State University of New York Press, Albany

6. Giffinger, Rudolf; Christian Fertner; Hans Kramar; Robert Kalasek; Nataša Pichler-Milanovic; Evert Meijers (2007). "Smart cities – Ranking of European medium-sized cities". Smart Cities. Vienna: Centre of Regional Science

7. "Draft Concept Note on Smart City Scheme". Government of India - Ministry of Urban Development

(http://indiansmartcities.in/downloads/CONCEPT\_NOTE\_3.12.2014\_REVISED\_AND\_LATES T\_.pdf)

List of Open Source Software/learning website:

- Google books and publications on inclusive urban planning (https://www.google.co.in/search?q=inclusive+urban+planning&btnG=Search+Books&tbm= bks&tbo=1&gws\_rd=ssl)
- MoUD, GOI Website (http://indiansmartcities.in/site/index.aspx)



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

		L	Т	Р	С
		3	0	0	3
f) PROJECT MANAGEMENT					

## **Course Learning Objectives:**

The objective of this course is:

- 1. To introduce to the student, the concept of project management including network drawing and monitoring
- 2. to introduce the various equipment related to construction like earth moving equipment, trucks and handling equipment, aggregate production and construction equipment and machinery
- 3. to introduce the importance of safety in construction projects

## **Course Outcomes:**

Upon the successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- a) appreciate the importance of construction planning
- b) understand the functioning of various earth moving equipment
- c) know the methods of production of aggregate products and concreting
- d) apply the gained knowledge to project management and construction techniques

## SYLLABUS:

## UNIT- I

Construction project management and its relevance – qualities of a project manager – project planning – coordination –scheduling - monitoring – bar charts – milestone charts – critical path method

## UNIT -II

Project evaluation and review technique – cost analysis - updating – crashing for optimum cost – crashing for optimum resources – allocation of resources introduction to softwares for construction management project management using PRIMAVERA (or) equivalent.

## UNIT- III

Construction equipment – economical considerations – earthwork equipment – Trucks and handling equipment – rear dump trucks – capacities of trucks and handling equipment – calculation of truck production – compaction equipment – types of compaction rollers

## UNIT -IV

Hoisting and earthwork equipment – hoists – cranes – tractors - bulldozers – graders – scrapers-draglines - clamshell buckets

Concreting equipment — concrete mixers – Batching plants, mobile using plants like "Ajax" etc. mixing and placing of concrete – consolidating and finishing



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

# UNIT -V

Construction methods – earthwork – piling – placing of concrete – form work – fabrication and erection – quality control and safety engineering

BIM for Civil Engineers (Building Information Modelling)

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. 'Construction Planning, Equipment and Methods' by Peurifoy and Schexnayder , Shapira, Tata Mcgrawhill
- 2. 'Construction Project Management Theory and Practice' by Kumar Neeraj Jha (2011), Pearson.
- 3. 'Construction Technology' by Subir K. Sarkar and Subhajit Saraswati, Oxford University press

# **REFERENCES:**

- 1. 'Construction Project Management An Integrated Approach' by Peter Fewings , Taylor and Francis
- 2. 'Construction Management Emerging Trends and Technologies' by Trefor Williams, Cengage learning



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

		L	Т	Р	C	
		3	0	0	3	
g) TRAFFIC SAFETY						

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1) This module on the fundamentals of traffic engg. & some of the statistical methods to analyse the traffic safety.
- 2) The accident interrogations and risk involved with measures to identify the causes are dealt.
- 3) The role of road safety in planning the urban infrastructures design is discussed.
- 4) Various mitigation measures to prevent the road accidents are dealt.

#### Course Outcomes: The student is able to

- a) To understand fundamentals of Traffic Engg.
- b) To investigate and determine the collective factors & remedies of accident involved.
- c) To design and plan various road geometrics.
- d) To manage the traffic system from road safety point of view.

## UNIT I

#### **Fundamentals of Traffic Engineering:**

Basic Characteristics of Motor-Vehicle Traffic, Highway Capacity, Applications of Traffic Control Devices, Traffic Design of Parking Facilities, Traffic Engineering Studies; Statistical Methods in Traffic Safety Analysis – Regression Methods, Poisson Distribution, Chi- Squared Distribution, Statistical Comparisons.

## UNIT II

#### Accident Investigations and Risk Management:

Collection and Analysis of Accident Data, Condition and Collision Diagram, Causes and Remedies, Traffic Management Measures and Their Influence on Accident Prevention, Assessment of Road Safety, Methods to Identify and Prioritize Hazardous Locations and Elements, Determine Possible Causes of Crashes, Crash Reduction Capabilities and Countermeasures, Effectiveness of Safety Design Features, Accident Reconstruction.



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

# UNIT III

# **Road Safety in Planning and Geometric Design:**

Vehicle And Human Characteristics, Road Design and Road Equipments, Redesigning Junctions, Cross Section Improvements, Reconstruction and Rehabilitation of Roads, Road Maintenance, Traffic Control, Vehicle Design and Protective Devices, Post Accident Care.

# UNIT IV

## Role of Urban infrastructure design in safety:

Geometric Design of Roads; Design of Horizontal and Vertical Elements, Junctions, At Grade and Grade Separated Intersections, Road Safety in Urban Transport, Sustainable Modes and their safety.

# UNIT V

## Mitigation Measures:

Accident prevention by better planning, Accident prevention by better design of roads, Crash Countermeasures, Highway operation and accident control measures, Highway Safety Measures during construction, Highway geometry and safety; Safety in urban areas; Public transport and safety; Road safety policy making, Stakeholders involvement; Road safety law, Road safety audit.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE), The Traffic Safety Toolbox: A Primer on Traffic Safety, ITE, 1999.
  - Towards Safe Roads in Developing country, TRL ODA, 2004.
- 2. Traffic Engineering and Transportation Planning L.R. Kadiyali, Khanna Publishers
- 3. Fundamentals of Traffic Engineering, Richardo G Sigua

## **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Athelstan Popkess, Traffic Control and Road Accident Prevention, Chapman and Hall, 1997 (Digitized 2008)
- 2. Handbook of Road Safety measures, second Edition, Rune Elvik, Alena Hoye, TrulsVaa, Michael Sorenson
- 3. Ezra Hauer, Observational Before-After Studies in Road Safety, Pergamon Press, 1997 (reprinted 2002).
- 4. Geetam Tiwari and Dinesh Mohan, Transport Planning and Traffic Safety: Making Cities, Roads, and Vehicles Safer, CRC Press, 2016
- 5. Fundamentals of Transportation Engineering C.S. Papacostas, Prentice Hall India.
- 6. Transportation Engineering An Introduction, C.Jotinkhisty, B. Kent Lall
- 7. Handbook of Road Safety measures, second Edition, Rune Elvik, Alena Hoye, Truls Vaa,



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

8. Road Safety by NCHRP.

		L	Т	Р	С
		3	0	0	3
h) GEO-SPATIAL TECHNOLOGIES					

## **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Understand the various spatial and non-spatial data types, and data base management a. techniques
- 2. Develop the concepts and professional skills in utility of geospatial techniques
- 3. Improve the working knowledge of geospatial techniques in field problems

# **Course Outcomes:**

#### At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- a) Understand the geospatial technology relating to the data acquiring and processing that is associated with geographic locations
- b) Apply Geospatial techniques in the decision support systems useful for decision makers and community services.
- c) Ability to solve the problems related to the natural resource management, environment, urban planning and Infrastructure development, etc.
- d) Able to generate the thematic maps using Geospatial techniques
- e) Apply the concept of Geospatial Techniques to the Civil Engineering problems

# SYLLABUS

## UNIT –I

*Introduction* – Basic concepts, socioeconomic challenges, fundamentals of geographical information systems (GIS), history of geographical information system, components of geographical information systems.

*Projections and Coordinate Systems* – Map definitions, representations of point, line, polygon, common coordinate system, geographic coordinate system, map projections, transformations, map analysis.

## UNIT –II

*Data Acquisition*:Data Types, Spatial, Non-Spatial (Attribute) Data, Data Format – Vector and Raster Data, Manual Digitizing, Scanner, Aerial Photographic Data, Remotely Sensed Data, Digital Data, Cartographic Database, Digital Elevation Data.

*Data Management:* Data Storage and Maintenance, Data Compression, Data Quality and Standards, Precision, Accuracy, Error – Geometric errors and corrections, Radiometric errors and corrections, types of Systematic and Non-systematic errors.



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

# UNIT –III

*Data Modeling:* Spatial Data Analysis, Data Retrieval Query, Simple Analysis, Recode Overlay, Vector Data Model, Raster Data Model, Digital Elevation Model, Cost and Path Analysis, Knowledge Based System.

**GIS** Analysis and Functions: Organizing data for analysis, analysis function, maintenance and analysis of spatial data, buffer analysis, overlay analysis, transformations, conflation, edge matching and editing, maintenance and analysis of spatial and non-spatial data.

# UNIT –IV

*Applications of GIS:* Environmental and Natural Resource Management, Soil and Water Resources, Agriculture, Land Use Planning, Geology and Municipal Applications, Urban Planning and Project Management, GIS for decision making under Uncertainty, standard GIS packages, Introduction to Global Positioning Systems (GPS) and its applications.

# UNIT – V

*Introduction to Remote Sensing:* General background of Remote Sensing Technology, Objectives and Limitations of Remote Sensing, Electro-Magnetic Radiation, Characteristics, Interaction with Atmosphere and Earth Surface, Remote Sensing Platforms and Sensors, Satellite Characteristics, Digital Image Processing, IRS Series and High Resolution Satellites, Remote Sensing Applications to Watershed Modeling, Environmental Modeling, Urban Planning and Management.

# Textbook:

- 1. Demers, M.N, (2013). 'Fundamentals of Geographic Information Systems' Wiley India Pvt. Ltd,.
- 2. Burrough, P. A., and McDonnell R. A. (1998). *Principles of Geographical Information Systems*. Oxford University Press, New York.
- 3. Kang-tsung Chang. (2006). *Introduction to Geographical Information Systems*. Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd., Third Edition, New Delhi.
- 4. George Joseph, (2013). 'Fundamentals of Remote Sensing' Universities Press.

# **References:**

- 1. Sabins F.F. Jr. (1978). *Remote Sensing Principles and Interpretations*. W.H. Freeman and Company, San Francisco.
- 2. Tor Bernhardsen. (2002). *Geographical Information System*. Wiley India (P) Ltd., Third Edition, New Delhi.
- 3. Hoffman-Wellenhof, B, et al. (1997). *GPS Theory and Practice*. Fourth Edition, Springer Wein, New York.
- 4. Lilysand T.M., and Kiefer R.W. (2002). *Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation*. John Wiley and Sons, Fourth Edition, New York.
- 5. Choudhury S., Chakrabarti, D., and Choudhury S. (2009). *An Introduction to Geographic Information Technology*. I.K. International Publishing House (P) Ltd, New Delhi.



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

	L	Т	Р	С
	3	0	0	3
i) WASTEWATER TREATMENT				

## **Course Learning Objectives:**

The course will address the following:

- 1. Enables the student to distinguish between the quality of domestic and industrial water requirements and wastewater quantity generation.
- 2. To impart knowledge on selection of treatment methods for industrial wastewater.
- 3. To know the common methods of treatment in different industries
- 4. To acquire knowledge on operational problems of effluent treatment plant.

## **Course Outcomes:**

Upon the successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- a) Know the quality and quantity of water for various industries and Advanced water treatment methods
- b) Learn the common methods of treatment of wastewaters and Biological treatment methods
- c) Study of methods to reduce impacts of disposal of wasters into environment and CETPs.
- d) Study of methods of treatment of wastewaters from specific industries like steel plants, refineries, and power plants, that imply biological treatment methods
- e) Study of methods of treatment of wastewaters from industries like Aqua, dairy, sugar plants, and distilleries that imply biological treatment methods

# SYLLABUS:

## UNIT – I

Industrial water Quantity and Quality requirements: Boiler, Cooling, Domestic/Canteen and Process waters for Textiles, Food processing, Dairy, Aqua industry, Sugar mills, Brewery and distillery Industries, Fertilizer industry, Power plants. Advanced water treatment - Adsorption, Reverse Osmosis, Ion Exchange, Ultra filtration, Freezing, elutriation, Removal of Iron and Manganese, Removal of Colour and Odour. Use of Municipal wastewater in Industries.

## UNIT – II

Basic theories of Industrial Wastewater Management: Industrial waste survey -Measurement of industrial wastewater Flow-generation rates – Industrial wastewater sampling and preservation of samples for analysis - Wastewater characterization- Toxicity of industrial effluents- Common methods of Treatment of wastewaters - Unit operations and processes- Volume and Strength reduction –Neutralization – Equalization and proportioning- recycling, reuse and resources recovery. Miscellaneous Treatment: Biological treatment of sewage- Primary, secondary and Tertiary treatment of sewage.



# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

# UNIT – III

Industrial wastewater disposal management: Discharges into Sewers, Streams- Oxygen sag curve, Lakes-eutrophication and oceans and associated problems, Land treatment – sewage sickness, Common Effluent Treatment Plants: advantages and suitability, Limitations and challenges- Recirculation of Industrial Wastewaters- Effluent Disposal Method.

# UNIT – IV

Process and Treatment of specific Industries-1: Manufacturing Process and origin, characteristics, effects and treatment methods of liquid waste from Steel plants, Fertilizers, Textiles, Paper and Pulp industries, Oil Refineries, Coal and Gas based Power Plants. Case studies.

## UNIT – V

Process and Treatment of specific Industries-2: Manufacturing Process and origin, characteristics, effects and treatment methods of liquid waste from Tanneries, Sugar Mills, Distillers, Dairy and Food Processing industries, Aqua industry, Pharmaceutical Plants. Case studies.

#### Text books

- 1. Industrial Wastewater Treatment by KVSG Murali Krishna, Paramount Publishers, Visakhapatnam, 2019
- 2. Wastewater Treatment by M.N. Rao and A.K. Dutta, Oxford & IBH, NewDelhi.
- 3. Industrial Wastewater treatment by A.D. Patwardhan, PHI Learning, Delhi
- 4. Wastewater Treatment for Pollution Control and Reuse, by Soli. J Arceivala, Shyam R Asolekar, Mc-Graw Hill, New Delhi; 3<sup>rd</sup>Edition

#### References

- 1. Industrial Water Pollution Control by W. Wesley Eckenfelder, Mc- GrawHill, Third Edition
- 2. Wastewater Engineering by Metcalf and EddyInc., Tata McGrawhillCo., New Delhi
- 3. Wastewater Treatment- Concepts and Design Approach by G.L. Karia & R.A. Christian, Prentice Hall of India.
- 4. Unit Operations and Processes in Environmental Engineering by Reynolds. Richard, Cengage Learning.

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JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY: KAKINADA KAKINADA – 533 003, Andhra Pradesh, India

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

# COURSE STRUCTURE AND SYLLABUS

For

# **B. Tech COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING**

(Applicable for batches admitted from 2019-2020)



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## JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY: KAKINADA KAKINADA – 533 003, Andhra Pradesh, India

## **DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING**

## **COURSE STRUCTURE - R19**

#### I Year – I SEMESTER

S. No	Course	Subjects	L	Т	Р	Credits
	Code					
1	HS1101	English	3	0	0	3
2	BS1101	Mathematics - I	3	0	0	3
3	BS1106	Applied Chemistry	3	0	0	3
4	ES1112	Fundamentals of Computer Science	3	0	0	3
5	ES1103	Engineering Drawing	1	0	3	2.5
6	HS1102	English Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	BS1107	Applied Chemistry Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	ES1105	IT Workshop	0	0	3	1.5
9	MC1101	Environmental Science	<mark>3</mark>	<mark>0</mark>	0	0
	Total Credits					19

#### I Year – II SEMESTER

S. No	Course	Subjects	L	Т	Р	Credits
	Code					
1	BS1202	Mathematics – II	3	0	0	3
2	BS1203	Mathematics – III	3	0	0	3
3	BS1204	Applied Physics	3	0	0	3
4	ES1201	Programming for Problem Solving using C	3	0	0	3
5	ES1213	Digital Logic Design	3	0	0	3
6	BS1205	Applied Physics Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	HS1203	Communication Skills Lab	0	1	2	2
8	ES1202	Programming for Problem Solving using C Lab	0	0	3	1.5
9	PR1201	Engineering Exploration Project	0	0	2	1
10	MC1204	Constitution of India	<mark>3</mark>	<mark>0</mark>	<mark>0</mark>	<mark>0</mark>
		Total Credits	18	1	10	21



## **DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING** II Year – I SEMESTER

S.No	Course	Courses	L	Т	Р	Credits	
	Code						
1	CS2101	Mathematical Foundations of Computer	3	1	0	4	
		Science					
2	CS2102	Software Engineering	3	0	0	3	
3	ES2101	Python Programming	3	0	0	3	
4	CS2103	Data Structures	3	0	0	3	
5	CS2104	Object Oriented Programming through C++	3	0	0	3	
6	CS2105	Computer Organization	3	0	0	3	
7	ES2102	Python Programming Lab	0	0	3	1.5	
8	CS2106	Data Structures through C++ Lab	0	0	3	1.5	
9	MC2101	Essence of Indian Traditional Knowledge	2	0	0	0	
10	MC2102	Employability Skills- I*	<mark>2</mark>	<mark>0</mark>	<mark>0</mark>	<mark>0</mark>	
		Total	23	1	6	22	
*Intern	*Internal Evaluation through Seminar / Test for 50 marks						

#### II Year – II SEMESTER

S.No	Course	Courses	L	Т	Р	Credits	
	Code						
1	BS2201	Probability and Statistics	3	0	0	3	
2	CS2201	Java Programming	2	1	0	3	
3	CS2202	Operating Systems	Operating Systems 3	3	0	0	3
4	CS2203	Database Management Systems	3	1	0	4	
5	CS2204	Formal Languages and Automata Theory	3	0	0	3	
6	CS2205	Java Programming Lab	0	0	3	1.5	
7	CS2206	UNIX Operating System Lab	0	0	2	1	
8	CS2207	Database Management Systems Lab	0	0	3	1.5	
9	MC2201	Professional Ethics & Human Values	3	0	0	0	
10	PR2201	Socially Relevant Project*	0	0	2	1	
		Total	17	2	10	21	
*Interr	*Internal Evaluation through Seminar for 50 marks						



# **DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING**

#### **III Year – I SEMESTER**

S.No	Course	Courses	L	Т	Р	Credits
	Code					
1	CS3101	Data Warehousing and Data Mining	3	0	0	3
2	CS3102	Computer Networks	3	0	0	3
3	CS3103	Compiler Design	3	0	0	3
4	CS3104	Artificial Intelligence	3	0	0	3
5	PE3101	Professional Elective- I	3	0	0	3
		1. Computer Graphics				
		2. Principles of Programming Languages				
		3. Advanced Data Structures				
		4. Software Testing Methodologies				
		5. Advanced Computer Architecture				
6	CS3105	Computer Networks Lab	0	0	2	1
7	CS3106	AI Tools & Techniques Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	CS3107	Data Mining Lab	0	0	3	1.5
9	MC3101	Employability Skills -II*	<mark>2</mark>	<mark>0</mark>	<mark>0</mark>	<mark>0</mark>
		Total	17	0	8	19
*Inter	*Internal Evaluation through Seminar / Test for 50 marks					

#### **III Year – II SEMESTER**

S.No	Course	Courses	L	Т	Р	Credits
	Code					
1	CS3201	Web Technologies	3	0	0	3
2	CS3202	Distributed Systems	3	0	0	3
3	CS3203	Design and Analysis of Algorithms	3	0	0	3
4	PE3201	Professional Elective -II	3	0	0	3
		(NPTEL/SWAYAM)				
		<b>Duration: 12 Weeks Minimum</b>				
		*Course/subject title can't be repeated				
5	OE3201	<b>Open Elective- I</b> (Inter Disciplinary)	3	0	0	3
6	HS3201	Managerial Economics and Financial	3	0	0	3
		Accountancy				
7	CS3204	Web Technologies Lab	0	0	4	2
9	PR3201	Industrial Training / Skill Development	0	0	0	1
		Programmes / Research Project in higher				
		learning institutes				
		Total	18	0	4	21



# **DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING** IV Year – I SEMESTER

S.No	Course	Courses	L	Т	Р	Credits
	Code					
1	CS4101	Cryptography and Network Security	3	0	0	3
2	CS4102	UML & Design Patterns	3	0	0	3
3	CS4103	Machine Learning	3	0	0	3
4	OE4101	<b>Open Elective -II</b> (Inter Disciplinary)	3	0	0	3
5	PE4101	Professional Elective- III	3	0	0	3
		1. Mobile Computing				
		2. Data Science				
		3. NoSQL Databases				
		4. Internet of Things				
		5. Software Project Management				
6	PE4102	Professional Elective- IV	3	0	0	3
		1. Web Services				
		2. Cloud Computing				
		3. Mean Stack Technologies				
		4. Ad-hoc and Sensor Networks				
		5. Cyber Security & Forensics				
7	CS4104	UML Lab #	0	0	2	1
8	PR4101	Project- I	0	0	0	2
9	MC4101	IPR & Patents	3	0	0	0
	1	Total	21	0	2	21
# Relev	# Relevant theory to be taught in the lab					

#### IV Year – II SEMESTER

S.No	Course	Courses	L	Т	Р	Credits
	Code					
1	HS4201	Management and Organizational Behavior	3	0	0	3
2	OE4201	Open Elective- III (Inter Disciplinary)		0	0	3
3	PE4201	<ul> <li>Professional Elective-V</li> <li>1. Deep Learning</li> <li>2. Quantum Computing</li> <li>3. DevOps</li> <li>4. Blockchain Technologies</li> <li>5. Big Data Analytics</li> </ul>	3	0	0	3
4	PR4201	Project- II	0	0	0	7
		Total	9	0	0	16



## **DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING**

#### **Open Electives to be offered by CSE for Other Branches:**

Open Elective I:	Open Elective II:
1. Data Structures	1. Problem Solving using Python
2. Java Programming	2. Web Technologies
3. Data Base Management Systems	3. Machine Learning
4. C++ Programming	4. Distributed Computing
5. Operating Systems	5. AI Tools & Techniques
6. Internet of Things	6. Data Science
Open Elective III:	
1. Big Data	
2. Image Processing	
3. Mobile Application Development	
4. Cyber Security	
5. Deep Learning	
6. Blockchain Technologies	

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## DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

I Year - I Semester		L	Т	Р	С
		3	0	0	0
	ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE (MC1101)				

#### **Course Objectives:**

The objectives of the course are to impart:

- Overall understanding of the natural resources.
- Basic understanding of the ecosystem and its diversity.
- Acquaintance on various environmental challenges induced due to unplanned anthropogenic activities.
- An understanding of the environmental impact of developmental activities.
- Awareness on the social issues, environmental legislation and global treaties.

#### UNIT I

Multidisciplinary nature of Environmental Studies: Definition, Scope and Importance – Sustainability: Stockholm and Rio Summit–Global Environmental Challenges: Global warming and climate change, acid rains, ozone layer depletion, population growth and explosion, effects. Role of information technology in environment and human health.

Ecosystems: Concept of an ecosystem. - Structure and function of an ecosystem; Producers, consumers and decomposers. - Energy flow in the ecosystem - Ecological succession. - Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids; Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of Forest ecosystem, Grassland ecosystem, Desert ecosystem, Aquatic ecosystems.

#### UNIT II

Natural Resources: Natural resources and associated problems.

Forest resources: Use and over – exploitation, deforestation – Timber extraction – Mining, dams and other effects on forest and tribal people.

Water resources: Use and over utilization of surface and ground water – Floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams – benefits and problems.

Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources.

Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by non-agriculture activities-effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity.

Energy resources: Growing energy needs, renewable and non-renewable energy sources use of alternate energy sources.

Land resources: Land as a resource, land degradation, Wasteland reclamation, man induced landslides, soil erosion and desertification; Role of an individual in conservation of natural resources; Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles.

#### UNIT III

Biodiversity and its conservation: Definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversityclassification - Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, productive use, social-Biodiversity at national and local levels. India as a mega-diversity nation - Hot-sports of biodiversity - Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, man-wildlife conflicts. - Endangered and endemic species of India – Conservation of biodiversity: conservation of biodiversity.

#### UNIT IV

Environmental Pollution: Definition, Cause, effects and control measures of Air pollution, Water pollution, Soil pollution, Noise pollution, Nuclear hazards. Role of an individual in prevention of



## **DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING**

pollution. - Pollution case studies, Sustainable Life Studies. Impact of Fire Crackers on Men and his well being.

Solid Waste Management: Sources, Classification, effects and control measures of urban and industrial solid wastes. Consumerism and waste products, Biomedical, Hazardous and e – waste management.

#### UNIT V

Social Issues and the Environment: Urban problems related to energy -Water conservation, rain water harvesting-Resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns. Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions. Environmental Protection Act -Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act. –Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act - Wildlife Protection Act -Forest Conservation Act-Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation. -Public awareness.

Environmental Management: Impact Assessment and its significance various stages of EIA, preparation of EMP and EIS, Environmental audit. Ecotourism, Green Campus – Green business and Green politics.

The student should Visit an Industry / Ecosystem and submit a report individually on any issues related to Environmental Studies course and make a power point presentation.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1) Environmental Studies, K. V. S. G. Murali Krishna, VGS Publishers, Vijayawada
- 2) Environmental Studies, R. Rajagopalan, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2011, Oxford University Press.
- 3) Environmental Studies, P. N. Palanisamy, P. Manikandan, A. Geetha, and K. Manjula Rani; Pearson Education, Chennai

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1) Text Book of Environmental Studies, Deeshita Dave & P. Udaya Bhaskar, Cengage Learning.
- 2) A Textbook of Environmental Studies, Shaashi Chawla, TMH, New Delhi
- 3) Environmental Studies, Benny Joseph, Tata McGraw Hill Co, New Delhi

Perspectives in Environment Studies, Anubha Kaushik, C P Kaushik, New Age International Publishers, 2014

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## **DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING**

I Year - II Semester		L	Т	Р	С
		3	0	0	0
	<b>CONSTITUTION OF INDIA (MC1204)</b>				

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To Enable the student to understand the importance of constitution
- To understand the structure of executive, legislature and judiciary
- To understand philosophy of fundamental rights and duties
- To understand the autonomous nature of constitutional bodies like Supreme Court and high court controller and auditor general of India and election commission of India.
- To understand the central and state relation financial and administrative

#### **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to have a clear knowledge on the following:

- Understand historical background of the constitution making and its importance for building a democratic India.
- Understand the functioning of three wings of the government ie., executive, legislative and judiciary.
- Understand the value of the fundamental rights and duties for becoming good citizen of India.
- Analyze the decentralization of power between central, state and local self-government.
- Apply the knowledge in strengthening of the constitutional institutions like CAG, Election Commission and UPSC for sustaining democracy.
  - 1. Know the sources, features and principles of Indian Constitution.
  - 2. Learn about Union Government, State government and its administration.
  - 3. Get acquainted with Local administration and Pachayati Raj.
  - 4. Be aware of basic concepts and developments of Human Rights.
  - 5. Gain knowledge on roles and functioning of Election Commission

#### UNIT I

Introduction to Indian Constitution: Constitution meaning of the term, Indian Constitution -Sources and constitutional history, Features - Citizenship, Preamble, Fundamental Rights and Duties, Directive Principles of State Policy.

Learning outcomes: After completion of this unit student will

- Understand the concept of Indian constitution
- Apply the knowledge on directive principle of state policy
- Analyze the History, features of Indian constitution
- Evaluate Preamble Fundamental Rights and Duties

#### UNIT II

Union Government and its Administration Structure of the Indian Union: Federalism, Centre-State relationship, President: Role, power and position, PM and Council of ministers, Cabinet and Central Secretariat, LokSabha, RajyaSabha, The Supreme Court and High Court: Powers and Functions;

Learning outcomes: After completion of this unit student will

- Understand the structure of Indian government
- Differentiate between the state and central government

## UNIT III

State Government and its Administration Governor - Role and Position - CM and Council of ministers, State Secretariat: Organisation, Structure and Functions Learning outcomes: After completion of this unit student will

- Understand the structure of state government
- Analyze the role Governor and Chief Minister
- Explain the role of state Secretariat
- Differentiate between structure and functions of state secretariat

#### UNIT IV

A.Local Administration - District's Administration Head - Role and Importance, Municipalities -Mayor and role of Elected Representative - CEO of Municipal Corporation PachayatiRaj: Functions PRI: ZilaPanchayat, Elected officials and their roles, CEO ZilaPanchayat: Block level Organizational Hierarchy - (Different departments), Village level - Role of Elected and Appointed officials - Importance of grass root democracy

Learning outcomes:-After completion of this unit student will

- Understand the local Administration
- Compare and contrast district administration role and importance
- Analyze the role of Myer and elected representatives of Municipalities
- Evaluate Zillapanchayat block level organisation

#### UNIT V

Election Commission: Election Commission- Role of Chief Election Commissioner and Election Commissionerate State Election Commission:, Functions of Commissions for the welfare of SC/ST/OBC and women

Learning outcomes: After completion of this unit student will

- Know the role of Election Commission apply knowledge
- Contrast and compare the role of Chief Election commissioner and Commissiononerate
- Analyze role of state election commission
- Evaluate various commissions of viz SC/ST/OBC and women

#### **References:**

- 1) Durga Das Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.
- 2) SubashKashyap, Indian Constitution, National Book Trust
- 3) J.A. Siwach, Dynamics of Indian Government & Politics
- 4) D.C. Gupta, Indian Government and Politics
- 5) H.M.Sreevai, Constitutional Law of India, 4th edition in 3 volumes (Universal Law Publication)
- 6) J.C. Johari, Indian Government and Politics Hans
- 7) J. Raj IndianGovernment and Politics
- 8) M.V. Pylee, Indian Constitution Durga Das Basu, Human Rights in Constitutional Law, Prentice – Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.. New Delhi
- 9) Noorani, A.G., (South Asia Human Rights Documentation Centre), Challenges to Civil Right), Challenges to Civil Rights Guarantees in India, Oxford University Press 2012

#### e-Resources:

- 1) nptel.ac.in/courses/109104074/8
- 2) nptel.ac.in/courses/109104045/
- 3) nptel.ac.in/courses/101104065/
- 4) www.hss.iitb.ac.in/en/lecture-details
- 5) www.iitb.ac.in/en/event/2nd-lecture-institute-lecture-series-indian-constitution

R-19 Syllabus for CSE. JNTUK w. e. f. 2019-20



JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY: KAKINADA KAKINADA – 533 003, Andhra Pradesh, India

## **DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING**

II Year – I Semester

L	Т	Р	С
2	0	0	0

EMPLOYABILITY SKILLS -I

#### **Course Objectives:**

The aim of this course is

- To explore and practice basic communication skills
- To learn skills for effective discussions & team work
- To assess and improve personal grooming

#### **Course Outcomes:**

By the end of this course, the student

- Establish effective communication with employers, supervisors, and co-workers
- Identify to explore their values and career choices through individual skill assessments
- Adapts positive attitude and appropriate body language
- Interpret the core competencies to succeed in professional and personal life

A list of vital employability skills from the standpoint of engineering students with discussion how to potentially develop such skills through campus life.

- 1) Soft Skills: An Introduction Definition and Significance of Soft Skills; Process, Importance and Measurement of Soft Skill Development.
- 2) Self-Discovery: Discovering the Self; Setting Goals; Beliefs, Values, Attitude, Virtue.
- 3) Positivity and Motivation: Developing Positive Thinking and Attitude; Driving out Negativity; Meaning and Theories of Motivation; Enhancing Motivation Levels.
- 4) Interpersonal Communication: Interpersonal relations; communication models, process and barriers; team communication; developing interpersonal relationships through effective communication; listening skills; essential formal writing skills; corporate communication styles – assertion, persuasion, negotiation.
- 5) Public Speaking: Skills, Methods, Strategies and Essential tips for effective public speaking.
- 6) Group Discussion: Importance, Planning, Elements, Skills assessed; Effectively disagreeing, Initiating, Summarizing and Attaining the Objective.
- 7) Non-Verbal Communication: Importance and Elements; Body Language.
- 8) Teamwork and Leadership Skills: Concept of Teams; Building effective teams; Concept of Leadership and honing Leadership skills.

#### **References Books:**

- 1) Barun K. Mitra, Personality Development and Soft Skills, Oxford University Press, 2011.
- 2) S.P. Dhanavel, English and Soft Skills, Orient Blackswan, 2010.
- 3) R.S.Aggarwal, A Modern Approach to Verbal & Non-Verbal Reasoning, S.Chand & Company Ltd., 2018.
- 4) Raman, Meenakshi & Sharma, Sangeeta, Technical Communication Principles and Practice, Oxford University Press, 2011.
- 5) R.S.Aggarwal, A Modern Approach to Verbal & Non-Verbal Reasoning, S.Chand & Company Ltd., 2018.
- 6) Raman, Meenakshi & Sharma, Sangeeta, Technical Communication Principles and Practice Oxford University Press 2011

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## JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY: KAKINADA KAKINADA – 533 003, Andhra Pradesh, India

### **DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING**

III Year – I Semester		L	Т	Р	С
III Year – I Semester		2	0	0	0
	EMPLOYABILITY SKILLS -II				

#### **Course Objectives:**

The main of this course is

- To learn how to make effective presentations and impressive interviews
- To learn skills for discussing and resolving problems on the work site
- To assess and improve personal grooming
- To promote safety awareness including rules and procedures on the work site
- To develop and practice self management skills for the work site

#### **Course Outcomes:**

By the end of this course, the student

- Recite the corporate etiquette.
- Make presentations effectively with appropriate body language
- Be composed with positive attitude
- Apply their core competencies to succeed in professional and personal life

A list of vital employability skills from the standpoint of engineering students with discussion how to potentially develop such skills through campus life.

- 1) Interview Skills: Interviewer and Interviewee in-depth perspectives. Before, During and After the Interview. Tips for Success.
- 2) Presentation Skills: Types, Content, Audience Analysis, Essential Tips Before, During and After, Overcoming Nervousness.
- 3) Etiquette and Manners Social and Business.
- 4) Time Management Concept, Essentials, Tips.
- 5) Personality Development Meaning, Nature, Features, Stages, Models; Learning Skills; Adaptability Skills.
- 6) Decision-Making and Problem-Solving Skills: Meaning, Types and Models, Group and Ethical Decision-Making, Problems and Dilemmas in application of these skills.
- 7) Conflict Management: Conflict Definition, Nature, Types and Causes; Methods of Conflict Resoultion.
- 8) Stress Management: Stress Definition, Nature, Types, Symptoms and Causes; Stress Analysis Models and Impact of Stress; Measurement and Managemet of Stress
- 9) Leadership and Assertiveness Skills: A Good Leader; Leaders and Managers; Leadership Theories; Types of Leaders; Leadership Behaviour; Assertivness Skills.
- 10) Emotional Intelligence: Meaning, History, Features, Components, Intrapersonal and Management Excellence; Strategies to enhance Emotional Intelligence.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1) Barun K. Mitra, Personality Development and Soft Skills, Oxford University Press, 2011.
- 2) S.P. Dhanavel, English and Soft Skills, Orient Blackswan, 2010.
- 3) R.S.Aggarwal, A Modern Approach to Verbal & Non-Verbal Reasoning, S.Chand & Company Ltd., 2018.
- 4) Raman, Meenakshi & Sharma, Sangeeta, Technical Communication Principles and Practice, Oxford University Press, 2011.



## **DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING**

- 5) Managing Soft Skills for Personality Development edited by B.N.Ghosh, McGraw Hill India, 2012.
- 6) English and Soft Skills S.P.Dhanavel, Orient Blackswan India, 2010.



**COURSE STRUCTURE-R19** 

# **COURSE STRUCTURE AND SYLLABUS**

For

# **B. TECH ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING**

(Applicable for batches admitted from 2019-2020)



# JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY: KAKINADA KAKINADA - 533 003, Andhra Pradesh, India

www.android.previousquestionpapers.com | www.previousquestionpapers.com | www.ios.previousquestionpapers.com



# **COURSE STRUCTURE-R19**

## I Year – I SEMESTER

Sl.	Course	Subjects	L	Т	Р	Credits
No	Code					
1	HS1101	English	3	0	0	3
2	BS1101	Mathematics - I	3	0	0	3
3	BS1106	Applied Chemistry	3	0	0	3
4	ES1101	Programming for Problem Solving Using C	3	0	0	3
5	ES1103	Engineering Drawing	1	0	3	2.5
6	HS1102	English Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	BS1107	Applied Chemistry Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	ES1102	Programming for Problem Solving Using C Lab	0	0	3	1.5
9	MC1101	Environmental Science	<mark>3</mark>	0	0	<mark>0</mark>
		Total Credits	16	0	12	19

## I Year – II SEMESTER

Sl.	Course	Subjects	L	Т	Р	Credits
No	Code					
1	BS1202	Mathematics – II	3	0	0	3
2	BS1203	Mathematics – III	3	0	0	3
3	BS1204	Applied Physics	3	0	0	3
4	ES1212	Fundamentals of Computers	3	0	0	3
5	ES1217	Electrical Circuit Analysis - I		0	0	3
6	ES1218	Electrical Engineering Workshop	0	0	3	1.5
7	BS1205	Applied Physics Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	HS1203	Communication Skills Lab		1	2	2
9	PR1201	Engineering Exploration Project	0	0	2	1
		Total Credits	15	1	10	21



# **COURSE STRUCTURE-R19**

## II Year – I SEMESTER

S.	Course	Subjects	Catagory	L	Т	Р	Credits	
No	Code		Category					
1		Electrical Circuit Analysis - II	EE	3			3	
2		Electrical Machines-I	EE	3			3	
3		Electronic Devices and Circuits	ES	3			3	
4		Electro Magnetic Fields	EE	3			3	
5		Thermal and Hydro Prime movers	ES	3			3	
6		Managerial Economics & Financial	BS	3			3	
		Analysis						
7		Thermal and Hydro Laboratory	ES			3	1.5	
8		Electrical Circuits Laboratory	EE			3	1.5	
9		Essence of Indian Traditional Knowledge	MC	<mark>3</mark>			<mark>0</mark>	
	Total Credits2406							

## II Year – II SEMESTER

<b>S.</b>	Course	Subjects	Catalan	L	Т	Р	Credits
No	Code		Category				
1		Electrical Measurements & Instrumentation	EE	3			3
2		Electrical Machines-II	EE	3			3
3		Digital Electronics	ES	3			3
4		Control Systems	EE	3			3
5		Power Systems-I	EE	3			3
6		Signals and Systems	EE	3			3
7		Electrical Machines -I Laboratory	EE			3	1.5
8		Electronic Devices & Circuits Laboratory	EE			3	1.5
9		Professional Ethics and Human Values	MC	<mark>3</mark>	<mark>0</mark>	<mark>0</mark>	<mark>0</mark>
		Total Credits		21	0	6	21



# **COURSE STRUCTURE-R19**

### III Year – I SEMESTER

S.	Course	Subjects	Category	L	Τ	Р	Credits
No	Code						
1		Power Systems-II	EE	3			3
2		Power Electronics	EE	3			3
3		Linear IC Applications	ES	3			3
4		Digital Signal Processing	EE	3			3
5		Microprocessors and Microcontrollers	EE	3			3
6		Electrical Machines-II Laboratory	EE			3	1.5
7		Control Systems Laboratory	EE			2	1
8		Electrical Measurements & Instrumentation	EE			3	1.5
		Laboratory					
9		Socially Relevant Projects	MC			1	1
		Total Credits		15	0	9	20

#### III Year – II SEMESTER

S.	Course	Subjects	Category	L	Т	Р	Credits
No	Code						
1		Electric Drives	EE	3			3
2		Power System Analysis	EE	3			3
3		Data Structures	ES	3			3
4		Digital Control Systems	EE	3			3
5		Elective - I	EL	3			3
6		Open Elective - I	OE	3			3
7		Power Electronics Laboratory	EE			3	1.5
8		Microprocessors & Microcontrollers	FF			3	1.5
		Laboratory					
9		Employability Skills	MC	<mark>3</mark>			0
		Total Credits		18		6	21



# **COURSE STRUCTURE-R19**

#### IV Year – I SEMESTER

S.	Course	Subjects	Category	L	Т	Р	Credits
No	Code						
1		Switchgear & Protection	EE	3			3
2		OOPs through JAVA	ES	3			3
3		Renewable Energy Systems	EE	3			3
4		Elective – II	EL	3			3
5		Elective - III	EL	3			3
6		Linear & Digital IC Applications Laboratory	ES			2	1
7		Power Systems & Simulation Laboratory	EE			2	1
		Industrial Training /Skill Development	Project			2	1
		Programmes / Research Project	Flojeci				
8		Project-I	Project			4	2
		Total Credits		15	0	10	20

#### IV Year – II SEMESTER

S.	Course	Subjects	Category	L	Т	Р	Credits
No	Code						
1		Power System Operation & Control	EE	3			3
2		Open Elective - II	OE	3			3
3		Elective - IV	EL	3			3
4		Project-II	Project			16	8
	Total Credits					16	17

- **BS Basic Sciences**
- **EE Electrical Engineering**
- HS Humanity Sciences ES – Engineering Sciences
- **OE Open Elective Proj- Project**
- EL Elective MC–Mandatory Course



# **COURSE STRUCTURE-R19**

#### <u>Elective – I:</u>

- 1. Digital IC Applications
- 2. Communication Systems
- 3. Computer Networks
- 4. Internet of Things applications to Electrical Engineering
- 5. VLSI Design
- 6. Cloud Computing

## Elective – II:

- 1. Utilization of Electrical Energy
- 2. Data Base Management System
- 3. Advanced Control Systems
- 4. Electrical Machine Design
- 5. Hybrid Electric Vehicles
- 6. Swayam Course

## Elective – III:

- 1. Operating Systems
- 2. Neural Networks & Fuzzy Logic
- 3. High Voltage Engineering
- 4. Energy Auditing and Demand Side Management
- 5. Data Analytics with Python
- 6. Swayam Course

## **Elective – IV:**

- 1. Electrical Distribution Systems
- 2. HVAC & DC Transmission
- 3. Flexible Alternating Current Transmission Systems
- 4. Power Quality
- 5. Smart Grid
- 6. Special Electrical Machines



# **COURSE STRUCTURE-R19**

## **Open Electives offered by EEE Department for Other Branches( Except for EEE Branch)**

## **Open Elective-I:**

- 1. Renewable Energy Sources
- 2. Essentials of Analog and Digital Electronics
- 3. Electrical Estimation and Costing
- 4. Power Electronic Devices & Circuits
- 5. Fundamentals of Electrical Machines

#### **Open Elective-II:**

- 1. Measurements & Instrumentation
- 2. Fundamentals of Utilization of Electrical Energy
- 3. Concepts of Power System Engineering
- 4. Basics of Control Systems
- 5. Energy Audit



# **COURSE STRUCTURE-R19**

I Year - I Semester		L	Т	Р	С
		3	0	0	0
	<b>ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE (MC1101)</b>				

#### Learning Objectives:

The objectives of the course are to impart:

- Overall understanding of the natural resources.
- Basic understanding of the ecosystem and its diversity.
- Acquaintance on various environmental challenges induced due to unplanned anthropogenic activities.
- An understanding of the environmental impact of developmental activities.
- Awareness on the social issues, environmental legislation and global treaties.

#### **UNIT-I:**

**Multidisciplinary nature of Environmental Studies:** Definition, Scope and Importance – Sustainability: Stockholm and Rio Summit–Global Environmental Challenges: Global warming and climate change, acid rains, ozone layer depletion, population growth and explosion, effects;. Role of information technology in environment and human health.

**Ecosystems:** Concept of an ecosystem. - Structure and function of an ecosystem; Producers, consumers and decomposers. - Energy flow in the ecosystem - Ecological succession. - Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids; Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of Forest ecosystem, Grassland ecosystem, Desert ecosystem, Aquatic ecosystems.

#### **UNIT-II:**

Natural Resources: Natural resources and associated problems.

Forest resources: Use and over – exploitation, deforestation – Timber extraction – Mining, dams and other effects on forest and tribal people.

Water resources: Use and over utilization of surface and ground water – Floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams – benefits and problems.

Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources.

Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by non-agriculture activities-effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity.

Energy resources: Growing energy needs, renewable and non-renewable energy sources use of alternate energy sources.

Land resources: Land as a resource, land degradation, Wasteland reclamation, man induced landslides, soil erosion and desertification; Role of an individual in conservation of natural resources; Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles.

## **COURSE STRUCTURE-R19**

#### **UNIT-III:**

**Biodiversity and its conservation:** Definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversityclassification - Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, productive use, social-Biodiversity at national and local levels. India as a mega-diversity nation - Hot-sports of biodiversity - Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, man-wildlife conflicts. - Endangered and endemic species of India – Conservation of biodiversity: conservation of biodiversity.

**UNIT – IV Environmental Pollution:** Definition, Cause, effects and control measures of Air pollution, Water pollution, Soil pollution, Noise pollution, Nuclear hazards. Role of an individual in prevention of pollution. - Pollution case studies, Sustainable Life Studies. Impact of Fire Crackers on Men and his well being.

**Solid Waste Management:** Sources, Classification, effects and control measures of urban and industrial solid wastes. Consumerism and waste products, Biomedical, Hazardous and e – waste management.

**UNIT** – **V** Social Issues and the Environment: Urban problems related to energy -Water conservation, rain water harvesting-Resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns. Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions. Environmental Protection Act - Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act. –Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act -Wildlife Protection Act -Forest Conservation Act-Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation. -Public awareness.

**Environmental Management**: Impact Assessment and its significance various stages of EIA, preparation of EMP and EIS, Environmental audit. Ecotourism, Green Campus – Green business and Green politics.

The student should Visit an Industry / Ecosystem and submit a report individually on any issues related to Environmental Studies course and make a power point presentation.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Environmental Studies, K. V. S. G. Murali Krishna, VGS Publishers, Vijayawada
- 2. Environmental Studies, R. Rajagopalan, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2011, Oxford University Press.
- 3. Environmental Studies, P. N. Palanisamy, P. Manikandan, A. Geetha, and K. Manjula Rani; Pearson Education, Chennai

#### **Reference:**

- 1. Text Book of Environmental Studies, Deeshita Dave & P. Udaya Bhaskar, Cengage Learning.
- 2. A Textbook of Environmental Studies, Shaashi Chawla, TMH, New Delhi
- 3. Environmental Studies, Benny Joseph, Tata McGraw Hill Co, New Delhi
- 4. Perspectives in Environment Studies, Anubha Kaushik, C P Kaushik, New Age International Publishers, 2014



## **COURSE STRUCTURE-R19**

П	Year –	I	SEMESTER
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## ESSENCE OF INDIAN TRADITIONAL KNOWLEDGE

## **Course Objectives**:

To facilitate the students with the concepts of Indian traditional knowledge and to make them understand the Importance of roots of knowledge system

- The course aim of the importing basic principle of third process reasoning and inference sustainability is at the course of Indian traditional knowledge system
- To understand the legal framework and traditional knowledge and biological diversity act 2002 and geographical indication act 2003
- The courses focus on traditional knowledge and intellectual property mechanism of traditional knowledge and protection
- To know the student traditional knowledge in different sector

## **Course Outcomes:**

After completion of the course, students will be able to:

- Understand the concept of Traditional knowledge and its importance
- Know the need and importance of protecting traditional knowledge
- Know the various enactments related to the protection of traditional knowledge
- Understand the concepts of Intellectual property to protect the traditional knowledge

## UNIT I

Introduction to traditional knowledge: Define traditional knowledge, nature and characteristics, scope and importance, kinds of traditional knowledge, the physical and social contexts in which traditional knowledge develop, the historical impact of social change on traditional knowledge systems. Indigenous Knowledge (IK), characteristics, traditional knowledge vis-à-vis indigenous knowledge, traditional knowledge Vs western knowledge traditional knowledge vis-à-vis formal knowledge

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student will able to:

- Understand the traditional knowledge.
- Contrast and compare characteristics importance kinds of traditional knowledge.
- Analyze physical and social contexts of traditional knowledge.
- Evaluate social change on traditional knowledge.

## UNIT II

Protection of traditional knowledge: the need for protecting traditional knowledge Significance of TK Protection, value of TK in global economy, Role of Government to harness TK.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student will able to:

- Know the need of protecting traditional knowledge.
- Apply significance of tk protection.

## **COURSE STRUCTURE-R19**

- Analyze the value of tk in global economy.
- Evaluate role of government

## UNIT III

Legal framework and TK: A: The Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006, Plant Varieties Protection and Farmers Rights Act, 2001 (PPVFR Act);B:The Biological Diversity Act 2002 and Rules 2004, the protection of traditional knowledge bill, 2016. Geographical indications act 2003.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit the student will able to:

- Understand legal framework of TK.
- Contrast and compare the ST and other traditional forest dwellers
- Analyze plant variant protections
- Evaluate farmers right act

## UNIT IV

Traditional knowledge and intellectual property: Systems of traditional knowledge protection, Legal concepts for the protection of traditional knowledge, Certain non IPR mechanisms of traditional knowledge protection, Patents and traditional knowledge, Strategies to increase protection of traditional knowledge, global legal FORA for increasing protection of Indian Traditional Knowledge.

#### Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student will able to:

- Understand TK and IPR
- Apply systems of TK protection.
- Analyze legal concepts for the protection of TK.
- Evaluate strategies to increase the protection of TK.

## UNIT V

Traditional knowledge in different sectors: Traditional knowledge and engineering, Traditional medicine system, TK and biotechnology, TK in agriculture, Traditional societies depend on it for their food and healthcare needs, Importance of conservation and sustainable development of environment, Management of biodiversity, Food security of the country and protection of TK. Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student will able to:

- Know TK in different sectors.
- Apply TK in engineering.
- Analyze TK in various sectors.
- Evaluate food security and protection of TK in the country.



## **COURSE STRUCTURE-R19**

#### **Reference Books**:

- 1) Traditional Knowledge System in India, by Amit Jha, 2009.
- 2) Traditional Knowledge System and Technology in India by Basanta Kumar Mohanta and Vipin Kumar Singh, PratibhaPrakashan 2012.
- 3) Traditional Knowledge System in India by Amit Jha Atlantic publishers, 2002
- 4) "Knowledge Traditions and Practices of India" Kapil Kapoor, Michel Danino

#### e-Resources:

- 1) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LZP1StpYEPM
- 2) http://nptel.ac.in/courses/121106003/



# **COURSE STRUCTURE-R19**

II Year – II SEMESTER

# L T P C 3 0 0 0

# PROFESSIONAL ETHICS AND HUMAN VALUES

## **Course Objectives:**

- To create an awareness on Engineering Ethics and Human Values.
- To instill Moral and Social Values and Loyalty
- To appreciate the rights of others
- To create awareness on assessment of safety and risk

## **Course outcomes:**

Students will be able to:

- Identify and analyze an ethical issue in the subject matter under investigation or in a relevant field
- Identify the multiple ethical interests at stake in a real-world situation or practice
- Articulate what makes a particular course of action ethically defensible
- Assess their own ethical values and the social context of problems
- Identify ethical concerns in research and intellectual contexts, including academic integrity, use and citation of sources, the objective presentation of data, and the treatment of human subjects
- Demonstrate knowledge of ethical values in non-classroom activities, such as service learning, internships, and field work
- Integrate, synthesize, and apply knowledge of ethical dilemmas and resolutions in academic settings, including focused and interdisciplinary research.

## UNIT I

Human Values: Morals, Values and Ethics-Integrity-Work Ethic-Service learning – Civic Virtue – Respect for others –Living Peacefully –Caring –Sharing –Honesty -Courage-Cooperation– Commitment – Empathy –Self Confidence Character –Spirituality.

Learning outcomes:

- 1. Learn about morals, values & work ethics.
- 2. Learn to respect others and develop civic virtue.
- 3. Develop commitment
- 4. Learn how to live peacefully

## UNIT II

Engineering Ethics: Senses of 'Engineering Ethics-Variety of moral issued –Types of inquiry – Moral dilemmas –Moral autonomy –Kohlberg's theory-Gilligan's theory-Consensus and controversy –Models of professional roles-Theories about right action-Self-interest -Customs and religion –Uses of Ethical theories –Valuing time –Cooperation –Commitment. Learning outcomes:

- 1. Learn about the ethical responsibilities of the engineers.
- 2. Create awareness about the customs and religions.

## **COURSE STRUCTURE-R19**

- 3. Learn time management
- 4. Learn about the different professional roles.

#### UNIT III

Engineering as Social Experimentation: Engineering As Social Experimentation –Framing the problem –Determining the facts –Codes of Ethics –Clarifying Concepts –Application issues – Common Ground -General Principles –Utilitarian thinking respect for persons.

Learning outcomes:

- 1. Demonstrate knowledge to become a social experimenter.
- 2. Provide depth knowledge on framing of the problem and determining the facts.
- 3. Provide depth knowledge on codes of ethics.
- 4. Develop utilitarian thinking

#### UNIT IV

Engineers Responsibility for Safety and Risk: Safety and risk –Assessment of safety and risk – Risk benefit analysis and reducing risk-Safety and the Engineer-Designing for the safety-Intellectual Property rights (IPR).

Learning outcomes:

- 1. Create awareness about safety, risk & risk benefit analysis.
- 2. Engineer's design practices for providing safety.
- 3. Provide knowledge on intellectual property rights.

#### UINIT V

Global Issues: Globalization –Cross-culture issues-Environmental Ethics –Computer Ethics – Computers as the instrument of Unethical behavior –Computers as the object of Unethical acts – Autonomous Computers-Computer codes of Ethics –Weapons Development -Ethics and Research –Analyzing Ethical Problems in research.

Learning outcomes:

- 1. Develop knowledge about global issues.
- 2. Create awareness on computer and environmental ethics
- 3. Analyze ethical problems in research.
- 4. Give a picture on weapons development.



## **COURSE STRUCTURE-R19**

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III Year –II SEMESTER		3	0	0	0		
EMPLOYABILITY SKILLS							

**Preamble:** This course is introduced to enhance the soft and hard skills of students based on industry needs and helping the student to get the employment in the competitive industrial environment.

**Course Objective:** In the this course the student should understand:

(i) Aptitude skill (ii) Soft skills (iii) Skills required for campus placement interview

#### Unit 1: Aptitude Skills

#### **Quantitative Aptitude:**

Numbers, HCF and LCM, Problems on ages, Averages, Ratio and Proportion, Percentages, Profit and Loss, Partnership, Interest calculations, Time and Work, Time and Distance, Pipes and Cisterns, Mensuration

#### **Reasoning**:

Number and Letter Analogy, Coding and decoding, Odd Man out, Symbols and Notations, Permutations and Combinations, Probability, Data Interpretation, Data Sufficiency, Clocks and Calendars, Deductions, Logical Connectives, Venn Diagrams, Cubes, Binary Logic, Ordering and Sequencing, Blood relations – Syllogisms - Seating arrangement, Analytical Reasoning

#### Unit 2: Skills - I

**Soft Skills**: An Introduction – Definition and Significance of Soft Skills; Process, Importance and Measurement of Soft Skill Development. **Self-Discovery:** Discovering the Self; Setting Goals; Beliefs, Values, Attitude, Virtue. Goal Setting-Vision Vs Mission Vs Goals, SMART Technique to Goal Setting, SWOT Analysis. **Self Esteem:** Types of Self Esteem, Causes of Low Self Esteem, Merits of Positive Self Esteem and Steps to build a positive Self Esteem; Art of Compromise, Learn to Say:'I Don't Know', Being organized, Showing Self-awareness, Self-Assessment for Attainable Career Objectives. **Attitude & Confidence:** Attitude Vs Skills Vs Knowledge, Attitude Vs Behaviour, Developing Positive Attitude and Confidence; Fear-Public Speaking, Steps to Overcome Fear, developing Positive Thinking and Attitude; Driving out Negativity; Meaning and Theories of Motivation; Enhancing Motivation Levels, Adjusting Your Attitude-Arrogance has no Place in the Workplace, Cultural Sensitivity in the Workplace, Corporate Culture: Learning How to Fit in. **Motivational Talk:** Team Work, Team Vs Group, Stages in Team Building, Mistakes to avoid and Lessons to Learn. www.android.universityupdates.in | www.universityupdates.in | www.ios.universityupdates.in

# JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY: KAKINADA KAKINADA – 533 003, Andhra Pradesh, India DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

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#### Unit 3: Skills – II:

**Interpersonal Communication:** Interpersonal relations; communication models, process and barriers; team communication; developing interpersonal relationships through effective communication; essential formal writing skills; corporate communication styles – assertion, persuasion, negotiation. **Listening:** Listening Vs Hearing, Possible reasons for why people do not Listen at times, Active Listening Vs Passive Listening, Listening effect on relationships. **Public Speaking:** Skills, Methods, Strategies and Essential tips for effective public speaking. **Group Discussion:** Importance, Planning, Elements, Skills assessed; Effectively disagreeing, Initiating, Summarizing and Attaining the Objective. **Non-Verbal Communication:** Importance and Elements; Body Language-Postures, gestures, eye contact. **Teamwork and Leadership Skills:** Concept of Teams; Building effective teams; Concept of Leadership and honing Leadership skills. **Presentation Skills:** Types, Content, Audience Analysis, Essential Tips – Before, During and After, Overcoming Nervousness. **Etiquette and Manners:** Social and Business. **Time Management** – Concept, Essentials, Tips.

**Unit 4: Personality Development**: Meaning, Nature, Features, Stages, Models; Learning Skills; Adaptability Skills. **Decision-Making and Problem-Solving Skills**: Meaning, Types and Models, Group and Ethical Decision-Making, Problems and Dilemmas in application of these skills. **Conflict Management:** Conflict - Definition, Nature, Types and Causes; Methods of Conflict Resolution. **Stress Management:** Stress - Definition, Nature, Types, Symptoms and Causes; Stress Analysis Models and Impact of Stress; Measurement and Management of Stress. **Leadership and Assertiveness Skills**: A Good Leader; Leaders and Managers; Leadership Theories; Types of Leaders; Leadership Behaviour; Assertiveness Skills. **Emotional Intelligence:** Meaning, History, Features, Components, Intrapersonal and Management Excellence; Strategies to enhance Emotional Intelligence.

Unit 5: Group Discussions (GD):

Stages of a GD, GD Vs Debate, Skills assessed in a GD, Blunders to be avoided, Dos & Don'ts, GD-Practice: Conducting practice sessions and Brain Storming Sessions, Evaluation, feedback on their performance

**Resume Preparation:** Resume Templates, Steps followed for resume preparation, Common mistakes in a resume; Covering letter

**Campus Placements Skills:** Stages of Campus Placement, Skills assessed in Campus Placements, Changing scenario and its Challenges & How to get ready, Motivational Talk on Positive Thinking: Beliefs, Thoughts, Actions, Habits & Results (Success);

**Interview Skills:** Types of Interview, Interviewer and Interviewee – in-depth perspectives; Before, During and After the Interview; Tips for Success, Dress code and Grooming, Dos & Don'ts, Skills assessed in an Interview, Mistakes to be avoided, How to equip oneself to excel;

## **COURSE STRUCTURE-R19**

How to handle the Typical Interview Questions; Mock Interviews: Unconventional HR questions, Practice sessions with Feedback, **Simulated Testing:** Previous model papers of companies,

**Business Terminology:** Financial Terms such as Debt, Equity, Share, Working Capital, Turnover, Net worth etc; Vision, Mission, Objectives, Goals, Targets

Course Outcomes: After studying this course the student should able to

(i) solve aptitude and reasoning problems (ii) apply the soft skills in dealing the issues related to employability (iii) successful in getting employment in campus placement interview

#### **References:**

- 1) B. K. Mitra, Personality Development and Soft Skills, Oxford University Press, 2011.
- 2) S.P. Dhanavel, English and Soft Skills, Orient Blackswan, 2010.
- 3) R.S.Aggarwal, A Modern Approach to Verbal & Non-Verbal Reasoning, S.Chand & Company Ltd., 2018.
- 4) Raman, Meenakshi & Sharma, Sangeeta, Technical Communication Principles and Practice, Oxford University Press, 2011.